

# Hair color

## Data

```
hair_color <- read.table('hair_color.txt', header = TRUE, sep = ',', row.names = 1)
attach(hair_color)
head(hair_color)
```

```
##          fair red medium dark jetblack
## male    592 119    849  504      36
## female  544  97    677  451     14
```

```
head(is.na.data.frame(hair_color))
```

```
##          fair  red medium  dark jetblack
## male  FALSE FALSE  FALSE FALSE   FALSE
## female FALSE FALSE  FALSE FALSE   FALSE
```

## Hypothesis

We have two independent populations grouped by gender. We would like to check whether gender plays any role in hair color of individuals. We set the hypothesis as follow:

In Null hypothesis we assume that there is no effect whatsoever  $H_0$  : Gender has no effect on hair color. There is no statistical difference in two gender groups.  $H_a$  : Gender has effect on hair color. There is a statistical difference in two gender groups.

## Statistical tests

Since we have categorical data we use Chi-squared. Alternately, we could have used Fisher's test but the dataset is too small.

### Chi-squared test

```
tests.chi <- chisq.test(hair_color)
tests.chi
```

```
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test
##
## data:  hair_color
## X-squared = 10.467, df = 4, p-value = 0.03325
```