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Bash scripting cheatsheet

Introduction Example #!/usr/bin/env bash This is a quick reference to getting started with Bash name="John" **Learn bash in y minutes** echo "Hello \$name!" (learnxinyminutes.com) **Bash Guide** String quotes (mywiki.wooledge.org) **Bash Hackers Wiki** name="John" echo "Hi \$name" #=> Hi John (wiki.bash-hackers.org) echo 'Hi \$name' #=> Hi \$name Shell execution Conditional execution git commit && git push git commit || echo "Commit failed" Conditionals See Command substitution if [[-z "\$string"]]; then Strict mode echo "String is empty" elif [[-n "\$string"]]; then echo "String is not empty" set -euo pipefail fi IFS=\$'\n\t' See: Conditionals See: Unofficial bash strict mode

‡ Parameter expansions

Basics Substitution

```
${foo%suffix}
name="John"
echo "${name}"
                                                     ${foo#prefix}
echo "${name/J/j}"
                    #=> "john" (substitution)
echo "${name:0:2}" #=> "Jo" (slicing)
echo "${name::2}" #=> "Jo" (slicing)
                                                     ${foo%suffix}
echo "${name::-1}" #=> "Joh" (slicing)
                                                     ${foo##prefix}
echo "${name:(-1)}" #=> "n" (slicing from right)
echo "${name:(-2):1}" #=> "h" (slicing from right)
                                                     ${foo/from/to}
echo "${food:-Cake}" #=> $food or "Cake"
                                                     ${foo//from/to}
length=2
echo "${name:0:length}" #=> "Jo"
                                                     ${foo/%from/to}
                                                     ${foo/#from/to}
See: Parameter expansion
                                                   Length
str="/path/to/foo.cpp"
echo "${str%.cpp}"
                    # /path/to/foo
echo "${str%.cpp}.o" # /path/to/foo.o
                                                     ${#foo}
echo "${str%/*}"
                     # /path/to
echo "${str##*.}"
                     # cpp (extension)
                                                   Default values
echo "${str##*/}"
                     # foo.cpp (basepath)
                                                     ${foo:-val}
echo "${str#*/}"
                     # path/to/foo.cpp
echo "${str##*/}"
                     # foo.cpp
                                                     ${foo:=val}
echo "${str/foo/bar}" # /path/to/bar.cpp
                                                     ${foo:+val}
str="Hello world"
                                                     ${foo:?message}
echo "${str:6:5}" # "world"
echo "${str: -5:5}" # "world"
```

```
src="/path/to/foo.cpp"
base=${src##*/} #=> "foo.cpp" (basepath)
dir=${src%$base} #=> "/path/to/" (dirpath)
Omitting the : removes the (non)nullity che $foo.
```

‡ Loops

Basic for loop

```
for i in /etc/rc.*; do
  echo "$i"
done
```

C-like for loop

```
for ((i = 0 ; i < 100 ; i++)); do
  echo "$i"
done</pre>
```

Reading lines

```
while read -r line; do
  echo "$line"
done <file.txt</pre>
```

Forever

```
while true; do
...
done
```

‡ Functions

Defining functions

Returning values

```
myfunc() {
    echo "hello $1"
}

# Same as above (alternate syntax)
function myfunc() {
    echo "hello $1"
}

Arguments

myfunc() {
    local myresult='some value'
    echo "$myresult"
}

# Same as above (alternate syntax)
function myfunc() {
    echo "hello $1"
}

## Arguments
```

```
$*

$0

$1

$_

Note: $0 and $* must be quoted in order to same thing (arguments as separate strings)

See Special parameters.
```

‡ Conditionals

Conditions File conditions

```
[[ -e FILE ]]
Note that [[ is actually a command/program that returns eith
that obeys the same logic (like all base utils, such as grep(1)
                                                          [[ -r FILE ]]
see examples.
                                                          [[ -h FILE ]]
[[ -z STRING ]]
                                                          [[ -d FILE ]]
[[ -n STRING ]]
                                                          [[ -w FILE ]]
[[ STRING == STRING ]]
                                                          [[ -s FILE ]]
[[ STRING != STRING ]]
                                                          [[ -f FILE ]]
[[ NUM -eq NUM ]]
                                                          [[ -x FILE ]]
[[ NUM -ne NUM ]]
                                                          [[ FILE1 -nt FILE2 ]]
[[ NUM -lt NUM ]]
                                                          [[ FILE1 -ot FILE2 ]]
[[ NUM -le NUM ]]
                                                          [[ FILE1 -ef FILE2 ]]
[[ NUM -gt NUM ]]
                                                                                  Greater than
[[ NUM -ge NUM ]]
                                                                         Greater than or equal
```

```
[[ STRING =~ STRING ]]
                                                                                    Regexp
((NUM < NUM))
                                                                         Numeric conditions
More conditions
[[ -o noclobber ]]
                                                                  If OPTIONNAME is enabled
[[ ! EXPR ]]
                                                                                        Not
[[ X && Y ]]
                                                                                        And
[[ X || Y ]]
                                                                                         Or
```

‡ Arrays

```
Defining arrays
                                                                     Working w
```

```
Fruits=('Apple' 'Banana' 'Orange')
                                                                                     echo "${Fr
                                                                                     echo "${Fr
                                                                                     echo "${Fr
Fruits[0]="Apple"
                                                                                     echo "${#F
Fruits[1]="Banana"
                                                                                     echo "${#F
Fruits[2]="Orange"
                                                                                     echo "${#F
                                                                                     echo "${Fr
                                                                                     echo "${!F
```

Operations

```
Iteration
Fruits=("${Fruits[@]}" "Watermelon")
                                    # Push
Fruits+=('Watermelon')
                                       # Also Push
Fruits=( "${Fruits[@]/Ap*/}" )
                                     # Remove by regex match
                                                                                for i in '
unset Fruits[2]
                                     # Remove one item
                                                                                  echo "$i
Fruits=("${Fruits[@]}")
                                      # Duplicate
                                                                                done
Fruits=("${Fruits[@]}" "${Veggies[@]}") # Concatenate
lines=(`cat "logfile"`)
                                      # Read from file
```

https://devhints.io/bash

‡ Dictionaries

Defining

Working with dictionaries

```
declare -A sounds

echo "${sounds[dog]}" # Dog's sound
echo "${sounds[@]}" # All values
echo "${!sounds[@]}" # All keys
echo "${!sounds[@]}" # All keys
echo "${#sounds[@]}" # Number of ele
unset sounds[dog] # Delete dog

Declares sound as a Dictionary object (aka associative array).
```

‡ Options

Options Glob optio

```
set -o noclobber # Avoid overlay files (echo "hi" > foo)
set -o errexit # Used to exit upon error, avoiding cascading errors
set -o pipefail # Unveils hidden failures
set -o nounset # Exposes unset variables

Set GLOBIG
```

History

Commands Expansion

```
history Shov !$
```

11	Execute last comma	!!:n	
!!:s/ <from>/<to>/</to></from>	Replace first occurrence of <from> to <t0> in most recent c</t0></from>	iv	
!!:gs/ <from>/<t0>/</t0></from>	Replace all occurrences of <from> to <t0> in most recent c</t0></from>	!\$	
!\$:t	Expand only basename from last parameter of most recent c	!!:n-m	
!\$:h	Expand only directory from last parameter of most recent c	!!:n-\$	
!! and !\$ can be replaced	with any valid expansion.	!! can be r	

‡ Miscellaneous

Numeric calculations Subshells **\$((a + 200))** # Add 200 to \$a (cd somedi pwd # stil **\$((\$RANDOM%200))** # Random number 0..199 Redirectio declare -i count # Declare as type integer count+=1 # Increment python he] python he] python he] Inspecting commands python he] python he] python hel python he]

```
if grep -q 'foo' ~/.bash_history; then
                                                                                              -(
  echo "You appear to have typed 'foo' in the past"
                                                                                              'It
fi
pwd # /home/user/foo
                                                                                      $0
read -n 1 ans
                # Just one character
                                                                                      $_
                                                                         All lower cas
                                                                                      ${PIPESTA1
[:lower:]
[:digit:]
                                                                                      See Specia
                                                                              All whitespace
[:space:]
[:alpha:]
                                                                                   All letters
                                                                         All letters and digits
[:alnum:]
Example
echo "Welcome To Devhints" | tr '[:lower:]' '[:upper:]'
WELCOME TO DEVHINTS
```

Also see

Bash-hackers wiki (bash-hackers.org)	
Shell vars (bash-hackers.org)	
Learn bash in y minutes (learnxinyminutes.com)	
Bash Guide (mywiki.wooledge.org)	
ShellCheck (shellcheck.net)	

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