

# Solutions to Assignment 1- Part 1

## Question 1

1. Bit rate = num pixels/frame \* numframes/second \* avg bits per pixel.  
=  $(450 \times 520) \times 25 \times 12 = 70.2$  Mbps
2. The only thing that changes because of the re-quantization is the average bits per pixel.  
Average bits per pixel =  $(6 \times 4 + 6 \times 1 + 6 \times 1) / 4 = 9$  bits/pixel. Bit rate =  $450 \times 520 \times 25 \times 9 = 52.65$  Mbps  
Disk size =  $52.65 \times 60 \times 10 / 8 = 3.948$  GBytes

Normally, all Y, Cr, and Cb are quantized using the same number of bits. But from the way the question is worded, you may assume that Y is 8 bits and Cr and Cb is 6 bits, then we have another answer

Average bits per pixel =  $(8 \times 4 + 6 \times 1 + 6 \times 1) / 4 = 11$  bits/pixel. Bit rate =  $450 \times 520 \times 25 \times 11 = 64.35$  Mbps  
Disk size =  $64.35 \times 60 \times 10 / 8 = 4.826$  GBytes

## Question 2

There are 32 levels (with values from 0 to 31), with 0 corresponding to  $(0, -3.75]$  and 31 corresponding to  $(3.75, 4]$ . If the input value is  $x$ , then the quantized value should be  $\text{Round}(((x - (-3.75)) / 8) * 32)$  which is  $\text{round}(((x + 3.75) / 8) * 32)$ . This should be a rounding function to minimize error, not a floor or ceil

The intervals thus correspond to - 22, 24, 24, 28, 28, 28, 25, 26, 26, 26, 21, 19, 20, 20, 22, 24, 24, 24, 23, 24, 20, 16, 10, 10, 8, 11, 6, 9, 9, 12, 15, 19

32 intervals; therefore, each value needs 5 bits for each. There are 32 samples, so total bits =  $32 \times 5 = 160$  bits.

## Question 3

Speed of Car = 10m/s. Diameter of tires = 0.4244m  
One rotation covers  $\pi \times 0.4244 = 1.333$ m and hence One Rotation takes = 0.1333 sec  
Hence, speed of rotation =  $1 / 0.1333 = 7.5$  rot/s (approx)  
Hence, Nyquist sampling Frequency of rotation =  $2F = 15$  rot/sec (Hz)

1. Frame rate of projection is 24pfs > 15 fps. Hence, the tire will appear to rotate at 7.5 rot/s
2. At 8 Fps < 15 fps – there is temporal aliasing. The film photographs the wheel turning  $7.5 \times 360$  degrees in rotation in 8 frames, Therefore, the degree of turn per frame =  $7.5 \times 360 / 8 = 337.5$ . The angle is  $(360 > 337.5 > 180)$ . Hence, the wheel appears to turn in a counter-clockwise (backward) direction,  
 This means for each frame; the wheel falls short  $360 - 337.5 = 22.5$  degrees.  
 Hence, the total turn if it falls short per second is  $22.5 \times 8$ .  
 So the apparent rot per second is =  $22.5 \times 8 / 360$  rot/sec = 0.5  
 Speed of rotation shall be = 0.5 rot/sec (in the opposite direction of ACTUAL travel)
3. At 30fps, the max speed without aliasing occurs at 15 rot/sec. The car travels a distance of  $15 \times \pi \times 0.4244$  in one second = 20m/s. So, speed is 72 km/hr