C++ Programming Structures 2

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Functions inside the struct

```
  14 3.cpp 
  □

    #include <iostream>
    using namespace std;
  40 struct emplyee {
         string name:
         int age;
         double salary;
         char gender;
  9
 100
         void read employee() {
 11
             cout << "Enter employee 4 entries: ";
             cin >> name >> age;
 12
 13
             cin >> salary >> gender;
 14
 15
 16⊖
         void print employee() {
             cout << name << " has salary " << salary << "\n";
 17
 18
 19
         int get age() {
 20⊖
 21
             return age;
 22
         void set age(int new age) {
 23⊕
 24
             age = new age;
 25
 26
```

```
void print_employees() {
    for (int i = 0; i < added; ++i)
        emplyees_arr[i].print_employee();
}

int main() {
    emplyees_arr[added++].read_employee();
    emplyees_arr[added++].read_employee();
    print_employees();
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

Compare Functions

- We can write functions that compare structs, normally
- Notice, if both sides has same value ⇒ false
 - E.g. if a.name = b.name = "ali"
- Always code it in this style

```
| bool compare_name(emplyee &a, emplyee &b) {
| return a.name < b.name; // smaller name first
| 12 |
| 13 |
| 14 | bool compare_salary(emplyee &a, emplyee &b) {
| return a.salary > b.salary; // bigger salary salary
| 16 |
| 17 |
| 18 | bool compare_name_salary(emplyee &a, emplyee &b) {
| // smaller name first, if tie smaller salary
| if (a.name != b.name)
| return a.name < b.name;
| return a.salary < b.salary;
| 3 |
```

Ordering array

```
55@int main() {
      int arr[5] = { 5, 1, 3, 2, 4 };
      sort(arr, arr + 5); // #include <algorithm>
       for (int i = 0; i < 5; ++i)
           cout << arr[i] << " ";
      cout << "\n";
       emplyees arr[added++].read employee();
       emplyees arr[added++].read employee();
       emplyees arr[added++].read employee();
       sort(emplyees arr, emplyees arr + added, compare name);
       print employees();
       sort(emplyees arr, emplyees arr + added, compare salary);
       print employees();
       sort(emplyees arr, emplyees arr + added, compare name salary);
       print employees();
      return Θ;
```

```
1 2 3 4 5
Enter employee 4 entries: zein 10 90 M
Enter employee 4 entries: asmaa 30 60 F
Enter employee 4 entries: asmaa 15 30 F
******************
asmaa has salary 60
asmaa has salary 90
****************
zein has salary 90
asmaa has salary 90
asmaa has salary 30
*****************
asmaa has salary 30
asmaa has salary 30
asmaa has salary 30
asmaa has salary 90
zein has salary 90
```

Structure of structure

```
#include <iostream>
 using namespace std;
struct full name {
     string first, middle, last;
     void read() {
         cout << "Enter first middle last names: ":</pre>
         cin >> first >> middle >> last;
                                                                         <terminated> ztemp [C/C++ Application] /home/moustafa/woi
 };
                                                                         Enter first middle last names: mostafa saad ibrahim
                                                                         Enter employee age & salary: 100 200
struct emplyee {
                                                                         mostafa has salary 200
     full name emp name;
     int age;
     double salary;
     void read() {
         emp name.read();
         cout << "Enter employee age & salary: ";
         cin >> age >> salary;
     void print() {
         cout << emp_name.first << " has salary " << salary << "\n";</pre>
```

Constructor

```
struct full name {
     string first, middle, last;
    full name() {
        // Empty constructor. Better always provide it
        first = middle = last = "";
    full name(string first, string last = "") { // constructor
        first = first;
        last = last;
        middle = "";
};
int main() {
    full name my name = full name("ali");
    cout<<my name.first<<"\n";
    full name his name = full name("mostafa", "ibrahim");
    cout<<his name.last;
    return 0;
```

"Acquire knowledge and impart it to the people."

"Seek knowledge from the Cradle to the Grave."