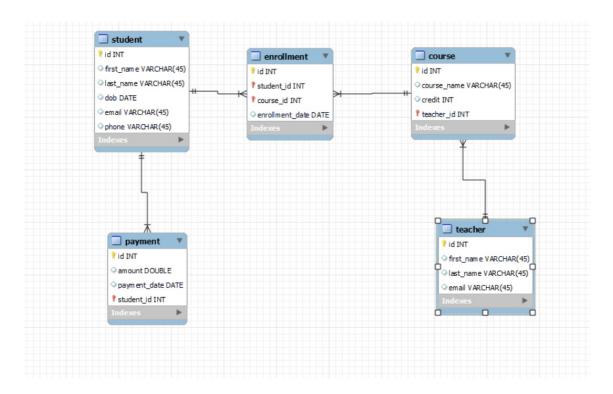
Project- Student Information System

ER Diagram:



Code:

```
create database learnings2;
use learnings2;

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Students (
    student_id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
    first_name VARCHAR(50),
    last_name VARCHAR(50),
    date_of_birth DATE,
    email VARCHAR(100),
    phone_number VARCHAR(15)
);

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Teacher (
    teacher_id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
    first_name VARCHAR(50),
```

```
last name VARCHAR(50),
  email VARCHAR(100)
);
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Courses (
  course id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO INCREMENT,
  course name VARCHAR(100),
  credits INT,
 teacher id INT,
  FOREIGN KEY (teacher_id) REFERENCES Teacher(teacher_id)
);
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Enrollments (
  enrollment id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO INCREMENT,
  student id INT,
  course id INT,
  enrollment date DATE,
  FOREIGN KEY (student_id) REFERENCES Students(student_id),
 FOREIGN KEY (course id) REFERENCES Courses (course id)
);
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Payments (
  payment id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO INCREMENT,
  student id INT,
  amount DECIMAL(10, 2),
 payment date DATE,
  FOREIGN KEY (student id) REFERENCES Students(student id)
);
INSERT INTO Students (first name, last name, date of birth, email, phone number)
VALUES
('Arjun', 'Kumar', '1998-05-15', 'arjun.kumar@example.com', '9876543210'),
('Divya', 'Srinivasan', '1999-08-20', 'divya.s@example.com', '8765432109'),
('Rajesh', 'Naidu', '1997-03-10', 'rajesh.n@example.com', '7654321098'),
('Priya', 'Rajendran', '1996-11-25', 'priya.r@example.com', '6543210987'),
('Ganesh', 'lyer', '1998-09-30', 'ganesh.i@example.com', '5432109876'),
('Sneha', 'Reddy', '1997-06-12', 'sneha.r@example.com', '4321098765'),
('Karthik', 'Menon', '1999-02-28', 'karthik.m@example.com', '3210987654'),
('Meera', 'Gopal', '1998-07-05', 'meera.g@example.com', '2109876543'),
('Ananya', 'Chowdhury', '1997-04-18', 'ananya.c@example.com', '1098765432'),
('Rahul', 'Venkatesh', '1996-12-03', 'rahul.v@example.com', '0987654321');
INSERT INTO Teacher (first name, last name, email)
VALUES
('Suresh', 'Kumar', 'suresh.k@example.com'),
('Meenakshi', 'Nair', 'meenakshi.n@example.com'),
```

```
('Prakash', 'Raj', 'prakash.r@example.com'),
('Divya', 'Menon', 'divya.m@example.com'),
('Rajesh', 'Srinivasan', 'rajesh.s@example.com');
INSERT INTO Courses (course name, credits, teacher id)
VALUES
('Mathematics', 4, 1),
('Physics', 3, 2),
('Computer Science', 3, 3),
('Chemistry', 4, 4),
('Biology', 3, 5),
('English Literature', 3, 1),
('History', 4, 2),
('Economics', 3, 3),
('Geography', 3, 4),
('Political Science', 4, 5);
-- Notes:
-- I have given course id as auto increment immediately after student id. hence it started from
11.
INSERT INTO Enrollments (student id, course id, enrollment date)
VALUES
(1, 11, '2024-01-10'),
(2, 12, '2024-01-10'),
(3, 13, '2024-01-11'),
(4, 14, '2024-01-11'),
(5, 15, '2024-01-12'),
(6, 16, '2024-01-12'),
(7, 17, '2024-01-13'),
(8, 18, '2024-01-13'),
(9, 19, '2024-01-14'),
(10, 20, '2024-01-14');
-- basic CRUD Operations
INSERT INTO Students (first name, last name, date of birth, email, phone number)
VALUES ('John', 'Doe', '1995-08-15', 'john.doe@example.com', '1234567890');
UPDATE Teacher
SET email = 'new_email@example.com'
WHERE teacher id = 3;
```

```
DELETE FROM Enrollments
WHERE student id = 5 AND course id = 5;
UPDATE Courses
SET teacher id = 5
WHERE course id = 5;
UPDATE Payments
SET amount = 100000
WHERE payment id = 3;
-- Output: Total payments made by student with student id = 1.
SELECT s.first_name, s.last_name, SUM(p.amount) AS total_payments
FROM Students s
JOIN Payments p ON s.student id = p.student id
WHERE s.student id = 1;
-- Output: Count of enrolled students for each course.
SELECT c.course name, COUNT(e.student id) AS enrolled students
FROM Courses c
LEFT JOIN Enrollments e ON c.course id = e.course id
GROUP BY c.course_id;
-- Output: Students who are not enrolled in any courses.
SELECT s.first name, s.last name
FROM Students s
LEFT JOIN Enrollments e ON s.student id = e.student id
WHERE e.student_id IS NULL;
-- Output: Students and their enrolled courses.
SELECT s.first name, s.last name, c.course name
FROM Students s
JOIN Enrollments e ON s.student id = e.student id
JOIN Courses c ON e.course id = c.course id;
-- Output: Teachers and their assigned courses.
SELECT t.first name, t.last name, c.course name
FROM Teacher t
JOIN Courses c ON t.teacher_id = c.teacher_id;
-- Output: Students enrolled in the 'Biology' course along with their enrollment date.
SELECT s.first_name, s.last_name, e.enrollment_date
FROM Students s
```

JOIN Enrollments e ON s.student id = e.student id

```
JOIN Courses c ON e.course_id = c.course_id
WHERE c.course name = 'Biology';
-- Output: Students who have not made any payments.
SELECT s.first name, s.last name
FROM Students s
LEFT JOIN Payments p ON s.student_id = p.student_id
WHERE p.student_id IS NULL;
-- Output: Courses with no enrollments.
SELECT c.course name
FROM Courses c
LEFT JOIN Enrollments e ON c.course_id = e.course_id
WHERE e.course id IS NULL;
-- Output: Students enrolled in more than one course.
SELECT s.first name, s.last name
FROM Students s
JOIN Enrollments e1 ON s.student id = e1.student id
JOIN Enrollments e2 ON s.student id = e2.student id AND e1.enrollment id <>
e2.enrollment id;
-- Output: Teachers with no assigned courses.
SELECT t.first name, t.last name
FROM Teacher t
LEFT JOIN Courses c ON t.teacher id = c.teacher id
WHERE c.teacher_id IS NULL;
-- Writing Subqueries
-- Output: Average enrollment count for courses.
SELECT AVG(enrollment count) AS average enrollment
FROM (
  SELECT COUNT(*) AS enrollment count
  FROM Enrollments
  GROUP BY course id
) AS course_enrollments;
-- Output: Student ID(s) with the highest payment amount.
SELECT student id
FROM Payments
WHERE amount = (SELECT MAX(amount) FROM Payments);
```

```
-- Output: Course ID(s) with the maximum number of enrollments.
SELECT course id
FROM Enrollments
GROUP BY course id
HAVING COUNT(*) = (SELECT MAX(enrollment count) FROM (SELECT COUNT(*) AS
enrollment count FROM Enrollments GROUP BY course id) AS course enrollments);
-- Output: Total payments made to each teacher.
SELECT teacher id, SUM(amount) AS total payments
FROM (
 SELECT e.course id, p.amount
 FROM Enrollments e
 JOIN Payments p ON e.student id = p.student id
) AS student payments
JOIN Courses c ON student_payments.course_id = c.course_id
GROUP BY teacher id;
-- Output: Student ID(s) enrolled in all courses.
SELECT student id
FROM (
 SELECT student id, COUNT(DISTINCT course id) AS course count
 FROM Enrollments
 GROUP BY student id
) AS student_courses
WHERE course count = (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Courses);
-- Output: Teacher(s) who are not assigned to any courses.
SELECT teacher id, first name, last name
FROM Teacher
WHERE teacher_id NOT IN (SELECT DISTINCT teacher_id FROM Courses);
-- Output: Average age of students.
SELECT AVG(DATEDIFF(NOW(), date of birth) / 365) AS average age
FROM Students:
-- Output: Course ID(s) with no enrollments.
SELECT course id
FROM Courses
WHERE course id NOT IN (SELECT DISTINCT course id FROM Enrollments);
-- Output: Student ID(s) who made multiple payments.
SELECT student id
FROM Payments
GROUP BY student id
HAVING COUNT(*) > 1;
```

- -- Output: Total payments made by each student. SELECT student_id, SUM(amount) AS total_payments FROM Payments GROUP BY student_id;
- -- Output: Count of enrolled students for each course.

 SELECT c.course_name, COUNT(e.student_id) AS enrolled_students

 FROM Courses c

 LEFT JOIN Enrollments e ON c.course_id = e.course_id

 GROUP BY c.course_id;