



# Building a Micro Frontend Application with Next.js 14.2 and Tailwind CSS — Part-I

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21



1



Building a Micro Frontend Application with Next.js 14.2 and Tailwind CSS — Part-I

In modern web development, micro frontend architecture has gained popularity for its ability to scale and modularize large applications. Micro frontends allow teams to independently develop, test, and deploy features, leading to faster iteration cycles and improved maintainability. In this tutorial, we'll explore how to build a micro frontend application using Next.js 14.2 and enhance it with Tailwind CSS for consistent styling across components.

**Note:** This tutorial assumes a basic understanding of Next.js and Tailwind CSS. If you're new to micro frontends or need a refresher on these technologies, please refer to our detailed blog post [Understanding Micro Frontends](#) for a comprehensive introduction.

## Table of Contents

1. [Project Setup](#)
2. [Installing required packages](#)
3. [Setting Up the Micro Frontend Configuration](#)
4. [Creating components into the Main Application](#)
5. [Creating components into the Shop Application](#)
6. [Integrating the Shop Application into Main Application](#)
7. [Fixing Hydration Error](#)
8. [Fixing CORS error by Configuring Express Server](#)
9. [Fixing Tailwind CSS for Products in Main Application](#)
10. Conclusion

## 1. Project Setup

We'll start by setting up the project structure. Create a root directory and three subdirectories for the main application and one micro frontend application.

```
mkdir nextjs-mf-apps  
cd nextjs-mf-apps
```

### Create the Main Application

By running the below command in the terminal you can initialise the Next.js app for specific version 14.2.

```
npx create-next-app@14.2 main-app
```

If you want to get the latest versions use the below command.

```
npx create-next-app main-app
```

Once initialized the project setup, there will be multiple options provided by next.js framework, you can select the options based on your requirements except "Would you like to use App Router?(recommended)".

```
npm WARN CORDINGINE  
✓ Would you like to use TypeScript? ... No / Yes  
✓ Would you like to use ESLint? ... No / Yes  
✓ Would you like to use Tailwind CSS? ... No / Yes  
✓ Would you like to use `src/` directory? ... No / Yes  
? Would you like to use App Router? (recommended) ... No / Yes  
? Would you like to customize the default import alias (@/*)? > No / Yes
```

Currently in Nextjs latest versions they providing the new feature **App Router** for better folder based routing. But this version of nextjs is not supporting "**Micro frontend**" options with the **App Router** feature enabled apps. So please select NO for **App Router** if you want to have Micro frontend support.

*Note: While I'm writing this blog App Router based apps don't support Micro frontend, but in future it may change.*

Once creating the main app, create our micro frontend app.

### Create Micro Frontend App

```
npx create-next-app@14.2 shop-app
```

Follow the same steps of main-app to create this micro frontend app.

Your project structure should look like this:

```
/nextjs-mf-apps  
/main-app  
/shop-app
```

## 2. Installing required packages

Install the required packages in both the apps to enable **Micro frontend** features in both the apps.

features in your two apps.

Run the below commands in both the apps “main-app” and “shop-app”.

```
npm i @module-federation/nextjs-mf webpack
```

In Next.js apps, We are using Webpack Modular Federation feature to enable **Micro frontend**. In my previous blog posts i have already explained all about Webpack and Modular Federation. Please [click here](#) for more details.

Once installing the packages in both the apps, go to `package.json` file and add `NEXT_PRIVATE_LOCAL_WEBPACK=true` to the `dev` command in the `script` section in both the apps as below.

```
"scripts": {  
  "dev": "NEXT_PRIVATE_LOCAL_WEBPACK=true next dev",  
  "build": "next build",  
  "start": "next start",  
  "lint": "next lint"  
},
```

### 3. Setting Up the Micro Frontend Configuration

Add the below configuration code to `next.config.js` file to use the `NextFederationPlugin` in Main App.

```
import NextFederationPlugin from '@module-federation/nextjs-mf';

const nextConfig = {
  webpack(config, options) {
    const { isServer } = options;
    config.plugins.push(
      new NextFederationPlugin({
        name: 'main_app',
        remotes: {},
        filename: 'static/chunks/remoteEntry.js',
        exposes: {},
        extraOptions: {
          debug: false, // `false` by default
          exposePages: false, // `false` by default
        },
        shared: {}
      });
    return config;
  },
};

export default nextConfig;
```

Next, add the same configuration code in Shop app as well and update the `name` property to `shop_app` as below.

```
import NextFederationPlugin from '@module-federation/nextjs-mf';

const nextConfig = {
  webpack(config, options) {
    const { isServer } = options;
    config.plugins.push(
      new NextFederationPlugin({
        name: 'shop_app',
        remotes: {},
        filename: 'static/chunks/remoteEntry.js',
        exposes: {},
        extraOptions: {
          debug: false, // `false` by default
          exposePages: false, // `false` by default
        },
        shared: {}
      });
    return config;
  },
};

export default nextConfig;
```

#### Explanation:

In the above configuration, you should be providing the `name` off your app (it should be a single word, should not contain any special characters Ex: `main_app`, `mainApp`), next the build file name for modular federation as `static/chunks/remoteEntry.js`. These are the two information used in the app configuration.

Next the `expose` object is where we list down all the components that we are trying to export from this app and the `remote` object is to configure other micro frontend app's to be configured. `shared` object will hold all the dependencies of our app.

As we are going to run two apps simultaneously, we can assign specific port to our `Shop app` as below in `package.json` file.

```
"scripts": {  
  "dev": "NEXT_PRIVATE_LOCAL_WEBPACK=true next dev -p 3001",  
  "build": "next build",  
  "start": "next start",  
  "lint": "next lint"  
},
```

Now go to `index.js` file of `main-app` project and replace with the below code.

```
export default function Home() {  
  return (  
    <main className='h-[100vh] flex justify-center items-center'>  
      Hello main app  
    </main>  
  );  
}
```

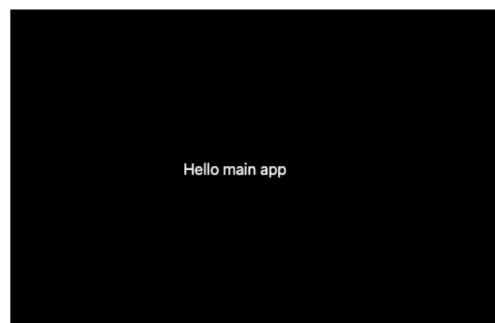
Next go to `index.js` file of `shop-app` project and replace with the below code.

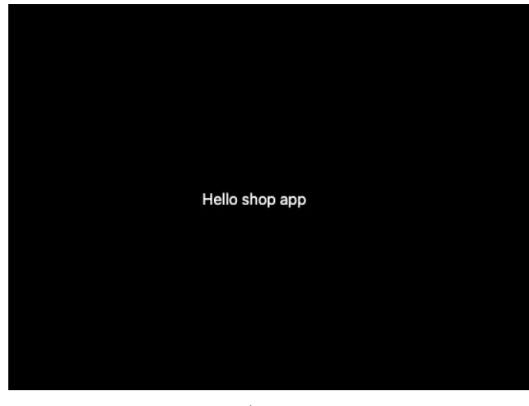
```
export default function Home() {  
  return (  
    <main className='h-[100vh] flex justify-center items-center'>  
      Hello shop app  
    </main>  
  );  
}
```

Once doing all this basic changes run both the apps with the below command.

```
npm run dev
```

The output for the both apps looks like below images.





shop app

#### 4. Creating Components into the Main Application

Now create folder `components` in the root directory of `main-app` and create two components `Navbar.js` and `Footer.js` and paste the code below to the respective files.

Navbar.js

```
import React from 'react';

export default function Navbar() {
  return (
    <nav className='bg-red-500 flex h-[15vh]'>
      <div className='text-3xl font-bold flex items-center p-5 text-white'>
        Main Application
      </div>
    </nav>
  );
}
```

Footer.js

```
import React from 'react';

export default function Footer() {
  return (
    <div className='flex h-[10vh] bg-blue-500'>
      <div className='text-3xl font-light flex w-[100%] items-center justify-center'>
        @ Main App {new Date().getFullYear()}
      </div>
    </div>
  );
}
```

Now import these two components into the `index.js` file as below.

```
import Footer from '@/components/Footer';
import Navbar from '@/components/Navbar';

export default function Home() {
  return (
    <main className='flex flex-col bg-white'>
      <Navbar />
      <div className='h-[75vh] py-4'>
        <h1 className='text-3xl font-bold font-mono h-[100%] flex justify-center'>
          Welcome to Main Application
        </h1>
      </div>
      <Footer />
    </main>
  );
}
```

No the output of this changes will looks like:



**Main Application**

Welcome to Main Application

@ Main App 2024

main app

## 5. Creating Components into the Shop Application

Similar to our main application we will be creating a Products component into our Shop app. Now create folder `components` in the root directory of `main-app` and create a component `Products.js` and paste the code below.

```

import React, { useEffect, useState } from 'react';

export default function Products() {
  const [data, setData] = useState([]);
  async function getData() {
    fetch('https://fakestoreapi.com/products')
      .then((res) => res.json())
      .then((res) => {
        setData(res);
      });
  }
  useEffect(() => {
    getData();
  }, []);
  return (
    <div className='bg-white'>
      <div className='mx-auto max-w-2xl px-4 py-16 sm:px-6 sm:py-24 lg:max-w-7xl'>
        <h2 className='text-2xl font-bold tracking-tight text-gray-900'>
          Products list:
        </h2>
        <div className='mt-6 grid grid-cols-1 gap-x-4 gap-y-10 sm:grid-cols-2 lg:{data.map((product) => (
          <div className='group relative' key={product.id}>
            <div className='aspect-h-1 aspect-w-1 w-full overflow-hidden rounded-lg'>
              <img
                src={product.image}
                alt={product.title}
                className='h-full w-full object-cover object-center lg:h-full'
              />
            </div>
            <div className='mt-4 flex justify-between'>
              <div>
                <h3 className='text-sm text-gray-700'>
                  <a>
                    <span
                      aria-hidden='true'
                      className='absolute inset-0'
                    ></span>
                    {product.title}
                  </a>
                </h3>
                <p className='mt-1 text-sm text-gray-500'>
                  <span className='font-medium'>★</span>{' '}
                  <span className='font-bold'>{product.rating.rate}</span> (
                  {product.rating.count})
                </p>
              </div>
              <p className='text-sm font-medium text-gray-900'>
                ${product.price}
              </p>
            </div>
          </div>
        ))>
      </div>
    </div>
  );
}

```

In this component we are using the [free API](#) to show some products in our page.

In this app, importing the `Products` component into the `index.js` and paste the below code.

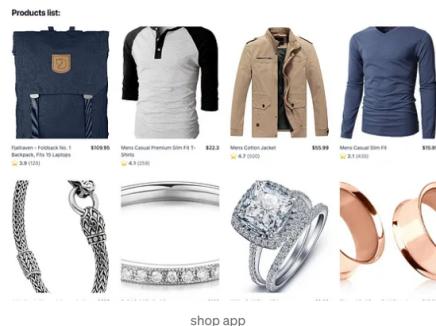
```

import Products from '@/components/Products';

export default function Home() {
  return (
    <Products />
  );
}

```

Once done the changes, the output will looks like below.



### Next Part:

<https://tarzzotech.medium.com/building-a-micro-frontend-application-with-next-js-14-2-and-tailwind-css-part-ii-e1f4ae10f6e9>

*Note: This Next.js micro frontend series completely a new implementation to me, I'm also starting now. If you guys find any mistakes or any different approaches you know, please let me know i fell happy to learn from you.*

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Nextjs Micro Frontend

21 1

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Part -II

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