

PHASE 1 — Homepage Module (SSR)

Phase Goal

Build a **calm, fast, server-side rendered homepage** that:

- explains the app clearly
 - builds trust
 - routes users to Relax, Focus, Resources, or Login
 - works without user data or backend dependency
-

1. Phase 1 – Technical Decisions (Lock First)

Before coding, lock these:

- ☐ Homepage will be **Server-Side Rendered (SSR)**
- ☐ No user data used
- ☐ No API calls required
- ☐ No authentication logic
- ☐ No local storage usage
- ☐ Static + calm content only

☒ Once locked, **do not change during Phase 1.**

2. Project Setup (Homepage Scope Only)

2.1 Initialize Frontend

- ☐ Create Next.js project (JavaScript)
- ☐ Clean default boilerplate

☐ Set up basic folder structure:

```
/app
  page.js    // Homepage (SSR)
  layout.js
/components
/styles
```

-

2.2 Global Layout & Theme

- ☐ Set global font (soft, readable)
- ☐ Set background gradient / colors
- ☐ Ensure mobile responsiveness
- ☐ Remove unnecessary animations

Goal: **visual calm**

3. Homepage UI Components (Build One by One)

3.1 Header / Navigation Component

- ☐ App logo / name
- ☐ Navigation links:
 - Focus
 - Relax
 - Resources
 - Login / Signup
- ☐ Make Login visually secondary

Constraint:

No dropdowns, no popups, no modals.

3.2 Hero Section

- ☐ Main headline
"Your Sanctuary for Focus and Calm"
- ☐ One-line description (soft, human tone)
- ☐ Primary CTA button:
 - "Begin Your Journey"

SSR Requirement:

Text must render fully from server.

3.3 Secondary Low-Commitment CTA

- [] Add secondary button:
 - “Try a 2-minute calm session”
 - or “Start without signing up”
- [] Lower visual weight than primary CTA

Purpose:

Reduce fear of commitment.

3.4 Relax vs Focus Explainer Section

- [] Two simple blocks/cards:
 - Relax Mode — calm your mind in minutes
 - Focus Mode — start tasks without pressure
- [] Use icons (optional)
- [] Max one line each

No paragraphs. No feature lists.

3.5 Trust & Privacy Message

- [] Add subtle trust copy:
 - “Private by design · No tracking · Free to use”
- [] Small font, low contrast emphasis

Purpose:

Build trust before the first click.

4. Routing & Navigation Logic

- [] “Begin Your Journey” routes to Focus or choice screen
- [] Secondary CTA routes directly to Relax Mode
- [] Nav links route correctly (pages can be placeholders)

At this phase:

- Pages can exist as **empty placeholders**
 - Only routing matters
-

5. Server-Side Rendering Verification

- ☐ Confirm homepage renders on server
- ☐ Disable JS temporarily → content still visible
- ☐ View page source → HTML contains content
- ☐ No hydration errors

This confirms **true SSR**, not accidental CSR.

6. Non-Functional Checks (Phase 1)

Performance

- ☐ Page loads instantly
- ☐ No layout shifts
- ☐ Minimal JS bundle

Accessibility

- ☐ Readable contrast
- ☐ Clear headings
- ☐ Keyboard navigation works

UX Safety

- ☐ No aggressive copy
 - ☐ No forced signups
 - ☐ No popups
-

7. Phase 1 Exit Criteria (Very Important)

You **do not** move to **Phase 2** until:

- ☐ Homepage fully SSR
- ☐ Calm, complete visual flow
- ☐ All CTAs route correctly
- ☐ No backend dependency
- ☐ No unfinished UI sections

If any of these fail → **fix before moving on.**

8. Phase 1 Deliverable (What You Should Have)

At the end of Phase 1, you should have:

- ✓ A production-ready homepage
- ✓ Server-side rendered
- ✓ Calm, trustworthy UX
- ✓ Clear entry paths
- ✓ Solid foundation for next modules

PHASE 2 — Relax Mode Module (Client-Side)

Phase Goal

Build a fully functional **Relax Mode** that provides immediate calming experiences without requiring login, backend access, or data storage.

This phase focuses on:

- real-time interaction
 - emotional safety
 - simplicity
 - zero persistence
-

1. Phase 2 – Technical Decisions (Lock First)

Before implementation, lock the following:

- Relax Mode is **client-side only**
- No backend calls
- No local storage
- No analytics or tracking
- Sessions are ephemeral
- User can exit at any time without consequence

These constraints must not be violated during Phase 2.

2. Routing & Page Setup

Create Relax Mode route:

/relax

- - Ensure navigation from Homepage works
 - Page should load instantly without backend dependency
-

3. Relax Mode Landing Screen

Tasks

- Design a minimal entry screen
- Display available relaxation options:
 - Breathing
 - Visualization
 - Grounding (finger tapping)
- Keep text minimal and calming
- Avoid instructions longer than one line

Exit Criteria

- User understands what to do within 3 seconds
 - No cognitive overload
-

4. Breathing Session Implementation

Functionality

- Implement a simple breathing cycle
- Use visual cues (expand and contract)
- Optional audio guidance
- Session length: 2–5 minutes

UX Rules

- Start immediately
 - Allow exit at any time
 - No timers shown upfront
 - No completion messages that imply success or failure
-

5. Visualization Session Implementation

Functionality

- Audio-guided visualization
- Neutral and inclusive imagery
- Slow pacing

Constraints

- No text input
 - No personal reflection prompts
 - No saved state
-

6. Grounding / Finger Tapping Session

Functionality

- Guided rhythmic tapping
- Visual or audio prompts
- Simple repetition

Purpose

- Support users who struggle with breathing exercises

- Provide body-based grounding
-

7. Session Exit & Closure

Tasks

- Add gentle end-of-session messaging
 - Examples:
 - “Take your time.”
 - “You can return whenever you need.”
 - No progress indicators
 - No rewards or streaks
-

8. Failure & Edge Case Handling

- If audio fails, fallback to visual guidance
 - If user navigates away, session ends silently
 - If page refreshes, no recovery needed
-

9. Non-Functional Requirements

Performance

- Immediate interaction
- No noticeable lag

Accessibility

- Avoid flashing visuals
 - Calm color contrast
 - Readable text size
-

10. Phase 2 Exit Criteria

You should not move forward until:

- Relax Mode works fully offline
 - All three techniques function independently
 - No data is stored anywhere
 - UX remains calm and interruption-free
-

Phase 2 Deliverable

At the end of this phase, you will have:

- A complete Relax Mode
- Zero backend dependency
- Immediate user value
- Strong emotional trust with users

PHASE 3 — Focus Mode Module

Phase Goal

Build a **gentle, psychology-informed Focus Mode** that helps users start tasks, reduce mental overload, and work in short, non-pressured sessions.

This phase must:

- reduce task-initiation friction
 - avoid guilt, scoring, or productivity pressure
 - store data temporarily and safely
 - work fully without login
-

1. Phase 3 – Technical Decisions (Lock First)

Before implementation, lock these decisions:

- Focus Mode is **client-side first**
- No mandatory backend dependency
- All data stored **locally with TTL**
- Brain Dump data is never backed up

- No streaks, no metrics, no gamification
- User can stop at any time without penalty

These rules define the entire phase.

2. Routing & Page Setup

Create Focus Mode route:

/focus

- - Ensure homepage navigation routes correctly
 - Page must load even if backend is unavailable
-

3. Focus Mode Landing Screen

Tasks

- Create a simple entry screen with 3 options:
 - Clear my head (Brain Dump)
 - Start a focus session
 - Plan for today / tomorrow
- Avoid suggesting a “correct” order
- Keep copy minimal and reassuring

Exit Criteria

- User understands options immediately
 - No forced sequence
-

4. Brain Dump Feature

Purpose

Reduce mental overload by externalizing thoughts.

Tasks

- Add free-text input area
- Allow unlimited text
- No validation
- Provide a clear “done” or “close” option

Data Rules

- Store only in memory or short-lived local storage
- Auto-clear when session ends or after short TTL
- Never include in backups

Exit Criteria

- Text disappears safely after session
 - No history or recovery
-

5. Next Physical Action Feature

Purpose

Solve “I don’t know where to start” paralysis.

Tasks

- Input field for a single task
- Prompt user to define the next visible action
- Show example hints
- Prevent vague inputs where possible

Data Handling

- Store locally with timestamp
 - Eligible for encrypted backup later
-

6. Time-Boxing / Pomodoro Feature

Purpose

Shift focus from outcomes to presence.

Tasks

- Timer options: 10, 15, 25 minutes
- Start / stop controls
- Gentle completion message
- No automatic continuation

UX Rules

- Stopping early is allowed
 - No failure state
 - No score or streak
-

7. Gentle Planning Feature

Purpose

Reduce future decision fatigue.

Tasks

- Allow user to plan 1–3 tasks
- Break tasks into small time blocks
- Allow marking blocks as done or not done

Data Rules

- Store locally
 - Attach TTL (24–48 hours)
 - Auto-expire silently
-

8. Self-Compassion Closure

Purpose

Separate self-worth from productivity.

Tasks

- Display gentle closure messages
 - Avoid performance language
 - Encourage rest without guilt
-

9. Local Storage & Cleanup Logic (Focus-Specific)

Tasks

- Implement centralized storage utility
- Timestamp all entries
- Run cleanup on:
 - App load
 - Focus Mode entry

Cleanup Rules

- Expired data is deleted silently
 - No alerts or warnings
-

10. Failure & Edge Case Handling

Scenario	Expected Behavior
User exits mid-session	Session ends silently
Browser refresh	Data persists only if valid
Storage cleared	App continues without error
Backend unavailable	No impact

11. Non-Functional Requirements

Performance

- Immediate interaction
- No heavy computations

Accessibility

- Simple language
- Large touch targets
- Calm visuals

Privacy

- No tracking
 - No analytics
 - No external calls
-

12. Phase 3 Exit Criteria

Do not proceed until:

- All focus tools work independently
 - Data expires correctly
 - Brain dump never persists
 - UX feels non-judgmental
 - Focus Mode works offline
-

Phase 3 Deliverable

At the end of this phase, you will have:

- A complete Focus Mode
- Temporary, privacy-safe data handling
- Psychology-aligned productivity tools
- A strong core product

PHASE 4 — Local Storage, Cleanup, and Data Safety Layer

Phase Goal

Build a **robust, centralized local data layer** that:

- stores focus-related data temporarily
- enforces automatic expiration (TTL)
- protects privacy by default
- works consistently across the app

This phase ensures the app is **safe, predictable, and resilient** before introducing backend features.

1. Phase 4 – Technical Decisions (Lock First)

Lock these rules before implementation:

- All user-generated focus data is temporary by default
- Data expiration is automatic and silent
- No alerts or warnings on deletion
- Brain Dump data is excluded from persistence
- No backend dependency
- No analytics or telemetry

These constraints must remain unchanged.

2. Define Data Categories

Clearly separate data types to avoid accidental persistence.

Data Types

1. **Session-only data**
 - Brain dump text
 - Active timers
 - In-progress focus sessions
 2. **Temporary local data**
 - Next physical actions
 - Planned tasks
 - Time blocks and completion status
-

3. Storage Utility Design

Tasks

- Create a single storage utility module
- All reads and writes must go through this module
- No direct `localStorage` usage elsewhere

Required Functions

- `save(key, data)`
 - `load(key)`
 - `remove(key)`
 - `cleanupExpired()`
-

4. Timestamp & TTL Strategy

Tasks

- Attach `createdAt` timestamp to every stored object
- Define TTL rules:
 - Default: 24 hours
 - Optional extension: up to 48 hours
- Compare timestamps on load

Rule

If data is expired:

- Delete immediately
 - Return `null`
 - Do not notify the user
-

5. Cleanup Execution Points

Tasks

Run cleanup logic at the following points:

- On app load
- On entering Focus Mode
- After completing a focus session

Cleanup must be:

- silent
 - fast
 - non-blocking
-

6. Error & Corruption Handling

Tasks

- Wrap storage access in try/catch
- Handle corrupted JSON gracefully
- Fallback to empty state on failure

Rule

Never crash the app due to storage errors.

7. Privacy & Safety Guarantees

Enforced Guarantees

- No long-term history
- No hidden retention
- No background syncing
- No recovery of expired data

This must be explicitly true in code.

8. Testing Scenarios (Manual)

Test the following before proceeding:

- Data disappears after TTL
 - App works after storage is cleared
 - Refreshing browser behaves correctly
 - Brain dump is never persisted
 - Cleanup does not affect Relax Mode
-

9. Non-Functional Requirements

Performance

- Cleanup runs in under a few milliseconds
- No UI blocking

Reliability

- Works across browser sessions
 - No dependency on network
-

10. Phase 4 Exit Criteria

You must not proceed unless:

- All temporary data expires correctly
 - No data survives beyond TTL
 - No crashes from corrupted storage
 - Storage logic is centralized and reusable
-

Phase 4 Deliverable

At the end of this phase, you will have:

- A safe, predictable data layer
- Strong privacy guarantees
- Clean separation of temporary vs session data
- A stable foundation for backups and auth

PHASE 5 — Resources Module (Backend-Driven Content)

Phase Goal

Build a **backend-driven Resources Module** that serves curated, trustworthy external support content to the frontend while maintaining:

- zero user tracking
- zero personalization
- zero sensitive data handling

This phase validates backend integration **without touching auth or user data**.

1. Phase 5 – Technical Decisions (Lock First)

Before implementation, lock these decisions:

- Resources are **read-only**
- Backend only serves content
- No user identifiers in requests
- No analytics on resource usage
- Frontend treats content as informational only

These rules must not change in this phase.

2. Backend Setup (Minimal Scope)

Tasks

- Initialize Node.js + Express server

Set up project structure:

```
/server  
  /routes  
  /controllers  
  /data  
  server.js
```

-
- Enable CORS for frontend domain
- Add basic health-check endpoint

Backend should be simple and stable.

3. Resource Data Definition

Tasks

- Define resource categories:
 - Helplines
 - Educational content
 - Self-help references
- Decide data source:
 - Static JSON file (recommended for Phase 5)
 - MongoDB (optional, can be added later)

Data Rules

- No dynamic personalization
 - No user-specific filtering
 - Content must be human-reviewed
-

4. Resources API Design

Endpoint

GET /api/resources

Tasks

- Implement controller to return resource data
- Structure response clearly by category
- Include disclaimer text in response

Example Response Structure

```
{"helplines":[],"education":[],"selfHelp":[],"disclaimer":"This app is not a substitute for professional mental health care."}
```

5. Frontend Integration (Resources Page)

Tasks

- Create `/resources` page
- Fetch data from backend on page load
- Render categories clearly
- Mark all links as external
- Handle loading and error states calmly

UX Rules

- No urgency language
 - No auto-redirects
 - No popups
-

6. Failure & Fallback Handling

Tasks

- If backend is unreachable:
 - Show static fallback resources
 - Display a gentle message
 - If a link fails:
 - Display non-alarming error
 - Never block access to the page
-

7. Security & Privacy Guarantees

Enforce the following:

- No request parameters tied to user behavior
- No cookies required

- No logging of IP or access patterns (beyond basic server logs)
 - HTTPS-only communication
-

8. Non-Functional Requirements

Performance

- Small payload size
- Fast response time

Maintainability

- Easy to update resource list
 - No frontend redeploy required for content updates
-

9. Testing Checklist

Before proceeding:

- Backend returns correct data
 - Frontend renders all categories
 - Page works without login
 - App behaves correctly if backend is down
 - No console errors
-

10. Phase 5 Exit Criteria

You must not proceed unless:

- Backend is stable and isolated
 - Resources page loads correctly
 - No user data is involved
 - Fallback behavior works as intended
-

Phase 5 Deliverable

At the end of this phase, you will have:

- A working backend service
- A dynamic Resources page
- First real frontend–backend integration
- Confidence to proceed to authentication

PHASE 6 — Login / Sign-Up & Authentication Module

Phase Goal

Build an **optional authentication system** that enables:

- encrypted backups
- cross-device continuity

while ensuring:

- zero impact on core app usage
- minimal user data collection
- clear consent and easy exit

Authentication must **support the product**, not control it.

1. Phase 6 – Technical Decisions (Lock First)

Before implementation, lock these decisions:

- Login is optional
- Core features work without authentication
- No social login in Phase 1
- Email + password only
- Authentication exists only for backup purposes
- No personalization or tracking tied to auth

These constraints define the entire phase.

2. Backend: Authentication Setup

Tasks

Add authentication routes:

POST /auth/register

POST /auth/login

- - Install required libraries:
 - bcrypt (password hashing)
 - jsonwebtoken (JWT)
 - Configure environment variables for secrets
-

3. User Model Design

Tasks

- Create **User** model in MongoDB
- Fields:
 - email
 - passwordHash
 - createdAt

Constraints

- No profile fields
 - No mental health metadata
 - No usage statistics
-

4. Registration Flow

Backend Tasks

- Validate email and password
- Hash password using bcrypt
- Store user record
- Return success response

Frontend Tasks

- Create sign-up UI

- Explain why login exists
 - Explicitly state that login is optional
 - Provide “Continue without login” option
-

5. Login Flow

Backend Tasks

- Verify credentials
- Generate JWT token
- Return token to client

Frontend Tasks

- Store token securely (in memory or secure storage)
 - Handle login errors gracefully
 - Avoid aggressive retry prompts
-

6. Token Management

Tasks

- Attach JWT token to authenticated requests
- Use short-lived tokens
- Handle token expiration silently

Rule

If token expires:

- User is logged out
 - App continues to work locally
-

7. Account Deletion Flow

Tasks

- Add account deletion endpoint
- Remove user record
- Remove all associated backups
- Invalidate tokens

UX Rule

Deletion must be:

- Easy to find
 - Clearly explained
 - Immediate
-

8. Failure & Edge Case Handling

Scenario	Expected Behavior
Login fails	Clear error, retry allowed
Backend unavailable	App usable without login
Token expired	Silent logout
User deletes account	Data removed immediately

9. Security & Privacy Guarantees

Enforce the following:

- Passwords never stored in plaintext
 - JWT secrets stored securely
 - HTTPS only
 - No auth-based analytics
 - No third-party identity providers
-

10. Non-Functional Requirements

Security

- Strong hashing
- Secure token handling

Usability

- Calm language
 - No forced prompts
 - No blocking flows
-

11. Phase 6 Exit Criteria

Do not proceed unless:

- Login is fully optional
 - Auth failures do not break app
 - Users can delete account and data
 - No sensitive data leaks
-

Phase 6 Deliverable

At the end of this phase, you will have:

- A working authentication system
- Clear consent-based login
- Minimal, privacy-safe user records
- A stable base for backups

PHASE 7 — Encrypted Backup & Restore System

Phase Goal

Add an **optional, privacy-preserving backup system** that allows users who choose to log in to:

- back up focus-related data securely

- restore data across devices
- retain full control over deletion

This phase must **not weaken** the privacy guarantees established earlier.

1. Phase 7 – Technical Decisions (Lock First)

Before implementation, lock these decisions:

- Backups are **optional**
- All encryption happens **on the client**
- Backend stores **only encrypted blobs**
- Brain Dump data is **never backed up**
- One active backup per user
- User can delete backups at any time

These rules must not change.

2. Define What Can Be Backed Up

Eligible Data

- Next physical actions
- Gentle plans (tasks and time blocks)
- Focus session metadata (non-sensitive)

Explicitly Excluded

- Brain dump text
 - Relax mode usage
 - Any emotional or reflective content
-

3. Client-Side Encryption Layer

Tasks

- Implement encryption utility using Web Crypto API

- Generate or derive encryption key on client
- Encrypt backup payload before sending
- Decrypt payload after restore

Rules

- Encryption key never sent to backend
 - Backend cannot read user data
 - Encryption failures do not block app usage
-

4. Backup Payload Design

Tasks

- Define a single backup payload structure
- Include:
 - encrypted data blob
 - version number
 - timestamp

Rule

Payload must be self-contained and replaceable.

5. Backend: Backup API

Endpoints

POST /backup

GET /backup

DELETE /backup

Tasks

- Authenticate requests using JWT
- Store encrypted payload in MongoDB
- Overwrite existing backup on new upload
- Return encrypted payload on request

Constraints

- No inspection of payload
 - No partial updates
 - No analytics
-

6. Frontend: Backup Flow

Backup Creation

- Trigger backup manually or automatically (opt-in)
- Encrypt data
- Send to backend
- Confirm success gently (no pressure)

Restore Flow

- Fetch encrypted payload
 - Decrypt on client
 - Restore to local storage
 - Respect TTL rules
-

7. Deletion & Control

Tasks

- Allow user to delete backup explicitly
- Allow account deletion to cascade delete backups
- Confirm deletion clearly

Rule

Deletion must be immediate and irreversible.

8. Failure & Edge Case Handling

Scenario	Expected Behavior
Backup fails	Local data preserved
Restore fails	User continues locally
Key mismatch	Prompt reset option
Backend unavailable	Backup temporarily unavailable

9. Security & Privacy Guarantees

Enforce the following:

- Encrypted-at-rest backups
 - Backend has zero knowledge of content
 - No background syncing
 - Explicit user consent for backup
-

10. Non-Functional Requirements

Performance

- Encryption fast enough to feel instant
- Small payload size

Reliability

- Safe overwrite behavior
 - No silent corruption
-

11. Phase 7 Exit Criteria

Do not proceed unless:

- Encrypted backups work end-to-end
- Restore works across devices

- Brain dump is never backed up
 - Backup deletion is reliable
 - Core app works without backup enabled
-

Phase 7 Deliverable

At the end of this phase, you will have:

- A complete, privacy-first backup system
 - Optional cross-device continuity
 - Strong user trust guarantees
 - A fully realized full-stack application
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1. Development Methodology and Execution Policy

1.1 Phased Development Requirement

The system **shall be developed in clearly defined phases**, as outlined in the approved development roadmap. Each phase represents a logically complete and self-contained unit of functionality.

The development process **shall strictly follow a sequential, phase-based approach**. Parallel implementation of features across multiple phases is **not permitted**.

1.2 Feature-Level Development Constraint

Within each phase, the system **shall be implemented feature by feature**.

The developer **shall not begin implementation of a new feature** until the current feature has been fully completed and validated.

A feature shall be considered *complete* only when:

- The feature's functional requirements are fully implemented.
- The feature conforms to the system design constraints defined for that phase.
- The feature operates correctly without relying on functionality from future phases.
- The feature has been manually verified for correctness and stability.

1.3 Phase Completion Criteria

A phase shall be considered *complete* only when **all features within that phase** have been fully implemented and verified.

The developer **shall not proceed to the next phase** unless:

- All features in the current phase are complete.
- The defined phase exit criteria are satisfied.
- No unresolved defects remain that affect system stability or design guarantees.

1.4 Prohibited Development Practices

The following practices are explicitly prohibited:

- Partial implementation of features across phases.
- Skipping phases in the development roadmap.
- Implementing future-phase dependencies prematurely.
- Introducing backend, authentication, or persistence logic outside the designated phase.

Such practices may compromise system correctness, privacy guarantees, and maintainability.

1.5 Rationale

This structured, sequential development methodology ensures:

- Clear separation of concerns.
- Reduced cognitive and technical complexity.
- Preservation of privacy-first and client-first design principles.
- Improved testability and maintainability.
- Alignment with the approved system design and architectural decisions.

1.6 Compliance

All developers working on this system **must adhere to this development methodology**.

Deviation from this process requires explicit design review and approval.

