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An innovative strategy to design and monitor safe, reliable and ligthweight composite structures under in-service loading

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Abstract

International

Fatigue failure and in-service loss of stiffness of composite parts are due to a multi- mechanisms damage evolution which mainly includes cracks, delamination and fibre failures [1-3]. The talk presents an innovative, comprehensive framework for the fatigue design of composite parts, based on the actual physics of damage evolution. The initiation and growth of each mechanism, its interaction with the others and the effects on the strength and stiffness of the parts are described by suitable models and experimentally validated [4-6]. The combination of all these models into a single design framework already represents a significant step forward with respect to the design tools available on the market, resulting in an enormous increase in the safeness and reliability of the structural applications made with these materials. The in-service reliability and safety of the composite parts can be further improved by using a new structural health monitoring methodology [7]. This methodology, based on the exploitation of the self-sensing capabilities of conductive laminates, allows the continuous assessment of the damage state and the correlation of its evolution with the residual elastic and strength properties of the composite parts. Damage induced by unexpected events can be also monitored. The basis behind the approach will be briefly outlined leaving







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space to the discussion of the application procedure, with examples of implementation on parts of industrial interest.

Keywords: [Composite, Damage Mechanics, Fatigue, Stiffness loss, Health monitoring]

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