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# Assignment: ASSIGNMENT 4
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# Date: 2021-04-21

## Load the ggplot2 package
library(ggplot2)
theme_set(theme_minimal())

## Set the working directory to the root of your DSC 520 directory
setwd("E:/Repos/StatisticsR/DSC520-Statistics/assignment04")

## Load the `data/r4ds/heights.csv` to
heights_df <- read.csv("E:/Repos/StatisticsR/DSC520-
Statistics/data/r4ds/heights.csv")

# https://ggplot2.tidyverse.org/reference/geom\_boxplot.html
## Create boxplots of sex vs. earn and race vs. earn using `geom_point()`
and `geom_boxplot()`
## sex vs. earn
ggplot(heights_df, aes(x=sex, y=earn)) + geom_point()+ geom_boxplot()
## race vs. earn
ggplot(heights_df, aes(x=race, y=earn)) + geom_point()+ geom_boxplot()

# https://ggplot2.tidyverse.org/reference/geom\_bar.html
## Using `geom_bar()` plot a bar chart of the number of records for each
`sex`
ggplot(heights_df, aes(sex)) + geom_bar()

## Using `geom_bar()` plot a bar chart of the number of records for each
race
ggplot(heights_df, aes(race)) + geom_bar()

## Create a horizontal bar chart by adding `coord_flip()` to the previous
plot

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ggplot(heights_df, aes(race)) + geom_bar() + coord_flip()

#
https://www.rdocumentation.org/packages/ggplot2/versions/3.3.0/topics/geom\_path

## Load the file `"data/nytimes/covid-19-data/us-states.csv"` and
## assign it to the `covid_df` dataframe
covid_df <- read.csv("E:/Repos/StatisticsR/DSC520-
Statistics/data/nytimes/covid-19-data/us-states.csv")

## Parse the date column using `as.Date()`
covid_df$date <- as.Date(covid_df$date)

## Create three dataframes named `california_df`, `ny_df`, and
`florida_df`
## containing the data from California, New York, and Florida
california_df <- covid_df[ which( covid_df$state == "California"), ]
ny_df <- covid_df[ which( covid_df$state == "New York"), ]
florida_df <- covid_df[ which( covid_df$state == "Florida"), ]

## Plot the number of cases in Florida using `geom_line()`
ggplot(data=florida_df, aes(x=date, y=cases, group=1)) + geom_line()

## Add lines for New York and California to the plot
ggplot(data=florida_df, aes(x=date, group=1)) +
  geom_line(aes(y = cases)) +
  geom_line(data=ny_df, aes(y = cases)) +
  geom_line(data=california_df, aes(y = cases))

## Use the colors "darkred", "darkgreen", and "steelblue" for Florida, New
York, and California
ggplot(data=florida_df, aes(x=date, group=1)) +
  geom_line(aes(y = cases), color = "darkred") +
  geom_line(data=ny_df, aes(y = cases), color="darkgreen") +

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geom_line(data=california_df, aes(y = cases), color="steelblue")
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## Add a legend to the plot using `scale_colour_manual`
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## Add a blank (" ") label to the x-axis and the label "Cases" to the y axis
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ggplot(data=florida_df, aes(x=date, group=1)) +  
  geom_line(aes(y = cases, colour = "Florida")) +  
  geom_line(data=ny_df, aes(y = cases, colour="New York")) +  
  geom_line(data=california_df, aes(y = cases, colour="California")) +  
  scale_colour_manual("",  
                        breaks = c("Florida", "New York", "California"),  
                        values = c("darkred", "darkgreen", "steelblue")) +  
  xlab(" ") + ylab("Cases")
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## Scale the y axis using `scale_y_log10()`
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ggplot(data=florida_df, aes(x=date, group=1)) +  
  geom_line(aes(y = cases, colour = "Florida")) +  
  geom_line(data=ny_df, aes(y = cases, colour="New York")) +  
  geom_line(data=california_df, aes(y = cases, colour="California")) +  
  scale_colour_manual("",  
                        breaks = c("Florida", "New York", "California"),  
                        values = c("darkred", "darkgreen", "steelblue")) +  
  xlab(" ") + ylab("Cases") + scale_y_log10()
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install.packages("devtools")
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library(devtools)
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```
install_github('Rapporter/pander')
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```
install.packages('pander')
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