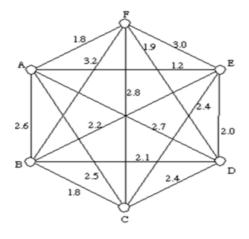
CS 5114 Theory of Algorithms, Spring 2020 Homework 5: Due on 20 April 2020, 11:59pm

I pledge that this test/assignment has been completed in compliance with the Graduate Honor Code and that I have neither given nor received any unauthorized aid on this test/assignment.

Name (Print):

Signed:



- 1. (5%) Use Kruskal's algorithm to find a minimum spanning tree and indicate the edges in the graph shown left. Indicate on the edges that are selected the order of their selection.
- 2. (5%) Use Prim's algorithm to find the minimum spanning tree and indicate the edges in the graph shown left. Indicate on the edges that are selected the order of their selection.
- 3. (20%) The transpose of a directed graph G = (V, E) is the graph $G^T = (V, E^T)$, where $E^T = \{(v, u) \in V \times V : (u, v) \in E\}$. Thus, G^T is G with all its edges reversed. In the algorithms that compute G^T from G for both the adjacency list and adjacency-matrix representations of G, discuss the running times of the algorithms. (Give a simple description of your algorithms and give the running times of the algorithms in O notation).

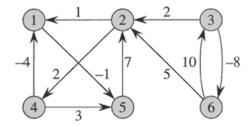
4. (20%) Make a 3-by-3 chart with row and column labels WHITE, GRAY, and BLACK. In each cell (i,j), indicate whether, at any point during a depth-first search of a directed graph, there can be an edge from a vertex of color i to a vertex of color j. For each possible edge, indicate what edge types it can be. Make a second such chart for depth-first search of an undirected graph. (Hint: Use 4 types of edges: T, B, F, and/or C. Fill the following table for directed and undirected graphs. You should show two tables for both cases).

edge (i, j)	White	Gray	Black
White			
Gray			
Black			

 $\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline edge \ (i,j) & White & Gray & Black \\ \hline White & & & & \\ \hline Gray & & & & \\ \hline Black & & & & \\ \hline \end{array}$

Table 1: Directed graph

Table 2: Undirected graph



- 5. (25%) Run SLOW-ALL-PAIRS-SHORTEST-PATHS on the weighted, directed graph of the left figure, showing the matrices that result for each iteration of the loop.
- 6. (25%) Run the Floyd-Warshall algorithm on the weighted, directed graph of the left figure. Show the matrix $D^{(k)}$ that results for each iteration of the outer loop.