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RVCE24MCH095

String Operations

To find the length of the string, merge two strings, comparison if they are equal or which one is greater.

- Strings are used for storing text/characters.

* **Algorithm:**

Step 1: Declare character arrays (str1, str2) and copy to store strings.

Step 2: Enter the first and second string values.

Step 3: Performing String Operation:-

- Concatenation - Copy str1 into a temporary string
Append str2 to the temporary string
printing the concatenated result.

- Comparison - Comparing str1 and str2, if they are equal are not or greater.

- Find length - Compute and print the length of str1.

* **Program:**

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <string.h>
```

```
void stringConcatenation(char str1[], char str2[]);
```

```
void stringComparison(char str1[], char str2[]);
```

```
void stringlength(char str[]);
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    char str1[100], str2[100];
```

```
    printf("Enter first string:");
```

```
    gets(str1);
```

```
printf("Enter second string: ");
gets(str2);
```

```
stringConcatenation(str1, str2);
stringComparison(str1, str2);
stringlength(str1);
return 0;
}
```

```
void stringConcatenation(char str1[], char str2[]) {
    char result[200];
    strcpy(result, str1);
    strcat(result, str2);
    printf("Concatenated string: %s\n", result);
}
```

```
void stringComparison(char str1[], char str2[]) {
    int cmp = strcmp(str1, str2);
    if (cmp == 0)
        printf("Strings are equal\n");
    else if (cmp > 0)
        printf("First string is greater than the second.\n");
    else
        printf("First string is smaller than the second.\n");
}
```

```
void stringlength(char str[]) {
    printf("length of the string: %lu\n", strlen(str));
}
```

Input:- Enter first string: hello
Enter second string: world

Output:- Concatenated string: helloworld
First string is smaller than the second.
length of string: 5.