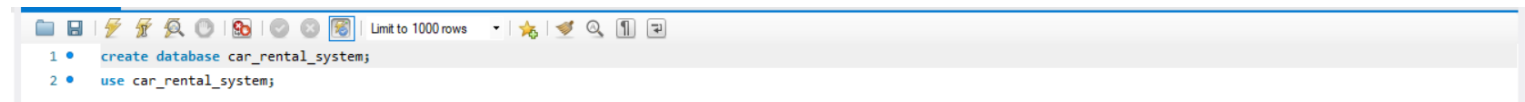
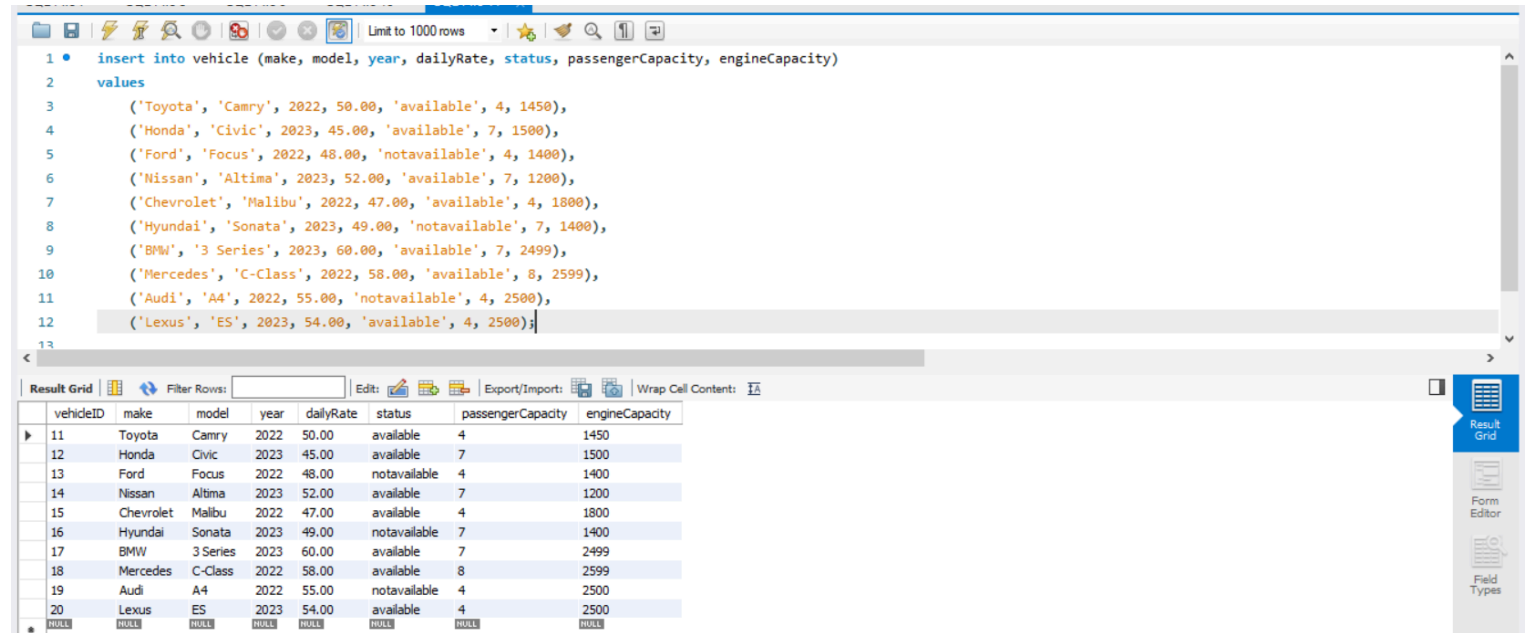
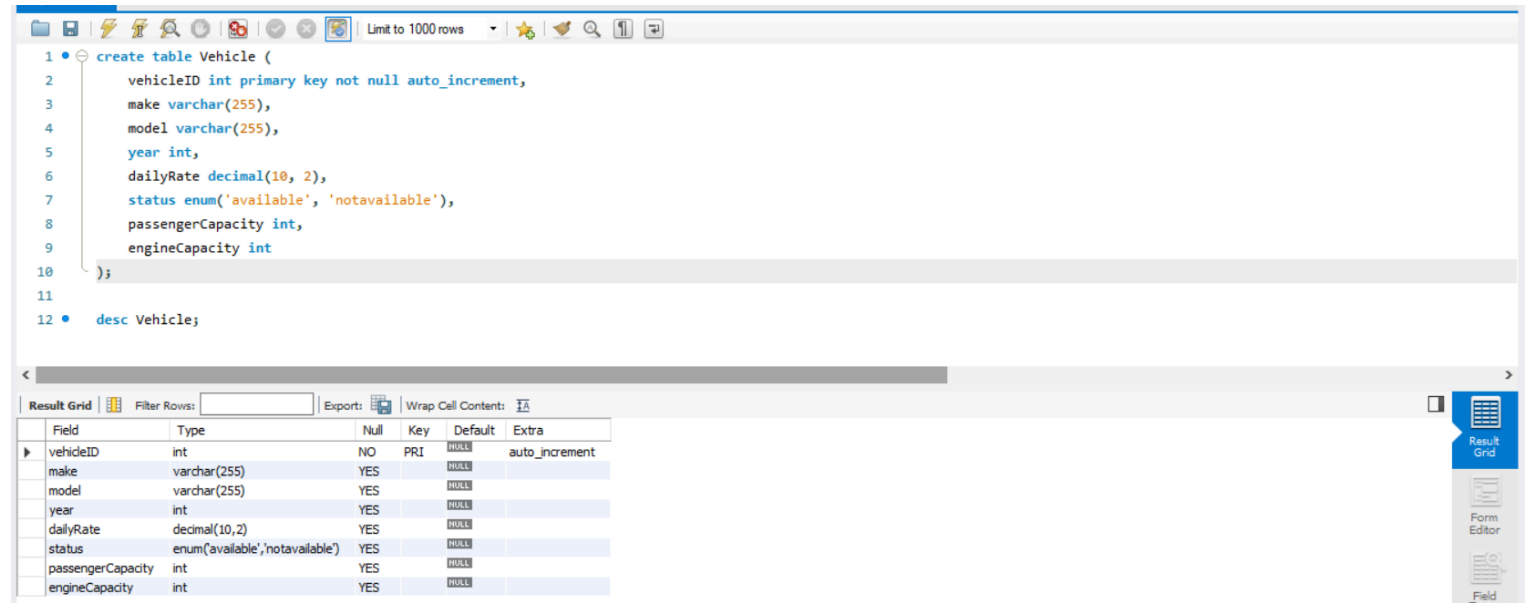


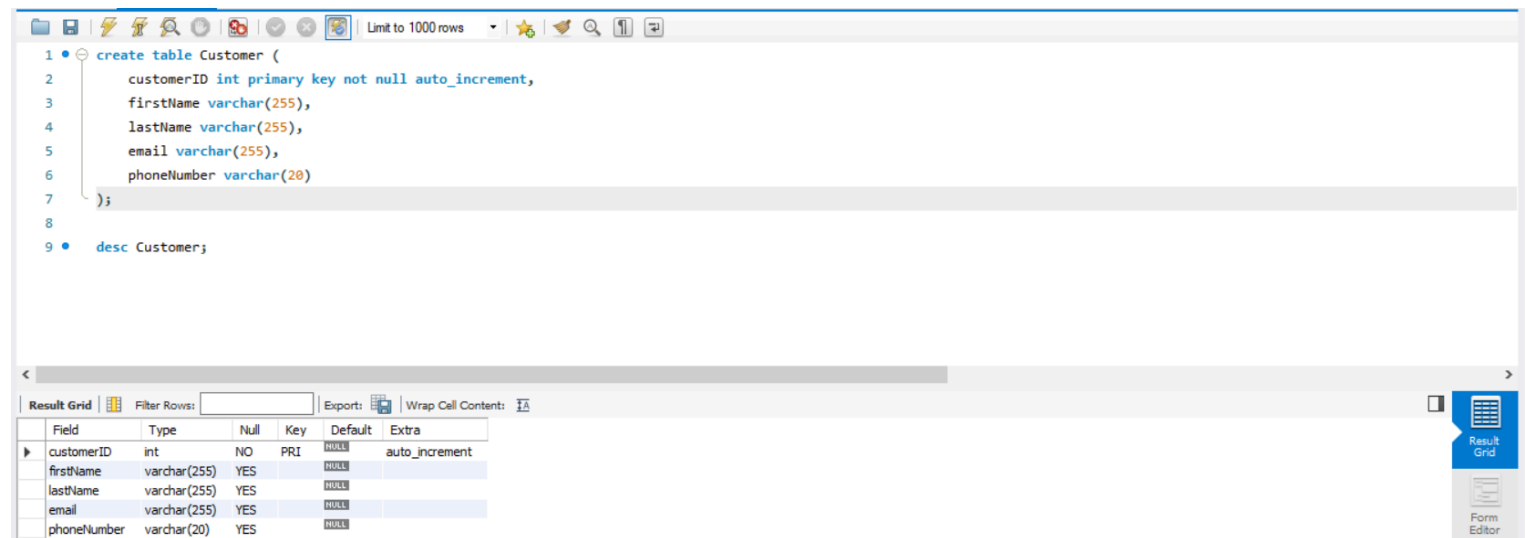
Creating DB -



Creating Vehicle Table -



Creating Customer Table -



Limit to 1000 rows

```

1 • insert into customer (firstName, lastName, email, phoneNumber)
2   values
3     ('John', 'Doe', 'johndoe@example.com', '555-555-5555'),
4     ('Jane', 'Smith', 'janesmith@example.com', '555-123-4567'),
5     ('Robert', 'Johnson', 'robert@example.com', '555-789-1234'),
6     ('Sarah', 'Brown', 'sarah@example.com', '555-456-7890'),
7     ('David', 'Lee', 'david@example.com', '555-987-6543'),
8     ('Laura', 'Hall', 'laura@example.com', '555-234-5678'),
9     ('Michael', 'Davis', 'michael@example.com', '555-876-5432'),
10    ('Emma', 'Wilson', 'emma@example.com', '555-432-1098'),
11    ('William', 'Taylor', 'william@example.com', '555-321-6547'),
12    ('Olivia', 'Adams', 'olivia@example.com', '555-765-4321');
13
14 • select * from customer;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Edit: | Export/Import: | Wrap Cell Content: I A

customerID	firstName	lastName	email	phoneNumber
1	John	Doe	johndoe@example.com	555-555-5555
2	Jane	Smith	janesmith@example.com	555-123-4567
3	Robert	Johnson	robert@example.com	555-789-1234
4	Sarah	Brown	sarah@example.com	555-456-7890
5	David	Lee	david@example.com	555-987-6543
6	Laura	Hall	laura@example.com	555-234-5678
7	Michael	Davis	michael@example.com	555-876-5432
8	Emma	Wilson	emma@example.com	555-432-1098
9	William	Taylor	william@example.com	555-321-6547
10	Olivia	Adams	olivia@example.com	555-765-4321
NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Result Grid | Form Editor | Field Types

Creating Lease Table -

Limit to 1000 rows

```

1 • create table Lease (
2     leaseID int primary key not null auto_increment,
3     vehicleID int,
4     customerID int,
5     startDate date,
6     endDate date,
7     type enum('dailylease', 'monthlylease'),
8     foreign key (vehicleID) references Vehicle(vehicleID),
9     foreign key (customerID) references Customer(customerID)
10 );
11
12 • desc Lease;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: I A

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
leaseID	int	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
vehicleID	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
customerID	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
startDate	date	YES		NULL	
endDate	date	YES		NULL	
type	enum('dailylease','monthlylease')	YES		NULL	

Result Grid | Form Editor | Field Types

Limit to 1000 rows

```

1 • insert into Lease (vehicleID, customerID, startDate, endDate, type)
2   values
3     (14, 4, '2023-04-20', '2023-04-30', 'Monthly'),
4     (15, 5, '2023-05-05', '2023-05-10', 'Daily'),
5     (16, 3, '2023-06-15', '2023-06-30', 'Monthly'),
6     (17, 7, '2023-07-01', '2023-07-10', 'Daily'),
7     (18, 8, '2023-08-12', '2023-08-15', 'Monthly'),
8     (19, 3, '2023-09-07', '2023-09-10', 'Daily'),
9     (20, 10, '2023-10-10', '2023-10-31', 'Monthly');
10
11 • select * from lease;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Edit: | Export/Import: | Wrap Cell Content: I A

leaseID	vehicleID	customerID	startDate	endDate	type
1	11	1	2023-01-01	2023-01-05	Daily
2	12	2	2023-02-15	2023-02-28	Monthly
3	13	3	2023-03-10	2023-03-15	Daily
4	14	4	2023-04-20	2023-04-30	Monthly
5	15	5	2023-05-05	2023-05-10	Daily
6	16	3	2023-06-15	2023-06-30	Monthly
7	17	7	2023-07-01	2023-07-10	Daily
8	18	8	2023-08-12	2023-08-15	Monthly
9	19	3	2023-09-07	2023-09-10	Daily
10	20	10	2023-10-10	2023-10-31	Monthly

Result Grid | Form Editor | Field Types

Creating Payment Table -

Limit to 1000 rows

1

•

create table Payment (
2 paymentID int primary key not null auto_increment,
3 leaseID int,
4 paymentDate date,
5 amount decimal(10, 2),
6 foreign key (leaseID) references Lease(leaseID)
7);
8
9 • desc Payment;

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Export:

Wrap Cell Content: [fA](#)

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
paymentID	int	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
leaseID	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
paymentDate	date	YES		NULL	
amount	decimal(10,2)	YES		NULL	

Result Grid

Limit to 1000 rows

1

•

insert into payment (leaseID, paymentDate, amount)
2 values
3 (1, '2023-01-03', 200.00),
4 (2, '2023-02-20', 1000.00),
5 (3, '2023-03-12', 75.00),
6 (4, '2023-04-25', 900.00),
7 (5, '2023-05-07', 60.00),
8 (6, '2023-06-18', 1200.00),
9 (7, '2023-07-03', 40.00),
10 (8, '2023-08-14', 1100.00),
11 (9, '2023-09-09', 80.00),
12 (10, '2023-10-25', 1500.00);
13
14 • select * from payment;

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Edit:

Export/Import:

Wrap Cell Content: [fA](#)

paymentID	leaseID	paymentDate	amount
1	1	2023-01-03	200.00
2	2	2023-02-20	1000.00
3	3	2023-03-12	75.00
4	4	2023-04-25	900.00
5	5	2023-05-07	60.00
6	6	2023-06-18	1200.00
7	7	2023-07-03	40.00
8	8	2023-08-14	1100.00
9	9	2023-09-09	80.00
10	10	2023-10-25	1500.00
NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Result Grid
Form Editor
Field Types

Tasks

1. Update the daily rate for a Mercedes car to 68.

1 • update vehicle

2 • set dailyRate = 68.00

3 • where make = 'Mercedes';

4

5 • select * from vehicle;

Result Grid

vehicleID	make	model	year	dailyRate	status	passengerCapacity	engineCapacity
11	Toyota	Camry	2022	50.00	available	4	1450
12	Honda	Civic	2023	45.00	available	7	1500
13	Ford	Focus	2022	48.00	notavailable	4	1400
14	Nissan	Altima	2023	52.00	available	7	1200
15	Chevrolet	Malibu	2022	47.00	available	4	1800
16	Hyundai	Sonata	2023	49.00	notavailable	7	1400
17	BMW	3 Series	2023	60.00	available	7	2499
18	Mercedes	C-Class	2022	68.00	available	8	2599
19	Audi	A4	2022	55.00	notavailable	4	2600

2. Delete a specific customer and all associated leases and payments.

1 • SET FOREIGN_KEY_CHECKS = 0;

2

3 • DELETE FROM payment

4 • WHERE leaseID IN (SELECT leaseID FROM lease WHERE customerID = 3);

5

6 • DELETE FROM lease WHERE customerID = 3;

7

8 • DELETE FROM customer WHERE customerID = 3;

9

10 • SET FOREIGN_KEY_CHECKS = 1;

11

12 • select * from customer;

Result Grid

customerID	firstName	lastName	email	phoneNumber
1	John	Doe	johndoe@example.com	555-555-5555
2	Jane	Smith	janesmith@example.com	555-123-4567
4	Sarah	Brown	sarah@example.com	555-456-7890
5	David	Lee	david@example.com	555-987-6543
6	Laura	Hall	laura@example.com	555-234-5678

11

12 • select * from lease;

Result Grid

leaseID	vehicleID	customerID	startDate	endDate	type
1	11	1	2023-01-01	2023-01-05	Daily
2	12	2	2023-02-15	2023-02-28	Monthly
4	14	4	2023-04-20	2023-04-30	Monthly
5	15	5	2023-05-05	2023-05-10	Daily
7	17	7	2023-07-01	2023-07-10	Daily
8	18	8	2023-08-12	2023-08-15	Monthly

11

12 • select * from payment;

Result Grid

paymentID	leaseID	transactionDate	amount
1	1	2023-01-03	200.00
4	4	2023-04-25	900.00
5	5	2023-05-07	60.00
7	7	2023-07-03	40.00
8	8	2023-08-14	1100.00
10	10	2023-10-25	1500.00

3. Rename the "paymentDate" column in the Payment table to "transactionDate".

4. Find a specific customer by email.

```
1 SELECT *
2 FROM Customer
3 WHERE email = 'robert@example.com';
```

5. Get active leases for a specific customer.

```
1 • SELECT
2     lease.leaseID, vehicle.vehicleID, lease.customerID
3 FROM
4     lease
5 JOIN
6     vehicle ON lease.vehicleID = vehicle.vehicleID
7 WHERE
8     lease.customerID = 4
9     AND vehicle.status = 'available'
10    AND CURDATE() BETWEEN lease.startDate AND lease.endDate;
```

6. Find all payments made by a customer with a specific phone number.

The screenshot displays the SQL Server Enterprise Manager interface. The top toolbar includes icons for file operations, execution, and navigation. The query window shows a SQL query with the following text:

```
1 • SELECT Payment.*
2 FROM Payment
3 INNER JOIN Lease ON Payment.leaseID = Lease.leaseID
4 INNER JOIN Customer ON Lease.customerID = Customer.customerID
5 WHERE Customer.phoneNumber = '555-432-1098';
```

Below the query window, the 'Result Grid' is visible, showing a single row of data. The columns are labeled 'paymentID', 'leaseID', 'transactionDate', and 'amount'. The data row contains the values 8, 8, 2023-08-14, and 1100.00 respectively. The bottom right corner features a 'Result Grid' button.

7. Calculate the average daily rate of all available cars.

```
1 • SELECT AVG(dailyRate) AS averageDailyRate
2 FROM vehicle
3 WHERE status = 'available';
```

Result Grid

averageDailyRate
53.714286

8. Find the car with the highest daily rate.

```
1 • SELECT vehicle.*
2 FROM vehicle
3 WHERE dailyRate = (
4     select MAX(dailyRate) from vehicle
5 );
```

Result Grid

vehicleID	make	model	year	dailyRate	status	passengerCapacity	engineCapacity
18	Mercedes	C-Class	2022	68.00	available	8	2599

9. Retrieve all cars leased by a specific customer.

```
1 • select c.customerID, c.firstName, c.lastName, v.*
2 from vehicle v
3 join lease l on l.vehicleID = v.vehicleID
4 join customer c on c.customerID = l.customerID
5 where c.customerID = 4;
```

Result Grid

customerID	firstName	lastName	vehicleID	make	model	year	dailyRate	status	passengerCapacity	engineCapacity
4	Sarah	Brown	14	Nissan	Altima	2023	52.00	available	7	1200

10. Find the details of the most recent lease.

```
1 • SELECT *
2 FROM lease
3 WHERE startDate = (
4     SELECT MAX(startDate)
5     FROM lease
6 );
```

Result Grid

leaseID	vehicleID	customerID	startDate	endDate	type
10	20	10	2023-10-10	2023-10-31	Monthly

11. List all payments made in the year 2023.

SQL Editor

```

1 • select *
2   from payment
3  where year(transactionDate) = 2023;

```

Limit to 1000 rows

Result Grid

	paymentID	leaseID	transactionDate	amount
▶	1	1	2023-01-03	200.00
	3	3	2023-03-12	75.00
	4	4	2023-04-25	900.00
	5	5	2023-05-07	60.00
	6	6	2023-06-18	1200.00
	7	7	2023-07-03	40.00
	8	8	2023-08-14	1100.00
	9	9	2023-09-09	80.00
	10	10	2023-10-25	1500.00
*	NUL	NUL	NUL	NUL

Form Editor
Field Types

12. Retrieve customers who have not made any payments.

The screenshot shows the SQL Editor with the following query:

```
1 SELECT * FROM Customer
2 WHERE customerID NOT IN (SELECT DISTINCT customerID FROM Payment);
3
```

The bottom status bar shows the "Result Grid" tab is active, displaying a table with 5 columns: customerID, firstName, lastName, email, and phoneNumber. The first row shows all NULL values.

13. Retrieve Car Details and Their Total Payments.

Limit to 1000 rows

```

1 • select v.*, coalesce(sum(p.amount), 0) as total_payment
2   from vehicle v
3  left join lease l on v.vehicleID = l.vehicleID
4  left join payment p on p.leaseID = l.leaseID
5  group by v.vehicleID;

```

< >

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Contents: [⌕](#)

	vehicleID	make	model	year	dailyRate	status	passengerCapacity	engineCapacity	total_payment
▶	11	Toyota	Camry	2022	50.00	available	4	1450	200.00
	12	Honda	Civic	2023	45.00	available	7	1500	0.00
	13	Ford	Focus	2022	48.00	notavailable	4	1400	75.00
	14	Nissan	Altima	2023	52.00	available	7	1200	900.00
	15	Chevrolet	Malibu	2022	47.00	available	4	1800	60.00
	16	Hyundai	Sonata	2023	49.00	notavailable	7	1400	1200.00
	17	BMW	3 Series	2023	60.00	available	7	2499	40.00
	18	Mercedes	C-Class	2022	68.00	available	8	2599	1100.00
	19	Audi	A4	2022	55.00	notavailable	4	2500	80.00
	20	Lexus	ES	2023	54.00	available	4	2500	1500.00

Form Editor
Field Types

14. Calculate Total Payments for Each Customer.

Limit to 1000 rows

1

select c.*, coalesce(SUM(p.amount), 0) as totalPayment

2

from customer c

3

left join lease l on c.customerID = l.customerID

4

left join payment p on p.leaseID = l.leaseID

5

group by c.customerID;

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Export:

Wrap Cell Content: [↗](#)

customerID	firstName	lastName	email	phoneNumber	totalPayment
1	John	Doe	john.doe@example.com	555-555-5555	200.00
2	Jane	Smith	jane.smith@example.com	555-123-4567	0.00
3	Robert	Johnson	robert@example.com	555-789-1234	1355.00
4	Sarah	Brown	sarah@example.com	555-456-7890	900.00
5	David	Lee	david@example.com	555-987-6543	60.00
6	Laura	Hall	laura@example.com	555-234-5678	0.00
7	Michael	Davis	michael@example.com	555-876-5432	40.00
8	Emma	Wilson	emma@example.com	555-432-1098	1100.00
9	William	Taylor	william@example.com	555-321-6547	0.00
10	Olivia	Adams	olivia@example.com	555-765-4321	1500.00

Result Grid

Form Editor

Field Types

15. List Car Details for Each Lease.

Limit to 1000 rows

1

select l.leaseID, v.*

2

from lease l

3

left join vehicle v on v.vehicleID = l.vehicleID;

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Export:

Wrap Cell Content: [↗](#)

leaseID	vehicleID	make	model	year	dailyRate	status	passengerCapacity	engineCapacity
1	11	Toyota	Camry	2022	50.00	available	4	1450
2	12	Honda	Civic	2023	45.00	available	7	1500
3	13	Ford	Focus	2022	48.00	notavailable	4	1400
4	14	Nissan	Altima	2023	52.00	available	7	1200
5	15	Chevrolet	Malibu	2022	47.00	available	4	1800
6	16	Hyundai	Sonata	2023	49.00	notavailable	7	1400
7	17	BMW	3 Series	2023	60.00	available	7	2499
8	18	Mercedes	C-Class	2022	68.00	available	8	2599
9	19	Audi	A4	2022	55.00	notavailable	4	2500
10	20	Lexus	ES	2023	54.00	available	4	2500

Result Grid

Form Editor

Field Types

16. Retrieve Details of Active Leases with Customer and Car Information.

Limit to 1000 rows

1

select l.leaseID, c.firstName, v.make

2

from lease l

3

left join vehicle v on v.vehicleID = l.vehicleID

4

left join customer c on c.customerID = l.customerID

5

where l.endDate >= curdate();

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Export:

Wrap Cell Content: [↗](#)

leaseID	firstName	make
---------	-----------	------

Result Grid

17. Find the Customer Who Has Spent the Most on Leases.

```
1 • SELECT c.customerID, c.firstName, c.lastName, COALESCE(SUM(p.amount), 0) AS totalPayments
2 FROM Customer c
3 LEFT JOIN Lease l ON c.customerID = l.customerID
4 LEFT JOIN Payment p ON l.leaseID = p.leaseID
5 GROUP BY c.customerID
6 ORDER BY totalPayments DESC
7 LIMIT 1;
```

Result Grid

	customerID	firstName	lastName	totalPayments
▶	10	Olivia	Adams	1500.00

18. List All Cars with Their Current Lease Information.

Limit to 1000 rows

1

select v.vehicleID, l.*

from vehicle v

left join lease l on l.vehicleID = v.vehicleID;

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Export:

Wrap Cell Content:

	vehicleID	leaseID	vehicleID	customerID	startDate	endDate	type
▶	11	1	11	1	2023-01-01	2023-01-05	Daily
	12	2	12	2	2023-02-15	2023-02-28	Monthly
	13	3	13	3	2023-03-10	2023-03-15	Daily
	14	4	14	4	2023-04-20	2023-04-30	Monthly
	15	5	15	5	2023-05-05	2023-05-10	Daily
	16	6	16	3	2023-06-15	2023-06-30	Monthly
	17	7	17	7	2023-07-01	2023-07-10	Daily
	18	8	18	8	2023-08-12	2023-08-15	Monthly
	19	9	19	3	2023-09-07	2023-09-10	Daily
	20	10	20	10	2023-10-10	2023-10-31	Monthly

Result Grid

Form Editor

Field Types