



**ECE320H1F: Fields and Waves**  
**Laboratory 1: Waves On Transmission Lines**

---

## Marking Scheme

Show your calculations for *all* work, including theoretical diagrams and plots. **Measurement** graphs refer to instrumentation screen captures obtained in the laboratory. **Include the full name, student number and PRA session for all group members on the laboratory report.**

- 3.2 [3] Sketch of the waveform at point C when the line is terminated in  $Z_0$ .  
[2]  $Z_0$  found using the variable load.
- 3.3 [5]  $Z_0 = \frac{v_1(t, 0)}{i_1(t, 0)}$  calculated using Ohm's law and measured voltages.
- 3.4 [5] **Measurement**  $v$  vs  $t$  graphs at C, D, E, and F for  $R_L = 50 \Omega$ .  
[3] Recorded time delay  $\Delta t$  at points D, E, and F relative to the input signal.
- 3.5 [2] Calculated average velocity of propagation  $v_{avg}$  and relative permittivity  $\epsilon_r$ .  
[10] Theoretical bounce diagram (2 marks) and corresponding  $v$  vs  $t$  graphs at C, D, E, and F (2 marks each). Compare with Section 3.4 measurement results.
- 3.6 [1] Compare calculated and measured  $\Gamma_L$ .  
[4] **Measurement**  $v$  vs  $t$  graphs at C and F for  $R_L = 100 \Omega$ .  
[2] Discuss the relationship between the pulses at C and F.  
[10] Theoretical  $v$  vs  $d$  graphs at  $t = T/2, T, 3T/2$ , and  $2T$  where  $T = \text{pulsewidth}$ .  
[2] Discuss the pulse propagation along the line with a mismatch at the load.
- 3.7 [4] **Measurement**  $v$  vs  $t$  graphs at C and F for  $R_{\text{source}} = (50 + 100) \Omega$  and  $R_L = 20 \Omega$  for pulse widths of  $T$  and  $10T$ .  
[2] Calculated and measured  $\Gamma_S$  and  $\Gamma_L$ .  
[20] Calculate the corresponding theoretical bounce diagram diagram for pulse widths of  $T$  and  $10T$  (5 marks each) *and* plot the theoretical  $v$  vs  $t$  graphs for each case at C and F (2.5 marks each).  
[3] Discuss how the measured results compare to the theoretically calculated ones.
- 3.8 [3] Find three  $v_1$  *minumum* frequencies for the short circuit load.  
[5] Explain why minimum voltages are obtained and discuss the effect on input current.  
[3] Find three  $v_1$  *minumum* frequencies for the capacitive load.  
[6] Discuss how and why the results for the short circuit and the capacitor are different.  
[5] Presentation and neatness.

[ ] Indicates the number of marks out of **100 total marks**