

**NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY CALICUT**

**Department of Computer Science and Engineering**

**CS4062D: Introduction to Information Security (IIS)**

**Assignment-1**

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1. Find the  $GCD(g)$  of the numbers 743 and 241, and find integers  $x$  and  $y$  to satisfy  $743x + 241y = g$ .
  2. Given that  $(a, 4) = 2$  and  $(b, 4) = 2$ , prove that  $(a + b, 4) = 4$ .
  3. Prove that if  $n$  is odd,  $n^2 - 1$  is divisible by 8.
  4. Show that any positive integer  $n$  can be written as the product of a square number and a squarefree integer.  
(An integer  $d$  is squarefree if it's not divisible by any square number larger than 1)
  5. Suppose that  $a$  and  $b$  are relatively prime. Prove that  $ab$  and  $a + b$  are relatively prime.
  6. Prove that the square of any integer of the form  $5k + 1$  is of the same form.
  7. Prove that an integer is divisible by 3 if and only if the sum of its digits is divisible by 3. Prove that an integer is divisible by 9 if and only if the sum of its digits is divisible by 9.
  8. Prove that any prime of the form  $3k + 1$  is of the same form  $6k + 1$ .
  9. Show that  $n|(n - 1)!$  for all composite  $n > 4$ .
  10. Prove that if  $p$  is a prime and  $a^2 \equiv b^2 \pmod{p}$ , then  $p|(a + b)$  or  $p|(a - b)$ .
  11. Show that if  $p \equiv 3 \pmod{4}$ , then  $\left(\frac{p-1}{2}\right)! \equiv \pm 1 \pmod{p}$ .
  12. Determine the last three digits of the integer  $37^{399997}$ .
  13. Show that if  $p$  is a prime then  $\binom{p}{k} \equiv 0 \pmod{p}$  for  $1 \leq k \leq p$ .
  14. If  $m$  and  $k$  are positive integers, prove that the number of positive integers  $\leq mk$  that are prime to  $m$  is  $k\phi(m)$ .
  15. Find the order of 2 modulo the Fermat number  $F_5 = 2^{2^5} + 1$ .