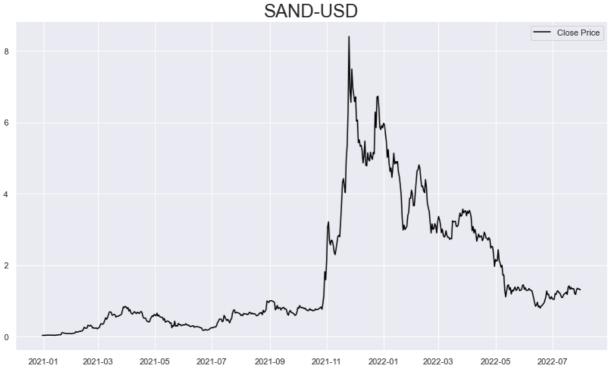
APPENDIX

In [1]:

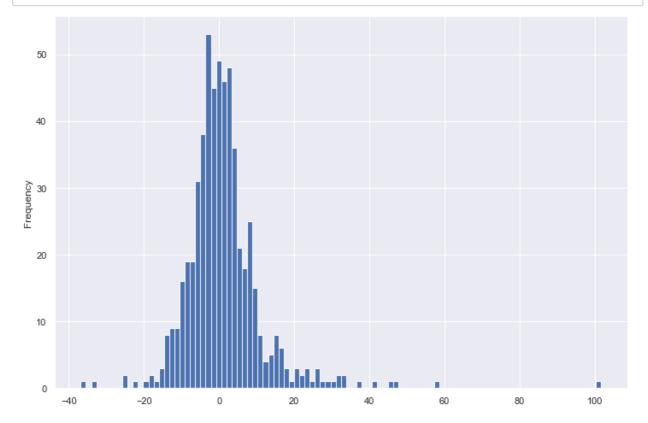
import numpy as np

```
import pandas as pd
        from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, PolynomialFeatures
        from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
        from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
        import pandas datareader
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import seaborn as sns
        import datetime
        import warnings
        import yfinance as yf
        from statsmodels.graphics.tsaplots import plot_acf, plot_pacf
        from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
        from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, LSTM, RepeatVector
        from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
        from tensorflow.keras.losses import MeanSquaredError
        warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
        sns.set_theme(style="darkgrid")
        %matplotlib inline
In [2]: | crypto = "SAND-USD"
        df = yf.download(crypto, start="2021-01-01", end="2022-08-01")
        [********* 100%********** 1 of 1 completed
```



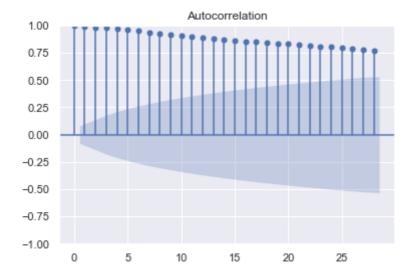


```
In [4]: df["Lag"] = df["Close"].shift(periods=1)
    df["Diff"] = df["Close"].sub(df["Lag"])
    df["Return"] = ((df["Close"].div(df["Lag"])).sub(1)).mul(100)
    df = df[["Close", "Return"]]
    retn = df["Return"]
    retn = retn.dropna()
    retn.plot(kind="hist", figsize=(12,8),bins=100)
    plt.show()
```



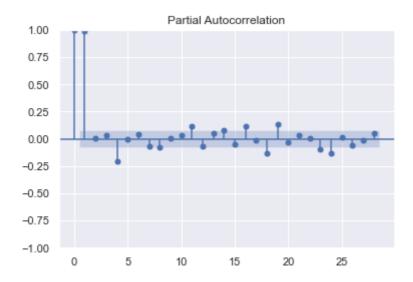
```
In [5]: plt.figure(figsize=(11, 7))
    plot_acf(df["Close"])
    plt.show()
```

<Figure size 792x504 with 0 Axes>



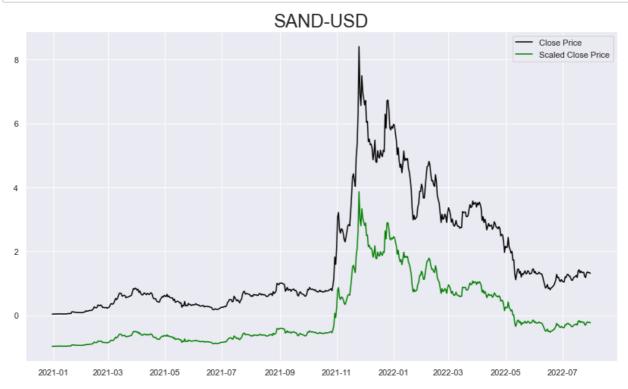
```
In [6]: plt.figure(figsize=(11, 7))
    plot_pacf(df["Close"])
    plt.show()
```

<Figure size 792x504 with 0 Axes>



```
In [7]: scaler = StandardScaler()
    scaled = scaler.fit_transform(df["Close"].values.reshape(-1,1))
    df["Scaled Values"] = scaled
    df = df[["Close", "Scaled Values"]]
```

```
In [8]: plt.figure(figsize=(14,8))
    plt.plot(df["Close"], color="black", label="Close Price")
    plt.plot(df["Scaled Values"], color="green", label="Scaled Close Price")
    plt.legend()
    plt.title(crypto, size=24)
    plt.show()
```



```
In [9]: crypto = "SAND-USD"
        lstm_pred = []
        lr_pred = []
        rf_pred = []
        poly = PolynomialFeatures(degree=2)
        linearmodel = LinearRegression()
        rfmodel = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=25, min_samples_split=4, oob_score=
        True)
        lstm_model = Sequential()
        lstm_model.add(LSTM(units=60, input_shape=(2,1)))
        lstm_model.add(Dropout(0.1))
        lstm model.add(RepeatVector(1))
        lstm_model.add(LSTM(units=30, return_sequences=True))
        lstm model.add(Dense(units=15))
        lstm model.add(Dense(units=7))
        lstm model.add(Dropout(0.1))
        lstm model.add(Dense(units=1))
        lstm_model.compile(optimizer=Adam(), loss=MeanSquaredError())
```

```
In [10]: def start_algorithm(start_date, end_date, iterate=False):
    df = get_data(start_date, end_date)
    x_lr, y_lr = preprocess(df, algo="lr")
    x_rf, y_rf = preprocess(df, algo="rf")
    x_lstm, y_lstm = preprocess(df, algo="lstm")
    if iterate == False:
        pred_lr = fit_lr(x_lr, y_lr)
        pred_rf = fit_rf(x_rf, y_rf)
        pred_lstm = fit_lstm(x_lstm, y_lstm)
    elif iterate == True:
        pred_lr = fit_lr(x_lr, y_lr, refit=True)
        pred_rf = fit_rf(x_rf, y_rf, refit=True)
        pred_lstm = fit_lstm(x_lstm, y_lstm, refit=True)
        token, ans = give_token(y=y_rf[-1], rf=pred_rf, lr=pred_lr, lstm=pred_lstm)
    return token, ans
```

```
In [11]: def get_data(start_date, end_date):
    return pandas_datareader.DataReader(crypto, 'yahoo', start=start_date, end=e
    nd_date)
```

```
In [12]: def preprocess(df, algo):
             scaler = StandardScaler()
             scaled = scaler.fit transform(df["Close"].values.reshape(-1,1))
             df["Scaled Values"] = scaled
             df = df[["Close","Scaled Values"]]
             if algo != "lstm":
                  df["Lag 1"] = df["Scaled Values"].shift(periods=1)
                 df["Lag 2"] = df["Scaled Values"].shift(periods=2)
                 df.interpolate(axis=1, inplace=True)
                 x1 = df["Lag 1"].to_numpy().reshape(-1,1)
                 x2 = df["Lag 2"].to_numpy().reshape(-1,1)
                 x = np.concatenate((x1,x2), axis=1)
                 if algo == "lr":
                      y = df["Scaled Values"].to numpy().reshape(-1,1)
                 elif algo == "rf":
                      y = df["Scaled Values"].to_numpy()
             else:
                 timestep = 2
                 x_{temp} = []
                 y_{temp} = []
                 for i in range(timestep, len(df)):
                      x_temp.append(df["Scaled Values"].iloc[i-timestep:i])
                      y_temp.append(df["Scaled Values"].iloc[i])
                 tempx, y = np.array(x_temp), np.array(y_temp)
                 x = tempx.reshape(tempx.shape[0],tempx.shape[1],1)
             return x, y
In [13]: | def fit_lr(x, y, refit=False, first=False):
             px = poly.fit_transform(x)
             if refit == False:
                  linearmodel.fit(px[:-1], y[:-1])
                  linearmodel.fit(px, y)
             ans = linearmodel.predict(np.array([px[-1]]))
             if first == False:
                  lr_pred.append(ans[0][0])
             return ans[0][0]
In [14]:
         def fit_rf(x, y, refit=False, first=False):
             if refit == False:
                  rfmodel.fit(x[:-1], y[:-1])
             else:
                 rfmodel.fit(x, y)
             ans = rfmodel.predict(np.array([x[-1]]))
             if first == False:
                  rf_pred.append(ans[0])
             return ans[0]
In [15]: def fit_lstm(x, y, refit=False, first=False):
             if refit == False:
                  lstm_model.fit(x[:-1], y[:-1], batch_size=12, epochs=18, verbose=0)
                  lstm_model.fit(x, y, batch_size=12, epochs=18, verbose=0)
             ans = lstm model.predict(np.array([x[-1]]), verbose=0)
             if first == False:
                  lstm pred.append(ans[0][0][0])
             return ans[0][0][0]
```

```
In [16]: def give_token(y, rf, lr, lstm):
             if abs(y-rf) < abs(y-lr) and abs(y-rf) < abs(y-lstm):
                 return "Random Forest", rf
             elif abs(y-lr) < abs(y-rf) and abs(y-lr) < abs(y-lstm):
                 return "Polynomial Regression", 1r
             elif abs(y-lstm) < abs(y-lr) and abs(y-lstm) < abs(y-rf):</pre>
                 return "LSTM", 1stm
In [17]: | def make_prediction(token, start_date, end_date):
             df = get_data(start_date, end_date)
             if token == "lr":
                 x, y = preprocess(df, algo=token)
                 answer = fit_lr(x, y, refit=True, first=True)
                 return answer
             elif token == "rf":
                 x, y = preprocess(df, algo=token)
                 answer = fit_rf(x, y, refit=True, first=True)
                 return answer
             elif token == "lstm":
                 x, y = preprocess(df, algo="lstm")
                 answer = fit_lstm(x, y, refit=True, first=True)
                 return answer
```

```
In [18]: | token = ""
         start_date = datetime.datetime(2022, 1, 2)
         end_date = datetime.datetime(2022, 1, 21)
         flag = False
         prediction = 0
         pred_list = []
         days = []
         while(end_date != datetime.datetime(2022, 8, 31)):
             if token == "":
                 token, _ = start_algorithm(start_date, end_date)
                 print(f"Initial token given to {token} for {end_date.date()}")
             else:
                 if flag == False:
                      start date += datetime.timedelta(days=1)
                      prediction = make_prediction(token, start_date, end_date)
                      pred_list.append(prediction)
                      days.append(end_date)
                      start_date += datetime.timedelta(days=1)
                      end_date += datetime.timedelta(days=1)
                      token, prediction = start_algorithm(start_date, end_date, iterate=Tr
         ue)
                      pred_list.append(prediction)
                      days.append(end_date)
                      flag = True
                      print(f"{token} predicts for {end_date.date()}")
                 else:
                      start date += datetime.timedelta(days=1)
                      end_date += datetime.timedelta(days=1)
                      token, prediction = start_algorithm(start_date, end_date, iterate=Tr
         ue)
                      pred_list.append(prediction)
                      days.append(end date)
                      print(f"{token} predicts for {end_date.date()}")
```

```
Initial token given to Polynomial Regression for 2022-01-21
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-01-22
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-01-23
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-01-24
Random Forest predicts for 2022-01-25
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-01-26
Random Forest predicts for 2022-01-27
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-01-28
LSTM predicts for 2022-01-29
LSTM predicts for 2022-01-30
Random Forest predicts for 2022-01-31
Random Forest predicts for 2022-02-01
LSTM predicts for 2022-02-02
LSTM predicts for 2022-02-03
Random Forest predicts for 2022-02-04
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-02-05
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-02-06
Random Forest predicts for 2022-02-07
Random Forest predicts for 2022-02-08
Random Forest predicts for 2022-02-09
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-02-10
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-02-11
Random Forest predicts for 2022-02-12
Random Forest predicts for 2022-02-13
Random Forest predicts for 2022-02-14
LSTM predicts for 2022-02-15
LSTM predicts for 2022-02-16
Random Forest predicts for 2022-02-17
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-02-18
Random Forest predicts for 2022-02-19
Random Forest predicts for 2022-02-20
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-02-21
Random Forest predicts for 2022-02-22
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-02-23
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-02-24
Random Forest predicts for 2022-02-25
Random Forest predicts for 2022-02-26
Random Forest predicts for 2022-02-27
Random Forest predicts for 2022-02-28
LSTM predicts for 2022-03-01
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-03-02
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-03-03
Random Forest predicts for 2022-03-04
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-03-05
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-03-06
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-03-07
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-03-08
Random Forest predicts for 2022-03-09
Random Forest predicts for 2022-03-10
Random Forest predicts for 2022-03-11
Random Forest predicts for 2022-03-12
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-03-13
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-03-14
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-03-15
Random Forest predicts for 2022-03-16
Random Forest predicts for 2022-03-17
Random Forest predicts for 2022-03-18
Random Forest predicts for 2022-03-19
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-03-20
Random Forest predicts for 2022-03-21
Random Forest predicts for 2022-03-22
Random Forest predicts for 2022-03-23
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-03-24
Random Forest predicts for 2022-03-25
Random Forest predicts for 2022-03-26
```

```
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-03-27
Random Forest predicts for 2022-03-28
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-03-29
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-03-30
Random Forest predicts for 2022-03-31
Random Forest predicts for 2022-04-01
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-04-02
Random Forest predicts for 2022-04-03
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-04-04
LSTM predicts for 2022-04-05
Random Forest predicts for 2022-04-06
Random Forest predicts for 2022-04-07
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-04-08
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-04-09
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-04-10
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-04-11
Random Forest predicts for 2022-04-12
Random Forest predicts for 2022-04-13
Random Forest predicts for 2022-04-14
Random Forest predicts for 2022-04-15
Random Forest predicts for 2022-04-16
Random Forest predicts for 2022-04-17
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-04-18
LSTM predicts for 2022-04-19
Random Forest predicts for 2022-04-20
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-04-21
Random Forest predicts for 2022-04-22
Random Forest predicts for 2022-04-23
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-04-24
Random Forest predicts for 2022-04-25
Random Forest predicts for 2022-04-26
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-04-27
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-04-28
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-04-29
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-04-30
Random Forest predicts for 2022-05-01
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-05-02
Random Forest predicts for 2022-05-03
LSTM predicts for 2022-05-04
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-05-05
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-05-06
Random Forest predicts for 2022-05-07
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-05-08
Random Forest predicts for 2022-05-09
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-05-10
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-05-11
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-05-12
Random Forest predicts for 2022-05-13
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-05-14
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-05-15
Random Forest predicts for 2022-05-16
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-05-17
Random Forest predicts for 2022-05-18
Random Forest predicts for 2022-05-19
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-05-20
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-05-21
Random Forest predicts for 2022-05-22
Random Forest predicts for 2022-05-23
Random Forest predicts for 2022-05-24
LSTM predicts for 2022-05-25
LSTM predicts for 2022-05-26
Random Forest predicts for 2022-05-27
Random Forest predicts for 2022-05-28
Random Forest predicts for 2022-05-29
Random Forest predicts for 2022-05-30
```

```
Random Forest predicts for 2022-05-31
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-06-01
Random Forest predicts for 2022-06-02
Random Forest predicts for 2022-06-03
Random Forest predicts for 2022-06-04
Random Forest predicts for 2022-06-05
LSTM predicts for 2022-06-06
Random Forest predicts for 2022-06-07
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-06-08
Random Forest predicts for 2022-06-09
Random Forest predicts for 2022-06-10
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-06-11
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-06-12
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-06-13
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-06-14
Random Forest predicts for 2022-06-15
Random Forest predicts for 2022-06-16
Random Forest predicts for 2022-06-17
Random Forest predicts for 2022-06-18
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-06-19
Random Forest predicts for 2022-06-20
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-06-21
Random Forest predicts for 2022-06-22
LSTM predicts for 2022-06-23
LSTM predicts for 2022-06-24
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-06-25
Random Forest predicts for 2022-06-26
Random Forest predicts for 2022-06-27
Random Forest predicts for 2022-06-28
Random Forest predicts for 2022-06-29
Random Forest predicts for 2022-06-30
Random Forest predicts for 2022-07-01
Random Forest predicts for 2022-07-02
LSTM predicts for 2022-07-03
Random Forest predicts for 2022-07-04
Random Forest predicts for 2022-07-05
Random Forest predicts for 2022-07-06
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-07-07
Random Forest predicts for 2022-07-08
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-07-09
LSTM predicts for 2022-07-10
Random Forest predicts for 2022-07-11
Random Forest predicts for 2022-07-12
Random Forest predicts for 2022-07-13
Random Forest predicts for 2022-07-14
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-07-15
Random Forest predicts for 2022-07-16
LSTM predicts for 2022-07-17
Random Forest predicts for 2022-07-18
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-07-19
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-07-20
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-07-21
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-07-22
Random Forest predicts for 2022-07-23
Random Forest predicts for 2022-07-24
LSTM predicts for 2022-07-25
Random Forest predicts for 2022-07-26
Random Forest predicts for 2022-07-27
Random Forest predicts for 2022-07-28
Random Forest predicts for 2022-07-29
Random Forest predicts for 2022-07-30
Random Forest predicts for 2022-07-31
Random Forest predicts for 2022-08-01
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-08-02
Random Forest predicts for 2022-08-03
```

```
LSTM predicts for 2022-08-04
Random Forest predicts for 2022-08-05
LSTM predicts for 2022-08-06
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-08-07
Random Forest predicts for 2022-08-08
LSTM predicts for 2022-08-09
Random Forest predicts for 2022-08-10
Random Forest predicts for 2022-08-11
Random Forest predicts for 2022-08-12
Random Forest predicts for 2022-08-13
Random Forest predicts for 2022-08-14
Random Forest predicts for 2022-08-15
Random Forest predicts for 2022-08-16
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-08-17
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-08-18
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-08-19
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-08-20
Random Forest predicts for 2022-08-21
Random Forest predicts for 2022-08-22
Random Forest predicts for 2022-08-23
Random Forest predicts for 2022-08-24
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-08-25
Random Forest predicts for 2022-08-26
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-08-27
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-08-28
Random Forest predicts for 2022-08-29
Polynomial Regression predicts for 2022-08-30
Random Forest predicts for 2022-08-31
```

```
In [19]: pred_list = np.array(pred_list)
    days = np.array(days)
    lstm_pred = np.array(lstm_pred)
    lr_pred = np.array(lr_pred)
    rf_pred = np.array(rf_pred)
```

```
In [20]: df = get_data(datetime.datetime(2022, 1, 22), datetime.datetime(2022, 8, 31))
x, y = preprocess(df, algo="rf")
```

```
In [21]: plt.figure(figsize=(14, 8))
    plt.plot(days, rf_pred)
    plt.plot(days, lr_pred)
    plt.plot(days, lstm_pred)
    plt.plot(days, y)
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.legend(["Random Forest", "Polynomial Regression", "LSTM", "Actual Price"])
    plt.show()
```



```
In [22]: error_lr = abs(y-lr_pred)
    error_rf = abs(y-rf_pred)
    error_lstm = abs(y-lstm_pred)
```

```
In [23]: plt.figure(figsize=(14, 8))
    plt.plot(days, error_rf)
    plt.plot(days, error_lr)
    plt.plot(days, error_lstm)
    plt.legend(["Random Forest", "Polynomial Regression", "LSTM"])
    plt.show()
```

