



# BECOME A PROMONEY WILL FLOW

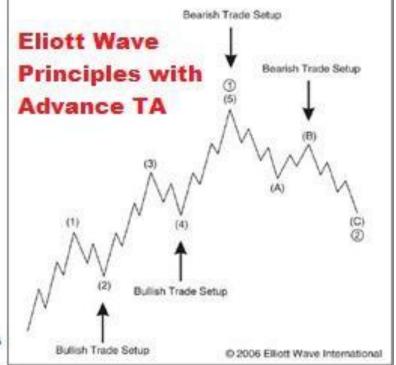
FOCUS = SUCCESS!



## **GUE: Get the Ultimate Edge**

Workshop on Advance Technical Analysis using Elliot Wave Principle







# PLAY THE GAME AS SUCCESSFUL PLAYER DOES



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### **Common Problems of Traders**



- ➤ I made perfect entry but couldn't capitalise on the rally... Stock fell back to my entry point?
- > Technical Charts are telling me to buy, but I am concerned. What if it's nearing the end of the run?!
- ➤ I like to be a contrarian i.e. do opposite to what the herd is doing, however it doesn't work ALL the time ?
- ➤ The trade is in my favor but when do I exit? How do I find target?
- Market is correcting, is this the end of correction? Should I enter or wait further?
- How could I make successful trades consistently???!!!

Answer lies in: Elliot Wave Principles & Guidelines coupled with Technical Analysis & Discipline to follow High Probability Setups!!!

## The Wave Principle



- Mankind progress (popularly measured by stock market valuation) is not a straight line, random or cyclical.
- ➤ Growth and thereby social systems are moving in a pattern consisting of 5 waves up and 3 waves down.
- This pattern reflects the alternation of growth and non-growth or decline. It also reflects the sentiment of masses.

#### Why Use Wave Principle?

- Predict Market Direction
- ➤ Identify Turning Points
- Provide Guidance for Entering and Exiting Positions (Trading or Investment positions)

# The key is to keep it simple and use it for high probability setups only!!!

## **Wave Principle – the Basis**

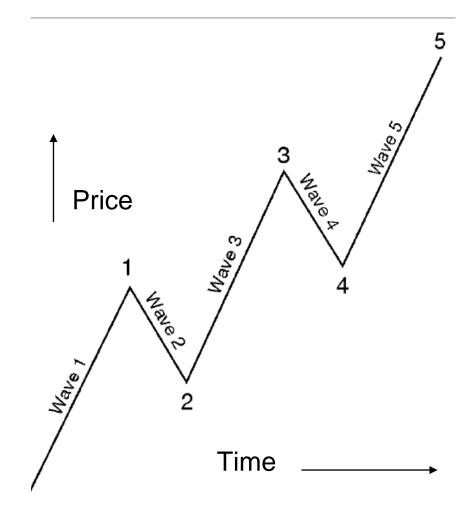


- > Financial Markets Characteristics
  - Decisions are
    - ✓ Emotional / Unconscious
    - **✓** Subjective
    - ✓ Impulsive
    - ✓ Based on Ignorance & conditions of Uncertainty
  - Herding : following actions of others
  - Values cannot revert to any equilibrium
- ➤ Ralph Nelson Elliot's Wave Principle
  - Financial Markets are Patterned.
  - Crowd behavior moves up and down in recognizable patterns called Waves.
  - These structures link together to form larger versions of same patterns and in turn become the building blocks for patterns of next larger size and so on.

#### The Basic Pattern



- 5 Waves Advance.
- Price Plotted Against the Time.
- Time could be a day, week, year or minute.
- Pattern is similar on any Timeframe.





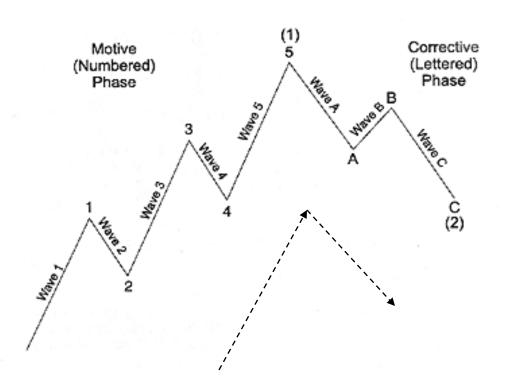
#### **WAVE PRINCIPLES:**

- > Wave 2 never retraces 100% of wave 1.
- ➤ Wave 4 never enters the price territory of Wave 1 and.....
- Wave 3 can never be the shortest in comparison with impulsive Wave 1 and Wave 5.

#### **Motive & Corrective Phase**



Chapter 1: The Broad Concept



- > Actionary waves
  - Wave 1, 3 and 5
    moving in the direction
    of main trend of 1 larger
    degree
- Corrective waves
  - Waves 2 & 4
  - Interrupting the main trend of 1 larger degree

Each of these waves further sub-divide into other waves



## **Example**: Motive Wave (1-2-3-4-5)



# **Example**: Corrective Wave (A-B-C)





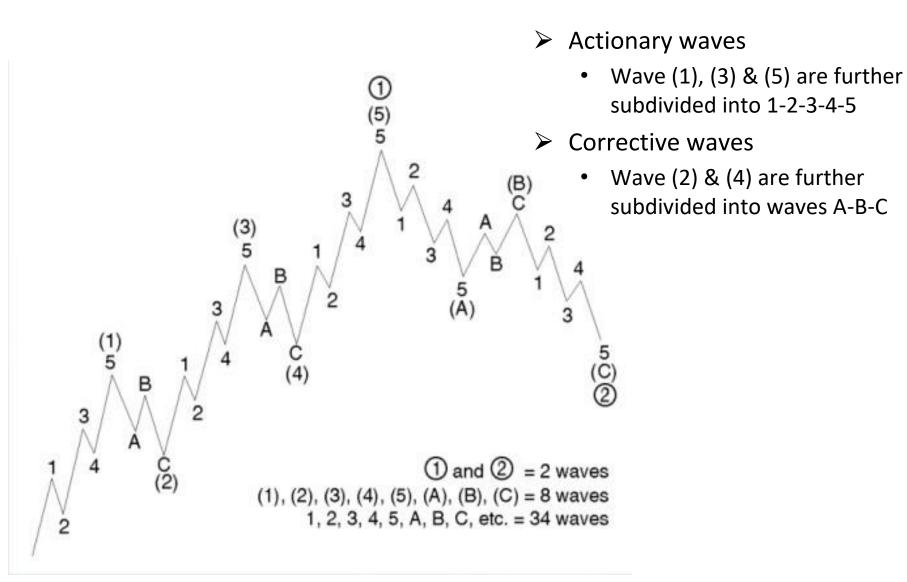


## **Example**: Motive and Corrective Wave combined



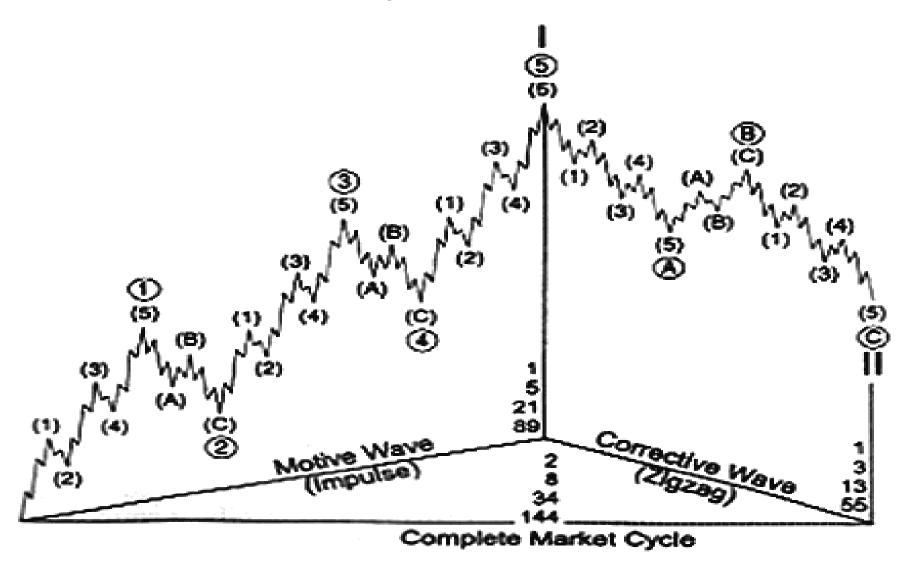
#### **Further Sub-division**







## **Complete Market Cycle with Subdivisions**





## **Wave Degrees**

	Wave Degree		Wit	h the	Trend	3's Against the Trend			
	1 Supermillennium	1	2	3	4	(3)	(A)	B	©
	2 Millennium	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(A)	(B)	(C)
	3 Submillennium	1	2	3	4	5	A	В	C
	4 Grand Supercycle	1	(II)	(11)	(IV)	(V)	(a)	(b)	©
	5 Supercycle	(I)	(II)	(III)	(IV)	(V)	(a)	(b)	(c)
	6 Cycle	I	II	III	IV	V	a	ь	c
∕lonthly <u></u>	7 Primary	1	2	(3)	(4)	3	(A)	(B)	©
Veekly —	→ 8 Intermediate	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(A)	(B)	(C)
aily —	9 Minor	1	2	3	4	5	A	В	C
<b>A</b>	10 Minute	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	W	(a)	(b)	0
	11 Minuette	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(v)	(a)	(b)	(c)
	12 Subminuette	i	ii	iii	iv	v	a	b	c
	13 Micro	1	2	3	4	(3)	(A)	B	©
\	14 Submicro	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(A)	(B)	(C)
1	15 Miniscule	1	2	3	4	5	A	В	C

**Chart References** 



#### **Robust Fractal**

- ➤ Any structure similar in different Timeframes (Degrees) but not exact.
- > All have 5 waves up, 3 waves down.
- Check Nifty Charts on different timeframes viz. Daily, Weekly, Intraday.



## **Motive Phase – Key characteristics**

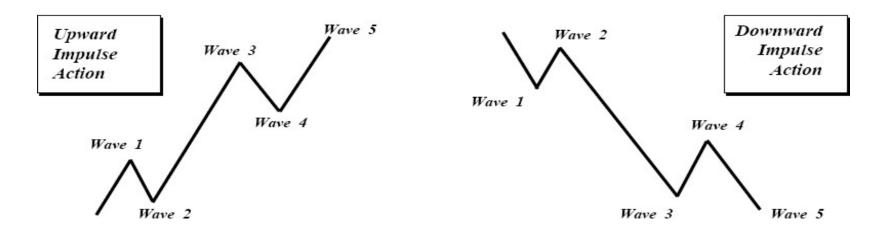
- They are 5 wave structures (1-2-3-4-5)
- They are in the direction of main trend of one larger degree (time frame)
- Wave 2 cannot retrace more than 100% of wave 1
- Wave 3 can never be the shortest and is often the longest

#### **Motive Waves**

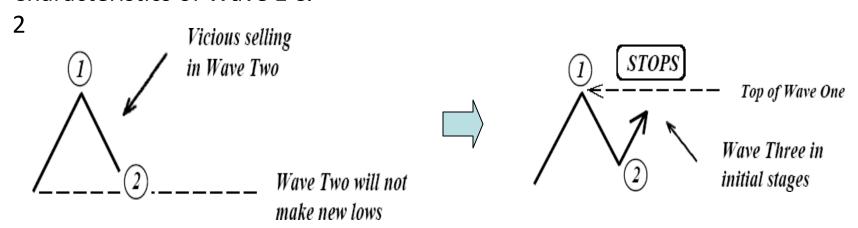
- 1. Impulse Waves
  - Extensions
  - Truncations
- 2. Diagonal Triangles
  - Typically occur in Wave 5 or Wave C
  - Found at termination points of larger pattern
  - Indicate exhaustion of larger pattern



## **Impulse Wave Pattern**

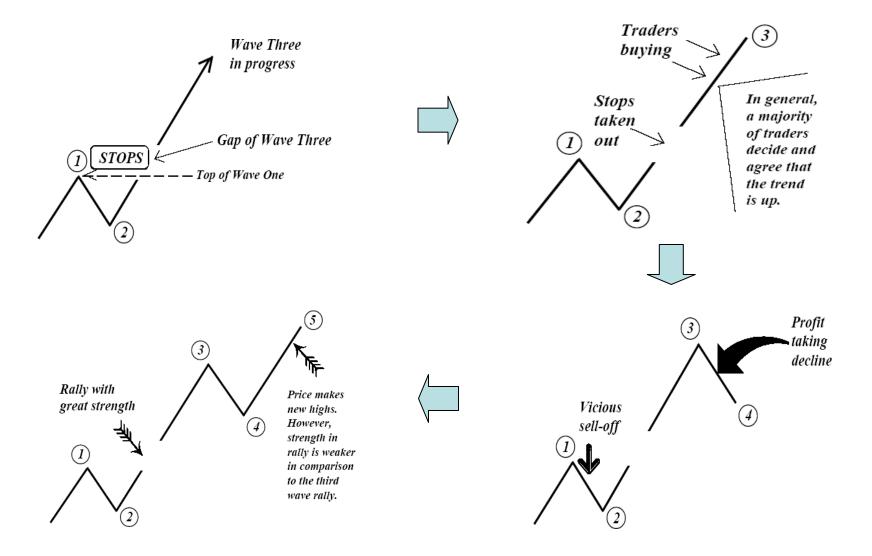


#### Characteristics of Wave 1 &





## **Impulse Wave - Characteristics**





## **Example – Impulse Wave**





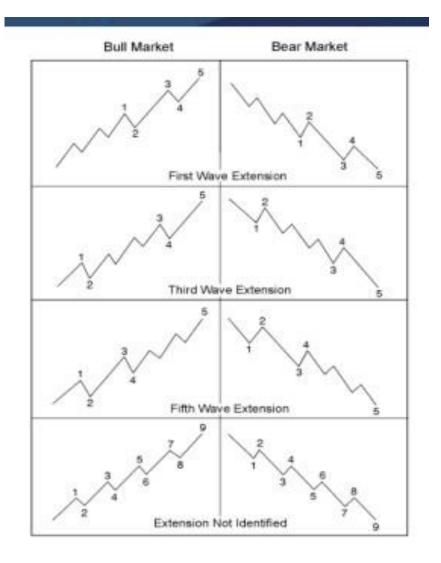
## Why is it significant?

- Once you are able to find the 5 wave uptrend or a downtrend, you could expect a change in direction or corrective phase in opposite direction (counter trend)
- Traders could trade the corrective waves...once 5 wave impulse is over.
  - Short when 5 wave uptrend is over
  - Go long when 5 wave downtrend is over



#### **Extensions**

- Elongated Impulse
  Wave
- Appears in eitherWave 1, 3 or 5
- Often seen in Wave 3 for the stock market
- Often seen in Wave 5 for commodities market





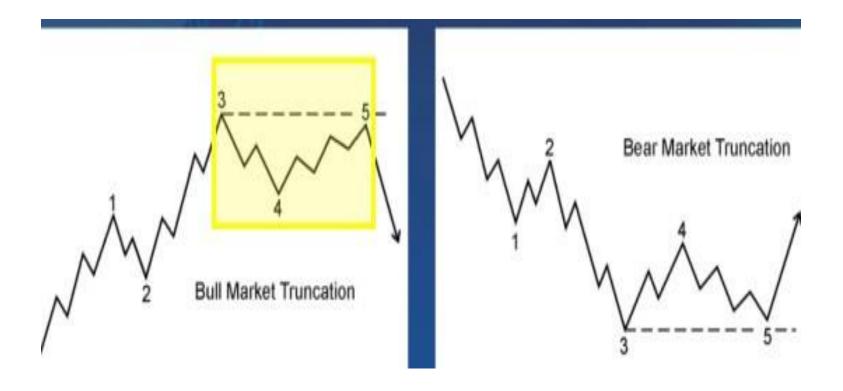
## **Extension - example**





#### **Truncations**

- > Wave 5 does not exceed the end of Wave 3
- > Contains necessary 5 sub-waves within Wave 5
- > Often occurs after a strong 3<sup>rd</sup> wave





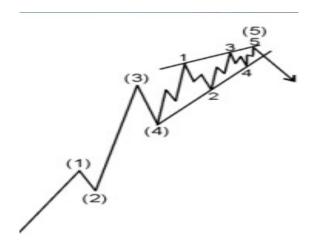
## **Example - Truncation**

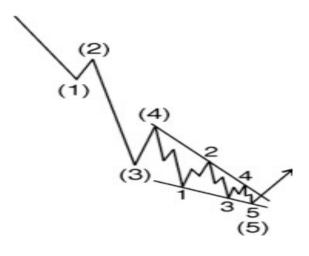




## **Motive Waves - Diagonal Triangle**

- Wave 4 almost always moves into the price territory of Wave 1.
- Wave 1, 3 and 5 are composed of three sub waves, not five.
- Found at termination points of larger pattern indicating exhaustion e.g. Sensex peak in Jan 2008.
- Normally has wedge shape within 2 converging lines.







### **Example – Diagonal Triangle**

 Once a diagonal triangle ends, it results in a swift move in the opposite direction retracing the entire diagonal triangle.



- Sometimes sub-wave 5 does a "throw over" (OR throw under in downtrend).
- They are high probability setups!
- ... more later

## **Summary**



- The Wave Principle : Graphic of Mass Psychology
- Motive Waves: 5 wave structures in the direction of main trend of one larger degree
- > Types of Motive waves
  - Impulse
  - Diagonal Triangle
- > Impulse Waves
  - Wave 1, 3 and 5 : have 5 impulse sub-waves
  - Wave 4 never enters price territory of wave 1
- Diagonal Triangle
  - Wave 1, 3 and 5 : have 3 subwaves
  - Wave 4 enters price territory of wave 1
  - They signal imminent Trend Reversal

