Project #1\aver.m

25

```
% ID Number: 229,506
1
2
   % ECE 31033 - Project #1
3
   % aver.m
5
   % The fourth file (aver.m) contains a function you create to compute the average of
   % a waveform. Specifically, the function is of the form
6
7
            function av = aver(x,T,dt)
   % where x is the waveform to be averaged, T is its period, and dt is the period of time
8
9
   % between samples. This function must use the last period of the input waveform to
   % calculate the average.
10
11
   function av = aver(x, T, dt)
12
13
        location = length(x);
14
        av = 0;
        time = 0;
15
16
        while (time <= T)</pre>
17
18
            av = av + dt * (x(location));
19
            time = time + dt;
            location = location - 1;
20
21
        end
22
23
        av = av / T;
24
   end
```

Project #1\sw.m

```
1 % ID Number: 229,506
2
   % ECE 31033 - Project #1
3 % sw.m
4
5
   % The first file (sw.m) contains a function (sw) that accepts the duty cycle D, and a
   % single instant of time as an input, and outputs the state (on/off) of the transistor
6
7
   % at that time instant as an output. A Fourier series-based triangle wave that you
   % create within this function should be compared with the duty cycle D to
8
9
   % determine the state of the transistor. The output of the function is a 1 if the
   % transistor is to be turned on. It is a value of 0 if it is turned off.
10
11
12
   function state = sw(D, t)
13
       T_sw = 1 / 10000;
14
15
        W = 2 * pi / T sw;
16
17
        a k = 0;
        triangle_wave = 0.5;
18
19
        N = 200; % Number of Fourier terms.
20
21
22
        k = 1;
23
        while k <= N
            z = k * w * T sw; % Temporary variable; to simplify code for the coefficient.
24
25
            a k = (2 * (4 * cos(0.5 * z) - 2 * cos(z) - 2)) / (z^2);
26
27
            triangle_wave = triangle_wave + a_k * cos(k * w * t);
28
            k = k + 1;
29
        end
30
31
        if D >= triangle wave
32
            state = 1;
33
        else
34
            state = 0;
35
        end
36 end
```

Project #1\buck.m

```
% ID Number: 229,506
 1
   % ECE 31033 - Project #1
 2
 3 % buck.m
 4
 5 % The file (buck.m) contains the Forward Euler integration algorithm within a while
    % loop (FOR LOOPS ARE NOT ALLOWED). buck is not a function. The file buck.m only
 6
 7
    % contains a single while loop (i.e. while (t(k) < tend)) to solve for all circuit voltages
    % and currents of your buck converter. Within the while loop, you will call the
 8
 9
    % function sw at each time instant to determine the value of your transistor gate
    % (on or off). Voltages of currents and voltages of circuit components must be
10
11
    % determined within the while loop.
    while t vec(k) < tend</pre>
12
13
        if (ideal boolean) % If the circuit is ideal.
14
            switch_state(k) = sw(D, t_vec(k)); % calling sw.m
15
            % Inductor Current and Load Voltage Calculation
16
17
            i_L_{vec(k+1)} = i_L_{vec(k)} + dt * ((switch_state(k)) * V_in - V_load_{vec(k)}) / L;
    %i L
18
            V load vec(k+1) = V load vec(k) + dt * ((i L <math>vec(k) - (V load <math>vec(k) / R load)) / C);
    %V load
19
20
            % Switch 1 and 2: Voltage and Current Calculations
21
            if(switch_state(k))
22
                23
                 i_switch1(k+1) = i_L_vec(k+1) * switch_state(k);
24
25
                V switch2(k+1) = 0;
                 i_switch2(k+1) = 0;
26
27
28
                V_L_{vec}(k+1) = V_{in} - V_{load_avg};
29
            else
                 V switch1(k+1) = 0;
30
31
                 i_switch1(k+1) = 0;
32
33
                V \text{ switch2}(k+1) = -1 * V \text{ in};
34
                 i_switch2(k+1) = i_L_vec(k) * (1 - switch_state(k));
35
                 V_L_{vec(k+1)} = -1 * V_{load_avg};
36
37
            end
38
39
            % Capacitor: Voltage and Current Calculations
40
            i_C_{vec(k+1)} = i_L_{vec(k)} - (V_{load_{vec(k)}} / R_{load)};
            V \in V(k+1) = V \text{ load } V(k+1);
41
42
            % Load: Current Calculation
43
            i load vec(k+1) = V load <math>vec(k+1) / R load;
44
45
        else % If the circuit is non ideal.
46
            switch_state(k) = sw(D_non_ideal, t_vec(k)); % calling sw.m
47
48
49
            if(switch state(k))
                 i_L \cdot vec(k+1) = i_L \cdot vec(k) + dt * ((V_in - V_T_on - V_load_vec(k) - (R_T_on * V_t))
50
    i_L_{vec}(k))) \overline{/} \overline{L};
                           %i L
```

```
i L vec(k+1) = i L vec(k) + dt * ((V in - V T on - V load vec(k) - (R T on * V load vec(k) - (
51
                    i_L_{vec(k))} \overline{7} \overline{L});
                                                                                                                                %i L
52
                                                                              % Switch 1: Voltage and Current Calculations
53
54
                                                                              V_switch1(k+1) = 0;
                                                                               i_switch1(k+1) = i_L_vec(k+1);
55
                                                                               P_switch1(k+1) = (R_T_on * i_L_vec(k+1) + V_T_on) * i_L_vec(k+1);
56
57
                                                                              % Switch 2: Voltage and Current Calculations
58
59
                                                                              V_switch2(k+1) = V_D_on + (R_D_on * i_L_vec(k+1)) - V_in;
60
                                                                               i \text{ switch2}(k+1) = 0;
61
                                                           else
62
                                                                                i_L_{vec}(k+1) = i_L_{vec}(k) + dt * ((-1 * V_{load_{vec}}(k) - V_{load_{vec}}(k) - V_{load_{vec}}(k) + (k_1 + k_2 + k_3 + k_4 + k
                    i_L_vec(k)))) / L;
63
                                                                              % Switch 1: Voltage and Current Calculations
64
65
                                                                              V_switch1(k+1) = V_in + (R_D_on * i_L_vec(k+1)) + V_D_on;
                                                                              i switch1(k+1) = 0;
66
67
                                                                              % Switch 2: Voltage and Current Calculations
68
69
                                                                              V switch2(k+1) = 0;
70
                                                                               i_switch2(k+1) = i_L_vec(k+1);
                                                                               P_switch2(k+1) = (R_D_on * i_L_vec(k+1) + V_D_on) * i_L_vec(k+1);
71
72
                                                           end
73
74
                                                           V load vec(k+1) = V load vec(k) + dt * ((i L <math>vec(k) - (V load <math>vec(k) / R load)) / C);
                   %V_load
75
                                       end
76
77
                                       % Increment the time and index
                                       t \operatorname{vec}(k + 1) = t \operatorname{vec}(k) + dt;
78
79
                                       k = k + 1;
                  end
80
```

Project #1\buckproc.m

```
1 % ID Number: 229,506
   % ECE 31033 - Project #1
 2
   % buckproc.m
 3
 4
   % The file buckproc.m first contains the circuit parameter values (i.e. L, C, fsw, time
   % step, initial conditions etc.). Only the initial value of your circuit voltages and
 6
   % currents should be pre-established (i.e. Vload(1)=0). It then invokes buck. Finally,
 8
   % it performs your plotting and any post-processing calculations that are done
   % using the simulated data (such as computing average values, efficiency, etc.).
10 | %% Ideal - Given Values
11 V in = 800;
12 V load avg = 400;
13 V_load_ripple = 10;
14 P_load_light = 50000;
15 P load heavy = 250000;
16 frequency = 10000;
17
18 | ideal boolean = 1; % = 0 if non ideal, = 1 if ideal; here, it is ON.
19
20 | %% Ideal - Calculated Values
   T sw = 1 / frequency;
21
   D = V load avg / V in; % Duty Cycle
22
23
   R load light = (V load avg^2) / P load light;
24
25
    R_load_heavy = (V_load_avg^2) / P_load_heavy;
26
   L crit = (R load light * (1 - D)) / (2 * frequency);
27
28
   L = L_crit * 1.1;
29
30
   C = (V_load_avg / V_load_ripple) * (T_sw^2 * (1 - D)) / (8 * L);
31
32
   I load light = V load avg / R load light;
33
   I load heavy = V load avg / R load heavy;
34
   i L1 light = (V \text{ load avg } / \text{ R load light}) - (1 - D) * T sw * V load avg / (2 * L);
35
   i_L2_light = (V_load_avg / R_load_light) + (1 - D) * T_sw * V_load_avg / (2 * L);
36
37
38 i L1 heavy= (V load avg / R load heavy) - (1 - D) * T sw * V load avg / (2 * L);
39
    i_L2_{heavy} = (V_{load_avg} / R_{load_heavy}) + (1 - D) * T_sw * V_{load_avg} / (2 * L);
40
41 %% Buck Intialization - Heavy Load
42 % Initializing Values
43 k = 1;
44 t = 0;
45
   dt = 1e-7;
46
47
   tend = 100 * T_sw;
48
49 % Zero Vectors (used in buck)
50 t_vec = [0];
51 switch state = [0];
52
53 V_L_vec = [0];
```

```
54 | i L vec = [0];
55
 56 V C vec = [0];
57 | i C vec = [0];
58
59 V_load_vec = [0];
60 | i_load_vec = [0];
61
62 V switch1 = [0];
63 | i switch1 = [0];
64
65 V switch2 = [0];
66
    i \text{ switch2} = [0];
67
68
    %% Running Buck - Using R_load_heavy
69
     R load = R load heavy;
     disp('Running buck for heavy load.');
70
71
     buck
72
73
     %% Post-processing Calculations (computing avg values, efficiency, etc)
     disp("----")
74
75
     disp("Heavy Averages:")
76
77
     V_load_avg_func_H = aver(V_load_vec, T_sw, dt);
78
     disp(" V_load Average: " + V_load_avg_func_H);
79
80
     i_load_avg_func_H = aver(i_load_vec, T_sw, dt);
     disp(" i_load Average: " + i_load_avg_func_H);
81
82
    V_L_func_H = aver(V_L_vec, T_sw, dt);
83
    disp(" V_L Average: " + V_L_func_H);
84
85
     i_L_func_H = aver(i_L_vec, T_sw, dt);
86
     disp(" i_L Average: " + i_L_func_H);
87
88
    V_C_func_H = aver(V_C_vec, T_sw, dt);
89
90
     disp(" V_C Average: " + V_C_func_H);
91
     i_C_func_H = aver(i_C_vec, T_sw, dt);
92
93
     disp(" i C Average: " + i C func H);
94
95
     V_sw1_func_H = aver(V_switch1, T_sw, dt);
     disp(" V_sw1 Average: " + V_sw1_func_H);
96
97
98
     i_sw1_func_H = aver(i_switch1, T_sw, dt);
     disp(" i_sw1 Average: " + i_sw1_func_H);
99
100
     V_sw2_func_H = aver(V_switch2, T_sw, dt);
101
     disp(" V_sw2 Average: " + V_sw2_func_H);
102
103
104
     i_sw2_func_H = aver(i_switch2, T_sw, dt);
105
     disp(" i_sw2 Average: " + i_sw2_func_H);
106
107
     P out H = (V \text{ load avg func } H^2) / R \text{ load};
     P_in_H = V_in * i_sw1_func_H;
108
109 | eff_H = P_out_H / P_in_H;
```

```
110
    disp("Efficiency for Light Load: " + (eff_H * 100) + "%.");
111
    disp("----")
112
113
114 | %% Plotting - Heavy Load - Transient
115 % Plots for the transient to steady state
116 | figure;
117 sgtitle("Heavy Load: Voltage and Current Plots for All Components at Transient State");
118 % Plots for the Load
119 | subplot(5,2,1);
120 plot(t_vec, V_load_vec);
121 | title('Load Voltage vs Time');
122 | xlabel('Time (ms)');
123 | ylabel('Voltage (V)');
124
125 subplot(5,2,2);
126 plot(t_vec, i_load_vec);
127 | title('Load Current vs Time');
128 xlabel('Time (ms)');
129 ylabel('Current (A)');
130
131 % Plots for the Inductor
132 subplot(5,2,3);
133 plot(t_vec, V_L_vec);
134 | title('Inductor Voltage vs Time');
135 | xlabel('Time (ms)');
136 | ylabel('Voltage (V)');
137
138 | subplot(5,2,4);
139 | plot(t_vec, i_L_vec);
140 | title('Inductor Current vs Time');
141 xlabel('Time (ms)');
142 | ylabel('Current (A)');
143
144 % Plots for the Capacitor
145 subplot(5,2,5);
146 plot(t_vec, V_C_vec);
147 | title('Capacitor Voltage vs Time');
148 | xlabel('Time (ms)');
149 | ylabel('Voltage (V)');
150
151 subplot(5,2,6);
152 plot(t_vec, i_C_vec);
153 title('Capacitor Current vs Time');
154 xlabel('Time (ms)');
155 ylabel('Current (A)');
156
157 % Plots for Switch 1
158 | subplot(5,2,7);
159
    plot(t_vec, V_switch1);
160 | title('Transistor Switching Voltage vs Time');
161 xlabel('Time (ms)');
162 | ylabel('Voltage (V)');
163
164 | subplot(5,2,8);
165 plot(t vec, i switch1);
```

```
166 | title('Transistor Switching Current vs Time');
    xlabel('Time (ms)');
167
168 | ylabel('Current (A)');
169
170 % Plots for Switch 2
171 subplot(5,2,9);
172 | plot(t_vec, V_switch2);
173 | title('Diode Switching Voltage vs Time');
174 xlabel('Time (ms)');
175 | ylabel('Voltage (V)');
176
177 subplot(5,2,10);
178
    plot(t_vec, i_switch2);
179 | title('Diode Switching Current vs Time');
180 | xlabel('Time (ms)');
181 | ylabel('Current (A)');
182
183 | %% Plotting - Heavy Load - Steady State
184
    periods_to_plot = 2;
185
186 | points_per_period = round(T_sw / dt); % Points per period
187
    total_periods = floor(tend / T_sw); % Total number of periods in the simulation
188
189
     start_index = max(1, (total_periods - periods_to_plot) * points_per_period + 1);
190
     end_index = min(length(t_vec), total_periods * points_per_period);
191
192
    range to plot = start index:end index;
193
194 | %% Plot
195 | figure;
196 sgtitle("Heavy Load: Voltage and Current Plots for All Components at Steady State");
197 % Plots for the Load
198 subplot(5,2,1);
199 plot(t vec(range to plot), V load vec(range to plot));
200 | title('Load Voltage vs Time');
201 xlabel('Time (ms)');
202 | ylabel('Voltage (V)');
203
204 | subplot(5,2,2);
205 | plot(t_vec(range_to_plot), i_load_vec(range_to_plot));
206 | title('Load Current vs Time');
207 xlabel('Time (ms)');
208 ylabel('Current (A)');
209
210 % Plots for the Inductor
211 subplot(5,2,3);
212 | plot(t_vec(range_to_plot), V_L_vec(range_to_plot));
213 | title('Inductor Voltage vs Time');
214 xlabel('Time (ms)');
215
    ylabel('Voltage (V)');
216
217 | subplot(5,2,4);
218 | plot(t_vec(range_to_plot), i_L_vec(range_to_plot));
219 | title('Inductor Current vs Time');
220 xlabel('Time (ms)');
221 ylabel('Current (A)');
```

```
222
223 | % Plots for the Capacitor
224 subplot(5,2,5);
225 plot(t vec(range to plot), V C vec(range to plot));
226 title('Capacitor Voltage vs Time');
227 xlabel('Time (ms)');
228 ylabel('Voltage (V)');
229
230 subplot(5,2,6);
231 plot(t_vec(range_to_plot), i_C_vec(range_to_plot));
232 title('Capacitor Current vs Time');
233 xlabel('Time (ms)');
234 | ylabel('Current (A)');
235
236 % Plots for Switch 1
237 subplot(5,2,7);
238 plot(t_vec(range_to_plot), V_switch1(range_to_plot));
239 | title('Transistor Switching Voltage vs Time');
240 xlabel('Time (ms)');
241 ylabel('Voltage (V)');
242
243 subplot(5,2,8);
244 | plot(t_vec(range_to_plot), i_switch1(range_to_plot));
245 | title('Transistor Switching Current vs Time');
246 xlabel('Time (ms)');
    ylabel('Current (A)');
247
248
249 % Plots for Switch 2
250 subplot(5,2,9);
251 plot(t_vec(range_to_plot), V_switch2(range_to_plot));
252 | title('Diode Switching Voltage vs Time');
253 xlabel('Time (ms)');
254 ylabel('Voltage (V)');
255
256 | subplot(5,2,10);
257 | plot(t_vec(range_to_plot), i_switch2(range_to_plot));
258 title('Diode Switching Current vs Time');
259 xlabel('Time (ms)');
260 ylabel('Current (A)');
261
262
    263 | %% Buck Intialization - Light Load
264 % Initializing Values
265 k = 1;
266 t = 0;
267 \mid dt = 1e-7;
268
269 \mid \text{tend} = 250 * T_sw;
270
271 % Zero Vectors (used in buck)
272 t vec = [0];
273 | switch state = [0];
274
275 | V L vec = [0];
276 | i L vec = [0];
277
```

```
278 | V C vec = [0];
279
    i C vec = [0];
280
281 V load vec = [0];
282
    i_load_vec = [0];
283
284 \mid V \text{ switch1} = [0];
285
    i_switch1 = [0];
286
287
    V switch2 = [0];
288
    i_switch2 = [0];
289
290
    %% Running Buck - Using R_load_light
291
    R_load = R_load_light;
292
    disp('Running buck for light load.');
293
    buck
294
295
    %% Post-processing Calculations (computing avg values, efficiency, etc)
    disp("-----
296
297
    disp("Light Averages:")
298
299
    V_load_avg_func_L = aver(V_load_vec, T_sw, dt);
    disp(" V load Average: " + V load avg func L);
300
301
    i_load_avg_func_L = aver(i_load_vec, T_sw, dt);
302
303
    disp(" i_load Average: " + i_load_avg_func_L);
304
305
    V_L_func_L = aver(V_L_vec, T_sw, dt);
306
    disp(" V L Average: " + V L func L);
307
308
    i_L_func_L = aver(i_L_vec, T_sw, dt);
    disp(" i L Average: " + i L func L);
309
310
    V C func L = aver(V C vec, T sw, dt);
311
312
    disp(" V_C Average: " + V_C_func_L);
313
314
    i_C_func_L = aver(i_C_vec, T_sw, dt);
315
    disp(" i C Average: " + i C func L);
316
317
    V sw1 func L = aver(V switch1, T sw, dt);
    disp(" V_sw1 Average: " + V_sw1_func_L);
318
319
320
    i sw1 func L = aver(i switch1, T sw, dt);
321
    disp(" i_sw1 Average: " + i_sw1_func_L);
322
323
    V_sw2_func_L = aver(V_switch2, T_sw, dt);
324
    disp(" V_sw2 Average: " + V_sw2_func_L);
325
326
    i_sw2_func_L = aver(i_switch2, T_sw, dt);
327
    disp(" i_sw2 Average: " + i_sw2_func_L);
328
329
    P_out_L = (V_load_avg_func_L^2) / R_load;
330 \mid P in L = V in * i sw1 func L;
    eff_L = P_out_L / P_in_L;
331
332
333 disp("Efficiency for Light Load: " + (eff L * 100) + "%.");
```

```
334 | disp("----")
335 | %% Plotting - Light Load - Transient
336 % Plots for the transient to steady state
337 | figure;
338 sgtitle("Light Load: Voltage and Current Plots for All Components at Transient State");
339 % Plots for the Load
340 subplot(5,2,1);
341 plot(t_vec, V_load_vec);
342 | title('Load Voltage vs Time');
343 | xlabel('Time (ms)');
344 ylabel('Voltage (V)');
345
346 subplot(5,2,2);
347 plot(t_vec, i_load_vec);
348 | title('Load Current vs Time');
349 | xlabel('Time (ms)');
350 ylabel('Current (A)');
351
352 % Plots for the Inductor
353 subplot(5,2,3);
354 plot(t_vec, V_L_vec);
355 title('Inductor Voltage vs Time');
356 xlabel('Time (ms)');
357
   ylabel('Voltage (V)');
358
359 subplot(5,2,4);
360 | plot(t_vec, i_L_vec);
   title('Inductor Current vs Time');
361
362 | xlabel('Time (ms)');
363 ylabel('Current (A)');
364
365 % Plots for the Capacitor
366 subplot(5,2,5);
367 | plot(t_vec, V_C_vec);
368 | title('Capacitor Voltage vs Time');
369 xlabel('Time (ms)');
370 ylabel('Voltage (V)');
371
372 | subplot(5,2,6);
373 | plot(t_vec, i_C_vec);
374 | title('Capacitor Current vs Time');
375 xlabel('Time (ms)');
376 | ylabel('Current (A)');
377
378 % Plots for Switch 1
379 subplot(5,2,7);
380 plot(t_vec, V_switch1);
381 | title('Transistor Switching Voltage vs Time');
382 xlabel('Time (ms)');
383
   ylabel('Voltage (V)');
384
385 | subplot(5,2,8);
386 plot(t_vec, i_switch1);
387 | title('Transistor Switching Current vs Time');
388 xlabel('Time (ms)');
389 ylabel('Current (A)');
```

```
390
391 % Plots for Switch 2
392 | subplot(5,2,9);
393 plot(t vec, V switch2);
394 | title('Diode Switching Voltage vs Time');
395 xlabel('Time (ms)');
396 | ylabel('Voltage (V)');
397
398 | subplot(5,2,10);
399 plot(t_vec, i_switch2);
    title('Diode Switching Current vs Time');
400
401 xlabel('Time (ms)');
402
    ylabel('Current (A)');
403
404
    %% Plotting - Light Load - Steady State
405
    periods to plot = 2;
406
407
    points per period = round(T sw / dt); % Points per period
    total periods = floor(tend / T sw); % Total number of periods in the simulation
408
409
    start index = \max(1, (total periods - periods to plot) * points per period + 1);
410
411
    end_index = min(length(t_vec), total_periods * points_per_period);
412
413
    range to plot = start index:end index;
414
    %% Plot
415
416 | figure;
    sgtitle("Light Load: Voltage and Current Plots for All Components at Steady State");
417
418 % Plots for the Load
419 subplot(5,2,1);
420 plot(t vec(range to plot), V load vec(range to plot));
421 | title('Load Voltage vs Time');
422 xlabel('Time (ms)');
423 ylabel('Voltage (V)');
424
425 subplot(5,2,2);
426
    plot(t_vec(range_to_plot), i_load_vec(range_to_plot));
427 | title('Load Current vs Time');
428 xlabel('Time (ms)');
429 vlabel('Current (A)');
430
431 % Plots for the Inductor
432 subplot(5,2,3);
433 plot(t_vec(range_to_plot), V_L_vec(range_to_plot));
434 | title('Inductor Voltage vs Time');
    xlabel('Time (ms)');
435
436 ylabel('Voltage (V)');
437
438 | subplot(5,2,4);
439
    plot(t_vec(range_to_plot), i_L_vec(range_to_plot));
440 | title('Inductor Current vs Time');
441
    xlabel('Time (ms)');
442 | ylabel('Current (A)');
443
444 % Plots for the Capacitor
445 | subplot(5,2,5);
```

```
446 | plot(t vec(range to plot), V C vec(range to plot));
447
    title('Capacitor Voltage vs Time');
448 xlabel('Time (ms)');
    ylabel('Voltage (V)');
449
450
451
    subplot(5,2,6);
452
    plot(t_vec(range_to_plot), i_C_vec(range_to_plot));
453 | title('Capacitor Current vs Time');
454
   xlabel('Time (ms)');
   ylabel('Current (A)');
455
456
457 % Plots for Switch 1
458
    subplot(5,2,7);
459
    plot(t_vec(range_to_plot), V_switch1(range_to_plot));
460
    title('Transistor Switching Voltage vs Time');
461
    xlabel('Time (ms)');
    ylabel('Voltage (V)');
462
463
464
    subplot(5,2,8);
465
    plot(t_vec(range_to_plot), i_switch1(range_to_plot));
466 | title('Transistor Switching Current vs Time');
467
    xlabel('Time (ms)');
   ylabel('Current (A)');
468
469
470 % Plots for Switch 2
471
    subplot(5,2,9);
472
   plot(t_vec(range_to_plot), V_switch2(range_to_plot));
473
    title('Diode Switching Voltage vs Time');
474
   xlabel('Time (ms)');
    ylabel('Voltage (V)');
475
476
477
    subplot(5,2,10);
478
    plot(t_vec(range_to_plot), i_switch2(range_to_plot));
479 | title('Diode Switching Current vs Time');
480
    xlabel('Time (ms)');
    ylabel('Current (A)');
481
482
483
   %% Non Ideal - Given Values
484
485
   V T on = 1;
486
   V D on = 1;
487
    R_T_on = 0.01;
488
   R D on = 0.01;
489
490
    ideal_boolean = 0; % = 0 if non ideal, = 1 if ideal; here, it is OFF.
491
492 | %% Non Ideal - Calculated Values
493
    R load = R load heavy;
494
    D_non_ideal = (V_D_on + V_load_avg + (R_D_on * V_load_avg / R_load));
495
    D_non_ideal = D_non_ideal / (V_in - V_T_on + V_D_on + (R_D_on * V_load_avg / R_load) -
    (R_T_on * V_load_avg / R_load));
496
    i_L1_NI = (V_load_avg / R_load) - (((1 - D_non_ideal) * T_sw * V_load_avg) / (2 * L));
497
498
    i_L2_NI = (V_load_avg / R_load) + (((1 - D_non_ideal) * T_sw * V_load_avg) / (2 * L));
499
500 \ %% Buck Intialization - Heavy Load
```

```
501 % Initializing Values
502 \mid k = 1;
503 t = 0;
504 \mid dt = 1e-7;
505
    tend = 100 * T_sw;
506
507
508 % Zero Vectors (used in buck)
509 t vec = [0];
510 | switch_state = [0];
511
512 V L vec = [0];
513 | i_L_{vec} = [0];
514
515 | V C vec = [0];
516 \mid i_C_{vec} = [0];
517
518 \mid V load vec = \lceil 0 \rceil;
519 | i_load_vec = [0];
520
521 V switch1 = [0];
522 \mid i_switch1 = [0];
523
524 V_switch2 = [0];
525 \mid i_switch2 = [0];
526
527 P switch1 = [0]; % Power loss across the transistor; new for non-ideal calculations.
     P switch2 = [0]; % Power loss across the diode; new for non-ideal calculations.
528
529
530 %% Running Buck - Using R load heavy
    R_load = R_load_heavy;
531
     disp('Running buck for heavy load and non ideal conditions.');
532
533
    buck
534
535
    %% Post-processing Calculations (computing avg values, efficiency, etc)
536
     disp("----")
     disp("Non Ideal Averages:")
537
538
    V_load_avg_func_NI = aver(V_load_vec, T_sw, dt);
539
    disp(" V load Average: " + V load avg func NI);
540
541
     i_L_func_NI = aver(i_L_vec, T_sw, dt);
542
     disp(" i_L Average: " + i_L_func_NI);
543
544
545
    V_sw1_func_NI = aver(V_switch1, T_sw, dt);
     disp(" V_sw1 Average: " + V_sw1_func_NI);
546
547
    i_sw1_func_NI = aver(i_switch1, T_sw, dt);
548
    disp(" i_sw1 Average: " + i_sw1_func_NI);
549
550
551
    V sw2 func NI = aver(V switch2, T sw, dt);
552
    disp(" V_sw2 Average: " + V_sw2_func_NI);
553
554 i sw2 func NI = aver(i switch2, T sw, dt);
555
    disp(" i_sw2 Average: " + i_sw2_func_NI);
556
```

```
557 P sw1 func NI = aver(P switch1, T sw, dt);
558 disp(" P sw1 Average: " + V sw2 func NI);
559
560 P sw2 func NI = aver(P switch2, T sw, dt);
561 | disp(" P_sw2 Average: " + i_sw2_func_NI);
562
563 P out NI = (V load avg func NI^2) / R load;
564 | P_in_NI = V_in * i_sw1_func_NI;
565 | eff NI = P out NI / P in NI;
566
567
    disp("Efficiency for Non-Ideal: " + (eff_NI * 100) + "%.");
568 disp("Transistor Power Loss: " + P sw1 func NI);
569 disp("Diode Power Loss: " + P_sw2_func_NI);
570 | disp("----")
    %% Plotting - Non Ideal Heavy Load - Transient
571
572 | % Plots for the transient to steady state
573 | figure;
574 sgtitle("Non Ideal Heavy Load: Voltage and Current Plots for All Components at Transient
    State");
575 % Plots for the Load
576 subplot(3,2,1);
577 plot(t_vec, V_load_vec);
578 | title('Load Voltage vs Time');
579 xlabel('Time (ms)');
580 | ylabel('Voltage (V)');
581
582 | subplot(3,2,2);
583 | plot(t_vec, i_L_vec);
584 | title('Inductor Current vs Time');
585 xlabel('Time (ms)');
586 ylabel('Current (A)');
587
588 % Plots for Switch 1
589 | subplot(3,2,3);
590 plot(t_vec, V_switch1);
591 | title('Transistor Switching Voltage vs Time');
592 | xlabel('Time (ms)');
593 ylabel('Voltage (V)');
594
595 | subplot(3,2,4);
596 plot(t vec, i switch1);
597 | title('Transistor Switching Current vs Time');
598 xlabel('Time (ms)');
599
    ylabel('Current (A)');
600
601 % Plots for Switch 2
602 | subplot(3,2,5);
603 plot(t_vec, V_switch2);
604 | title('Diode Switching Voltage vs Time');
605
    xlabel('Time (ms)');
606
    ylabel('Voltage (V)');
607
608 | subplot(3,2,6);
609 plot(t_vec, i_switch2);
610 title('Diode Switching Current vs Time');
611 | xlabel('Time (ms)');
```

```
612 | ylabel('Current (A)');
613
614 | %% Plotting - Heavy Load - Steady State
615
    periods to plot = 2;
616
    points_per_period = round(T_sw / dt); % Points per period
617
618
    total periods = floor(tend / T sw); % Total number of periods in the simulation
619
620
    start index = \max(1, (total periods - periods to plot) * points per period + 1);
    end index = min(length(t vec), total periods * points per period);
621
622
    range to plot = start index:end index;
623
624
625
   %% Plot
626
    figure;
627
    sgtitle("Non Ideal Heavy Load: Voltage and Current Plots for All Components at Steady State")
628 % Plots for the Load
629 subplot(3,2,1);
630 plot(t_vec(range_to_plot), V_load_vec(range_to_plot));
631 | title('Load Voltage vs Time');
632 xlabel('Time (ms)');
633 | ylabel('Voltage (V)');
634
635 | subplot(3,2,2);
636 plot(t_vec(range_to_plot), i_L_vec(range_to_plot));
   title('Inductor Current vs Time');
637
638 xlabel('Time (ms)');
   ylabel('Current (A)');
639
640
641 % Plots for Switch 1
642 subplot(3,2,3);
643 plot(t_vec(range_to_plot), V_switch1(range_to_plot));
644 | title('Transistor Switching Voltage vs Time');
645 xlabel('Time (ms)');
   ylabel('Voltage (V)');
646
647
648
    subplot(3,2,4);
649 plot(t vec(range to plot), i switch1(range to plot));
650 title('Transistor Switching Current vs Time');
651 xlabel('Time (ms)');
   ylabel('Current (A)');
652
653
654 % Plots for Switch 2
655 | subplot(3,2,5);
   plot(t_vec(range_to_plot), V_switch2(range_to_plot));
656
    title('Diode Switching Voltage vs Time');
657
658 xlabel('Time (ms)');
659
    ylabel('Voltage (V)');
660
661
    subplot(3,2,6);
662 plot(t vec(range to plot), i switch2(range to plot));
663 | title('Diode Switching Current vs Time');
664 xlabel('Time (ms)');
665 ylabel('Current (A)');
```