



Hands-on Lab: Build an Interactive Dashboard with Plotly Dash

In this lab, you will be building a Plotly Dash application for users to perform interactive visual analytics on SpaceX launch data in real time.

This dashboard application contains input components such as a dropdown list and a range slider to interact with a pie chart and a scatter point chart. You will be guided to build this dashboard application via the following tasks:

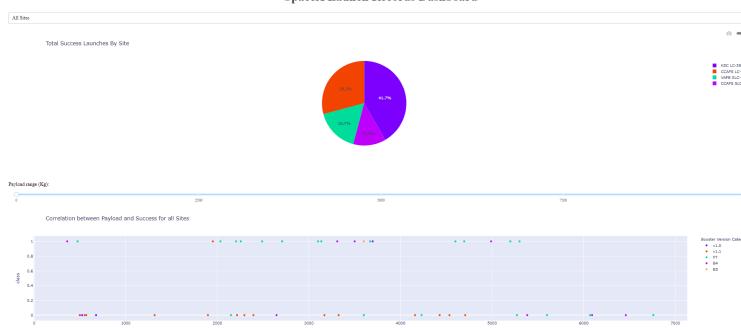
- TASK 1: Add a dropdown Input Component
- TASK 2: Add a callback function to render a scatter plot based on selected site dropdown
- TASK 3: Add a Range Slider to Select Payload
- TASK 4: Add a callback function to render the success-payload scatter chart scatter plot

Note: Please take screenshots of the dashboard and save them. Further upload your notebook to github.

The github URL and the screenshots are later required in the presentation slides.

Your completed dashboard application should look like the following screenshot:

SpaceX Launch Records Dashboard



After visual analysis using the dashboard, you should be able to obtain some insights to answer the following five questions:

- 1 Which site has the largest successful launches?
- 2 Which site has the highest launch success rate?
- 3 Which site has the lowest launch success rate?
- 4 Which payload range(s) has the lowest launch success rate?
- 5 Which F9 Booster version (v1, v1.1, r1, s6, s6, etc.) has the highest launch success rate?

Estimated time needed: 90 minutes

Important Notice about this lab environment

Please be aware that sessions for this lab environment are not persisted. When you launch the Cloud IDE, you are presented with a 'dedicated computer on the cloud' exclusively for you. This is available to you as long as you are actively working on the labs.

Once you close your session or if it times out due to inactivity, all your work will be lost. All files created, modified, or deleted along with any files you may have created, downloaded or installed.

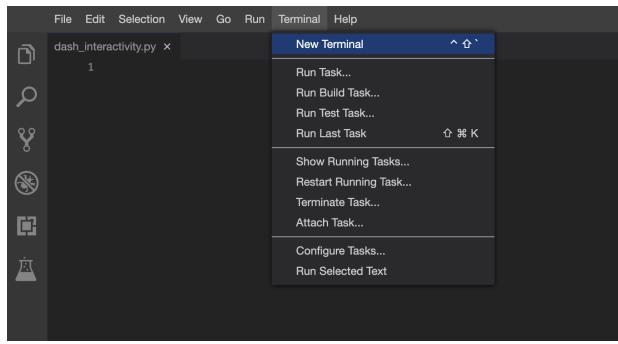
The next time you launch the lab, a new environment is created for you.

If you finish only part of the lab and return later you may have to start from the beginning. So, it is a good idea to plan your time accordingly and finish your labs in a single session.

Setup development environment

Install required Python packages

- Open a new terminal, by clicking on the menu bar and selecting Terminal->New Terminal, as in the image below:



- Now, you have script and terminal ready to start the lab.

```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
dash_interactivity.py x
1
theia@theiadocker-saishruthin: /home/project x
theia@theiadocker-saishruthin: /home/project$
```

- Install python packages required to run the application.

Copy and paste the below command to the terminal.

`python3.11 -m pip install pandas dash`

```
theia@theiadocker-anitaj:~/home/project ×
theia@theiadocker-anitaj:~/home/project$ python3.8 -m pip install pandas dash
Defaulting to user installation because normal site-packages is not writeable
Collecting pandas
  Downloading pandas-1.5.3-cp38-cp38-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (12.2 MB)
    12.2/12.2 MB 47.6 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting dash
  Downloading dash-2.8.1-py3-none-any.whl (9.9 MB)
    9.9/9.9 MB 46.1 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in /home/theia/.local/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from pandas) (2022.1)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.1 in /home/theia/.local/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from pandas) (2.8.2)
Collecting numpy>=1.20.3
  Downloading numpy-1.24.2-cp38-cp38-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (17.3 MB)
    17.3/17.3 MB 36.6 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting dash-html-components==2.0.0
  Downloading dash_html_components-2.0.0-py3-none-any.whl (4.1 kB)
Collecting plotly>=5.0.0
  Downloading plotly-5.13.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl (15.2 MB)
    15.2/15.2 MB 45.6 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting dash-core-components==2.0.0
  Downloading dash_core_components-2.0.0-py3-none-any.whl (3.8 kB)
Collecting dash-table==5.0.0
  Downloading dash_table-5.0.0-py3-none-any.whl (3.9 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: Flask>=1.0.4 in /home/theia/.local/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from dash) (2.2.2)
Requirement already satisfied: importlib-metadata>=3.6.0 in /home/theia/.local/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from Flask>=1.0.4->dash) (4.12.0)
Requirement already satisfied: Werkzeug>=2.2.2 in /home/theia/.local/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from Flask>=1.0.4->dash) (2.2.2)
```

Download a skeleton dashboard application and dataset

First, let's get the SpaceX Launch dataset for the lab:

- Run the following `curl` command line in the terminal to download dataset file `spacex_launch_dash.csv`

```
curl https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.applications/ci/DM-0023228-SatelliteNetworks/3/spacex_launch_dash.csv
```

Downloaded a skeleton Dash app to be completed in this lab:

```
curl https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.applications/ci/DM-0023228-SatelliteNetworks/3/module_3/spacex_dash_app.py
```

Run the skeleton app by running the following command in the terminal:

```
python3.8 spacex_dash_app.py
```

Observe the port number 8050 shown in the terminal.

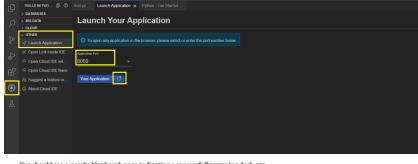
theia@theiadocker-anitaj:~/home/project ×

```
theia@theiadocker-anitaj:~/home/project$ python3.8 spacex_dash_app.py
spacex_dash_app.py:4: UserWarning:
The dash_html_components package is deprecated. Please replace
`import dash_html_components as html` with `from dash import html`
  import dash_html_components as html
spacex_dash_app.py:5: UserWarning:
The dash_core_components package is deprecated. Please replace
`import dash_core_components as dcc` with `from dash import dcc`
  import dash_core_components as dcc
Dash is running on http://127.0.0.1:8050/

 * Serving Flask app 'spacex_dash_app'
 * Debug mode: off
WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment. Use a production WSGI server instead.
 * Running on http://127.0.0.1:8050
Press CTRL+C to quit
```

In the left Navigation Panel click on Servers and click Launch Application option under it. Enter the application port number as 8050.

Click Your Application.



[Dash Dash Lab](#)

TASK 1: Add a Launch Site Drop-down Input Component

We have four different launch sites and we would like to first see which one has the largest success count. Then, we would like to select one specific site and check its detailed success rate (loss vs. vs. vs.).

As such, we will add a dropdown menu to set up select different launch sites.

Find and complete a commented `dcc.Dropdown(...)` input with following attributes:

`options` attribute with value `site_dropdown_options`

`options` attribute is a list of dict-like objects (with `label` and `value` attributes). You can set the `label` attribute to be the name of the site in the `spacex`, and you need to include the default `None` option, e.g.

```
options=[{"label": "All Sites", "value": None}, {"label": "v1", "value": "v1"}, {"label": "v2", "value": "v2"}, ...]
```

`value` attribute with default dropdown value to be `All`. meaning all sites are selected

such as `Select a Launch Site here`

`searchable` attribute to be `True` so we can enter keywords to search launch sites

Here is an example of `dcc.Dropdown`:

```
def dropdown_id(id):
    return {
        "id": id,
        "label": "All Sites", "value": "All",
        "options": [{"label": "v1", "value": "v1"}, {"label": "v2", "value": "v2"}, {"label": "v3", "value": "v3"}, {"label": "v4", "value": "v4"}],
        "placeholder": "Select a Launch Site here",
        "searchable": True
    }
```

If you need more help about `dropdown`, refer to the Plotly Dash Reference section towards the end of this lab.

Your completed dropdown menu should look like the following screenshot:



TASK 2: Add a callback function to render success-pie-chart based on selected site dropdown

The general idea of this callback function is to get the selected launch site from `site_dropdown` and render a pie chart visualizing launch success counts.

Dash callback function is a type of Python function which will be automatically called by Dash whenever receiving an input component update, such as a click or dropdown selecting event.

If you need to refresh your memory about Plotly Dash callback functions, you may refer to the lab you have learned before.

[Dash Dash Lab](#)

Let's add a callback function in `spacex_dash_app.py` including the following application logic:

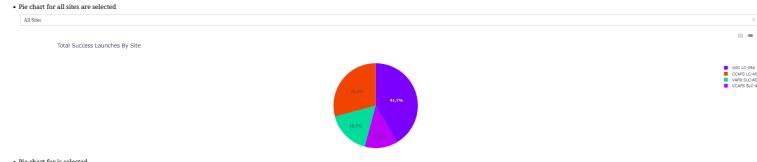
```
Input is set to be the site-dropdown dropdown, i.e., input(component_id='site-dropdown', component_property='value')
Output to be the graph with id='success-pie-chart'. input(component_id='site-dropdown', component_property='value')
```

* A `if-else` statement to check if ALL sites were selected or just a specific launch site was selected
 If ALL sites are selected, we will use all rows in the database since, to render and return a pie chart graph to show the total success launches (i.e., the total count of `c1asx` column).
 If a specific launch site is selected, you need to filter the database `where`, `site` first in order to return the correct data for the selected site.
 Then, render and return a pie chart graph to show the success (`c1asx>0`) count and failed (`c1asx=0`) count for the selected site.

Here is an example of a callback function:

```
/* Function descriptor to specify function input and output
  Input: component_id - site dropdown, component_property="value"
  Output: component_id - site dropdown, component_property="value" */
get_pie_chart = function(component_id) {
  var filtered_df = spaces_df;
  if(component_id != "All Sites") {
    filtered_df = filtered_df.filter(filtered_df['site'] == component_id);
  }
  var chart = new Chart(document.getElementById("chart"), {
    type: "pie",
    data: {
      labels: ["Success", "Failure"],
      values: [filtered_df['c1asx'].sum(), filtered_df['c1asx'].sum() - filtered_df['c1asx'].count()]
    }
  });
  return chart;
}
```

The rendered pie chart should look like the following screenshots:



If you need more reference about dash callbacks and plotly pie charts, refer to the [Plotly Dash Reference](#) section towards the end of this lab.

TASK 3: Add a Range Slider to Select Payload

Next, we want to find if variable payload is correlated to mission outcome. From a dashboard point of view, we want to be able to easily select different payload range and see if we can identify some visual patterns.

Find and implement `acc.RangeSlider(id="payload-slider", ...)` input with the following attribute:

- * `id` to be `payload-slider`
- * `min` indicating the slider starting point, we set its value to be 0 (kg)
- * `max` indicating the slider ending point to, we set its value to be 10000 (kg)
- * `step` indicating the slider interval on the slider, we set its value to be 1000 (kg)
- * `value` indicating the current selected range, we could set it to be `ms_low` and `ms_high`

Here is an example of `RangeSlider`:

You completed payload range slider should be similar the following screenshot:



If you need more reference about range slider, refer to the [Plotly Dash Reference](#) towards the end of this lab.

TASK 4: Add a callback function to render the success-payload-scatter-chart scatter plot

Next, we want to plot a scatter plot with the x axis to be the payload and the y axis to be the launch outcome (i.e., `c1asx` column).

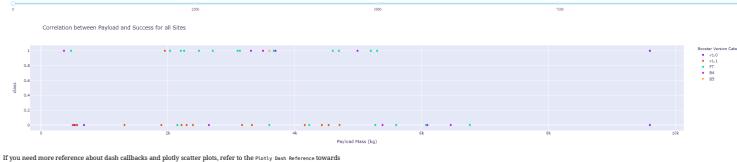
As such, we can visually observe how payload may be correlated with mission outcomes for selected sites.

In addition, we want to color-label the Booster version on each scatter point so that we may observe mission outcomes with different boosters.

Now, let's add a `call` function including the following application logic:

- * Input to be `acc.Component(id="site-dropdown", component_property="value"), acc.Component(id="payload-slider", component_property="value")`
- * Note that we have two input components, one for the selected launch site and another to receive selected payload range
- * A `if-else` statement to check if ALL sites were selected or just a specific launch site was selected
 - * If ALL sites were selected, we will use all rows in the database since, to render and return a scatter chart
 - * In addition, the point color needs to be set to the booster version i.e., `color=Booster Version Category`
- * If a specific launch site is selected, you need to filter the `spaces_df` first, and render a scatter chart to show the selected payload mass (kg) and class, for the selected site, and color-label the point using booster version Category likewise.

You rendered scatter point should look like the following screenshot:



If you need more reference about dash callbacks and plotly scatter plots, refer to the [Plotly Dash Reference](#) towards the end of this lab.

Finding Insights Visually

Now on the dashboard completed, you should be able to use it to analyze SpaceX launch data, and answer the following questions:

1. Which site has the largest successful launches?
2. Which site has the highest launch success rate?
3. Which payload range has the highest success rate?
4. Which payload range(s) has the lowest launch success rate?
5. Which P9 Booster version (v1, a, v1.1, r1, ss, ss1, etc.) has the highest launch success rate?

Plotly Dash Reference

Dropdown (input) component

Refer [here](#) for more details about `acc.Dropdown()`

Range slider (input) component

Refer [here](#) for more details about `acc.RangeSlider()`

Pie chart (output) component

Refer [here](#) for more details about plotly pie charts

Scatter chart (output) component

Refer [here](#) for more details about plotly scatter charts

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