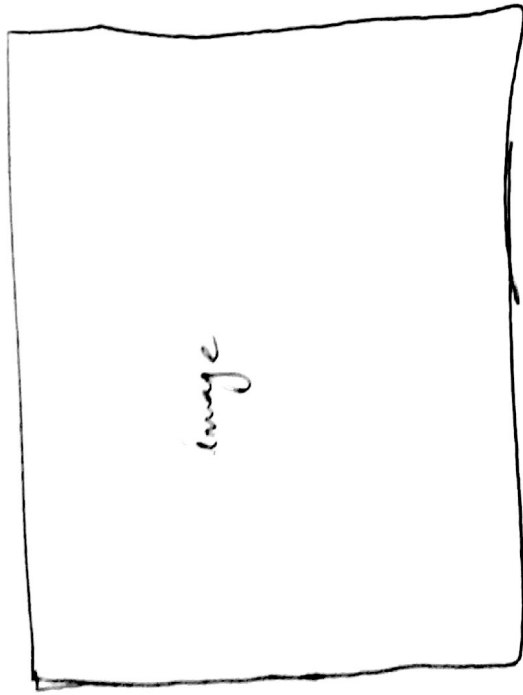
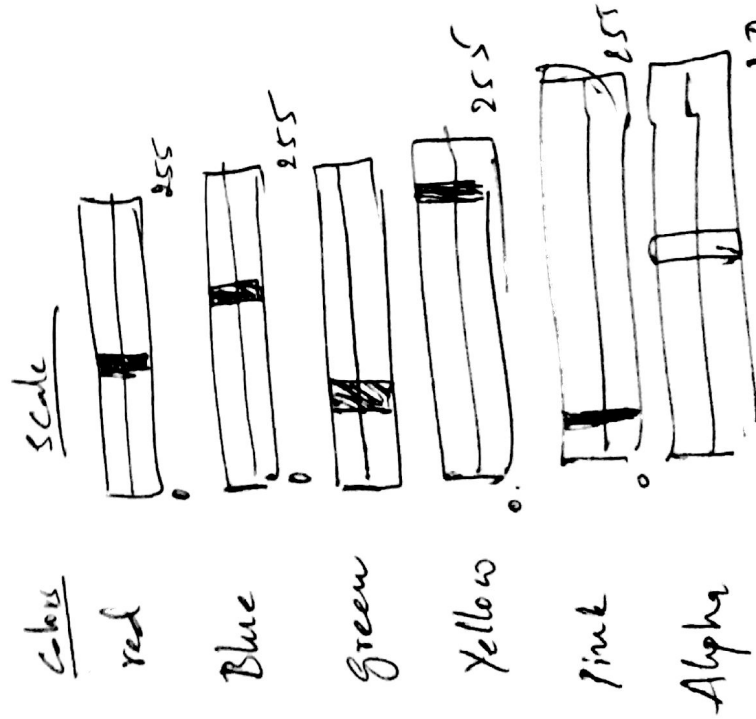


## Design:1 (Implemented)

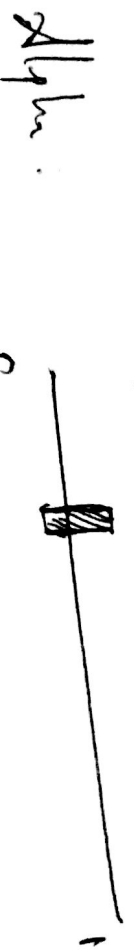
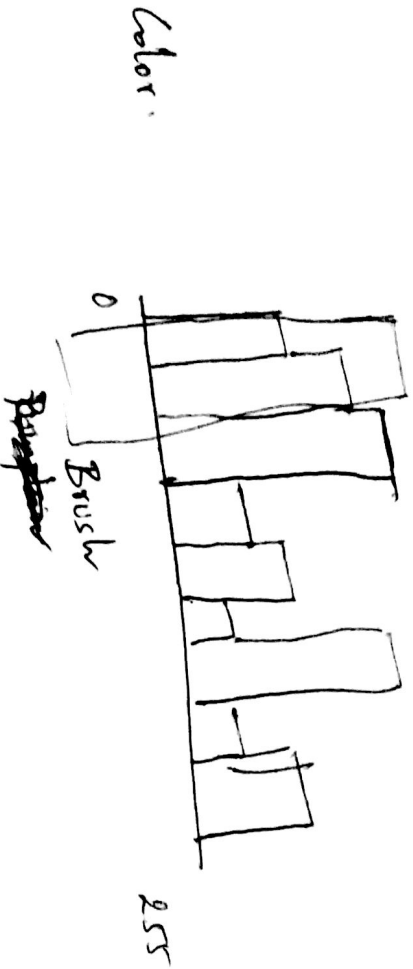
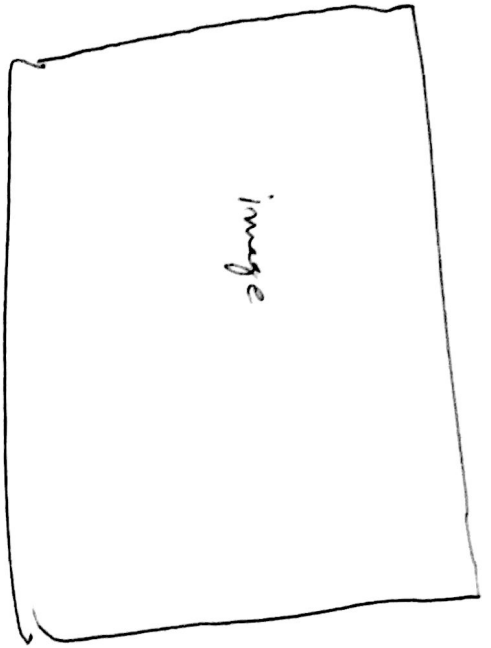


→ In this method for each value which varies between 0 to 1, I divided that into 0.0 to 0.20, 0.20 to 0.40, 0.40 to 0.60, 0.60 to 0.80 and 0.80 to 1.0.

→ So for each alpha from 0 to 1 the alpha value makes the image Sharp.

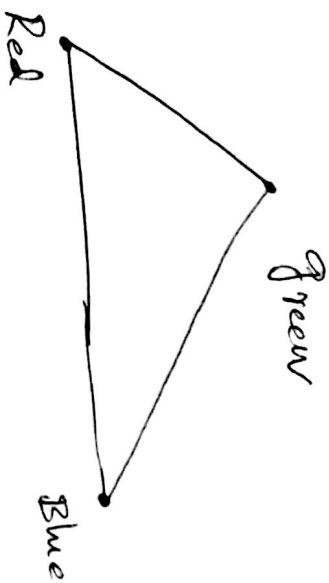
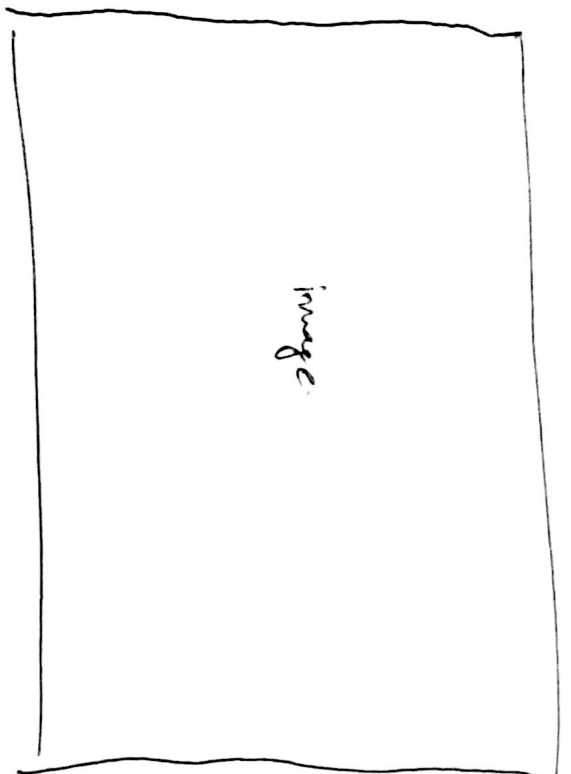


Design 2:



So the graph changes the values from 0 to 255. for the values ~~to~~ in the brush the image values will be converted into five different colors. And the alpha value changes from 0 to 1. which can be changed further.

## Design 3:

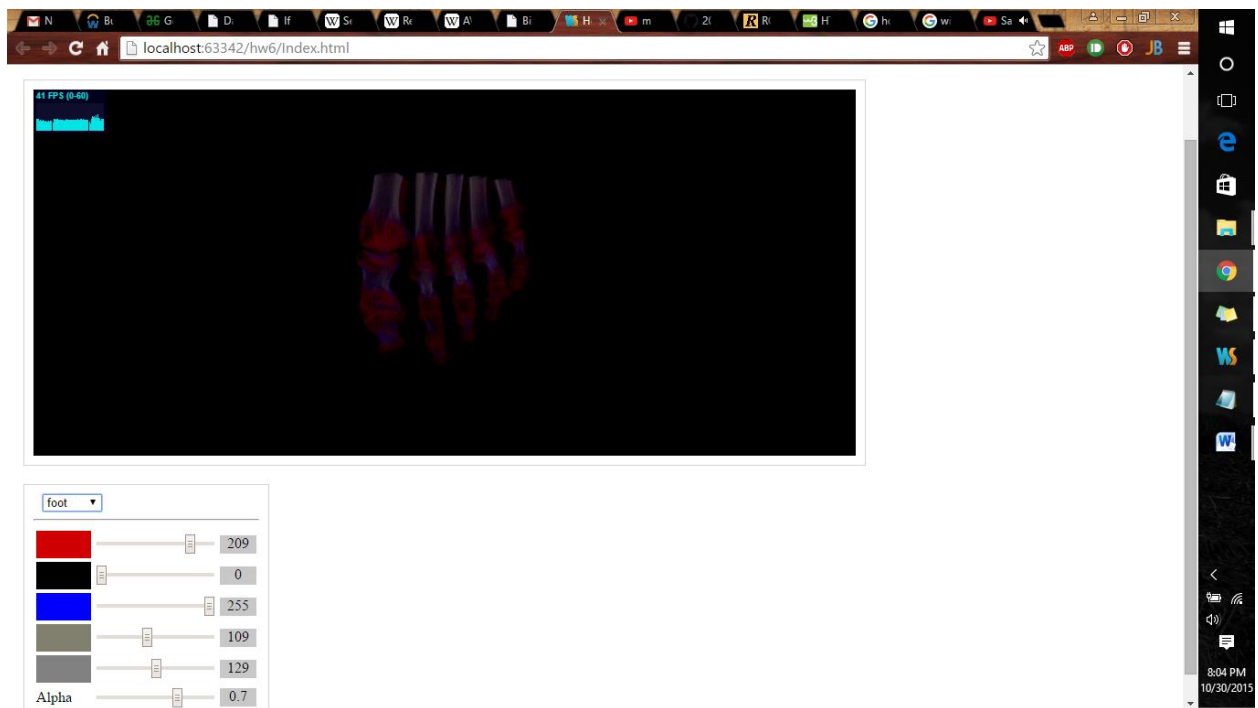


Alpha



when you are choosing different value on the triangle, corresponding RGB values will send to the function.  
Alpha Value is varying from 0 to 1. So the value changes correspondingly.

2B) Below are the interested results:



The above images shows the internal structures very clearly. When I am increasing the green I can see the exterior layers.

2B) Below are the interested results:



2B) Below are the interested results:



Pros:

Using this implementation

1. Can get granule level attributes clearly.
2. Can also view them in different views.
3. Can view the different densities in different colors by using noise reduction.

Cons:

1. It is not showing the overall attributes as it is mixing with noise.
2. Need better transfer function to view tiny details with more precision.