Assignment 1

Solution 1:

a)

Relational Algebra Form:

 $\pi_{dname}((\sigma_{age<40}(Emp)\bowtie_{(Emp.eid=Works.eid)}(Works))\bowtie_{(Works.did=Dept.did}(Dept))$

• Datalog Form:

Q(y):- Dept(x, y, z, w), Works(e, x, p), Emp(e, a, b, c), b< 40

b)

SELECT DISTINCT dept.dname

FROM dept, works

WHERE works.eid

IN (SELECT eid FROM emp WHERE age<40)

AND dept.did = works.did

c)

SELECT DISTINCT emp.ename

FROM emp, dept, works

WHERE emp.salary > dept.budget

AND works.eid=emp.eid

AND dept.did=works.did

d)

SELECT dept.dname, COUNT(works.eid) AS numofemp

FROM dept, works, emp

WHERE works.eid=emp.eid

AND dept.did=works.did

GROUP BY dept.dname

HAVING AVG(emp.salary) < 64000

ORDER BY dept.dname DESC

Solution 2:

Functional Dependencies:

A->B

BC-> E

ED-> A

- a) All keys for R:
 - ACD
 - BCD
 - CDE
- b) R is not in BCNF.

For each functional dependency X->Y, X should have been a super key of R to be in the BCNF. Also, every attribute depends only on super keys in BCNF.

Here, A->B

- A is not a super Key
- R is not in BCNF

Decomposition into a collection of BCNF relations:

 $R = \{A, B, C, D, E\}$

Decomposing R into the following (Considering functional dependency ED->A):

- R1 = {E, D, A}
- R2 = {B, C, D, E}

Now, R1 is in BCNF.

Further decomposing R2 (considering functional dependency BC->E):

- R21 = {B, C, E}
- R22 = {B, C, D}

Hence, R1 {A, D, E}, R21 {B, C, E}, R22 {B, C, D} are the desired collection of BCNF relations.

c) R is in 3NF.

A relation R is in 3NF if for each FD X->Y in R, X is a super key 'or' Y is part of a key. Here,

- A->B
 - B is part of a candidate key BCD.
- BC-> E
 - E is part of a candidate key CDE.
- ED->A

A is part of a candidate key ACD.