

# Errata

## *Numerical Methods for Physics*

### Second Edition

Updated May 4, 2004

This errata lists corrections and clarifications for the first printing of the second edition. Some items are corrected in subsequent printings.

## Corrections

Page 25: The sentence starting on the last line should read “Using `interp`, find the estimated ...”.

Page 28: Second sentence of the second paragraph in the **Round-off Error** section should read “...the finite number of digits in the mantissa.”

Page 44: Exercise 2.1 has only a part (a) and no part (b).

Page 65: In the C++ version of `pendul` replace

```
ErrorBar += period[i]*period[i];
}
AvePeriod /= nPeriod;
```

with

```
}
AvePeriod /= nPeriod;
for( i=1; i<=nPeriod; i++ ) {
    ErrorBar += (period[i] - AvePeriod)*(period[i] - AvePeriod);
}
```

Page 76: Next to the last sentence should read “unspecified coefficients:  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $w_1$ , and  $w_2$ .”

Page 89: First sentence of the first paragraph should read “...a gravitational attraction due to all the planets.”

Page 119: First sentence of the second paragraph should read “...defined as the inverse of the normalized ...”

Page 124: Equation (4.48) should read “ $\mathbf{f}^T = \dots$ ” and should be followed by the phrase “where  $\mathbf{f}^T$  is the transpose of  $\mathbf{f}$ .”

Page 125: Second full sentence after equation (4.49) should read “...for finding  $\mathbf{x}^*$  using Newton’s method.”

Page 152: In Exercise 11, the fourth sentence should read “...maximum error,  $\max(|Y(x_i) - y_i|)$ , versus ...”

Page 153: In Exercise 12, the data is tabulated in Appendix 5C, not 5B.

Page 162: In Exercise 17, in all 4 parts the equation should read “ $y_{j+1} =$ ” instead of “ $y_j =$ ”.

Page 165: The sentence after equation (5.64) should read: The complex constants,  $c_0$ ,  $c_+$ , and  $c_-$ , are specified by the initial condition  $\mathbf{x}(t=0)$  and  $d\mathbf{x}(t=0)/dt$ .

Page 179: The second line of **Listing 5B.3** should read:

double inv(Matrix a, Matrix& aInv);

Page 204: The phrase after equation (6.41) should read “and the  $a_j$ ’s are determined ...”.

Page 210: The comment on the eighth line from the top should read **Reset density** rather than **Reset temperature**.

Page 237: The equations in Exercise 8 should not have equation numbers.

Page 238: The end of the second sentence in Exercise 12 should read “... and  $\rho_0$  are constants.”

Page 238: The equations in Exercise 13 should not have equation numbers.

Page 252: The end of the sentence following equation (8.17) should read “... that is,  $\partial T/\partial t = 0$ .”

Page 283: The last sentence of the third paragraph should read “findings from Section 6.2.”

Page 289: Equation (9.41) should read:

$$e^{-z} \approx \frac{1 - z/2}{1 + z/2}$$

Page 289: The last sentence in the paragraph below equation (9.41) should read “for the exponential,  $1 - z$ ,  $1/(1 + z)$ , and  $(1 - \frac{1}{2}z)/(1 + \frac{1}{2}z)$ , only the Páde approximation retains this unitary property.”

Page 293: In Exercise 14, the denominator of the last term should read

$$\sum_j (\psi_j^n)^* \psi_j^n$$

Page 299: In Exercise 21, the probability should be normalized so it should read

$$P(t_n) = \frac{\sum_{i=N/4}^{3N/4} (\psi_i^n)^* \psi_i^n}{\sum_{i=1}^N (\psi_i^n)^* \psi_i^n}$$

Page 316: In the third line of Table 10.4, the word “asymptotic” is misspelled.

Page 335: In listing 10A.3, line 9, the word “asymptotic” is misspelled in the comment.

Page 338: In listing 10B.3, line 13, the word “asymptotic” is misspelled in the comment.

Page 347: The sentence following equation (11.21) should end “is the probability density of  $\mathfrak{R}$ .”

Page 355: In Exercise 11.14 the expressions in the last sentence should read  $x = R\sqrt{\mathfrak{R}_1} \cos(2\pi\mathfrak{R}_2)$  and  $y = R\sqrt{\mathfrak{R}_1} \sin(2\pi\mathfrak{R}_2)$ .

Page 355: In Exercise 11.15 the equation should read

$$x = \sqrt{\frac{12}{M}} \sum_{i=1}^M (\mathfrak{R}_i - \frac{1}{2})$$

Page 359: Equation (11.49) should read:

$$M_{\text{coll}} = \frac{1}{2}(N_c - 1)N_{\text{ef}}f\tau = \frac{N_c(N_c - 1)N_{\text{ef}}\pi d^2 \langle v_r \rangle \tau}{2V_c}$$

Page 359: Equation (11.51) should read:

$$M_{\text{cand}} = \frac{N_c(N_c - 1)N_{\text{ef}}\pi d^2 v_r^{\text{max}} \tau}{2V_c}$$

Page 359: The second sentence after equation (11.49) should read “... over all  $\frac{1}{2}N_c(N_c - 1)$  pairs ...”

Page 372: In exercise 11.27, the phrase in the next to the last sentence should read “coefficient using (11.52).”

Page 378: Line 15 should read:

```
select = coeff*number*(number-1)*crmax(jcell) + selxtra(jcell);
```

Page 388: Line 2 should read:

```
double select = coeff*number*(number-1)*crmax(jcell) + selxtra(jcell);
```

Page 413: The solution of Exercise 7.11 should read: “For  $\tau = 0.2$ ,  $N = 80$ , using Lax-Wendroff, density and r.m.s. amplitude are:”; note that the second plot is actually the square root of the power.

Page 417: In the solution for Exercise 11.21,  $\Delta v = 100$  m/s.

## Clarifications

In the MATLAB programs, the expression `flipud(rot90(A))` may be replaced with the simpler, equivalent expression `A.''`, that is, the transpose of matrix A.

Page 9: The function to graph in Exercise 1.3, part (c) is  $f(x) = e^{-x} \sin^2 x$ .

Page 38: The viscosity,  $nu$ , is the kinematic viscosity, which is related to the dynamic viscosity,  $\eta$ , as  $\nu = \eta/\rho = \eta/nm$  (see pg. 367).

Page 168: In Figure 5.16 the peaks are expected at  $f_0 = \sqrt{2}/2\pi \simeq 0.225$ ,  $f_+ \simeq 0.294$ , and  $f_- \simeq 0.122$  since  $f = \omega/2\pi$ .

Pages 208–214: In the `dftcs` and `neutrnl` programs, the diagnostic message regarding stability only applies to the FTCS scheme.

Page 270: The program `fftpoi` works better using  $N = 64$  grid points.

Page 296: In the Thomas algorithm the values of  $\alpha$  are left unchanged in the matrix though it is understood that they are zero at the end of forward elimination.

Page 414: In the solution of Exercise 9.7 for  $\tau > t_\sigma$ , the expression for the one-norm can be simplified to

$$\|\mathbf{A}\|_1 = \begin{cases} 1 + \frac{\tau}{2t_\sigma} & \tau \leq \frac{4}{3}t_\sigma \\ \frac{2\tau}{t_\sigma} - 1 & \tau \geq \frac{4}{3}t_\sigma \end{cases}$$