

TABLE I
VALUES OF f' AND f'' FOR A THREE-WAVELENGTH EXPERIMENT AT THE
SELENIUM K-EDGE

| Data set | Wavelength (\AA) | f' (electrons) | f'' (electrons) |
|----------|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| L1 | 0.9802 | -9.52 | 3.15 |
| L2 | 0.9795 | -7.35 | 5.92 |
| L3 | 0.9300 | -2.19 | 3.46 |

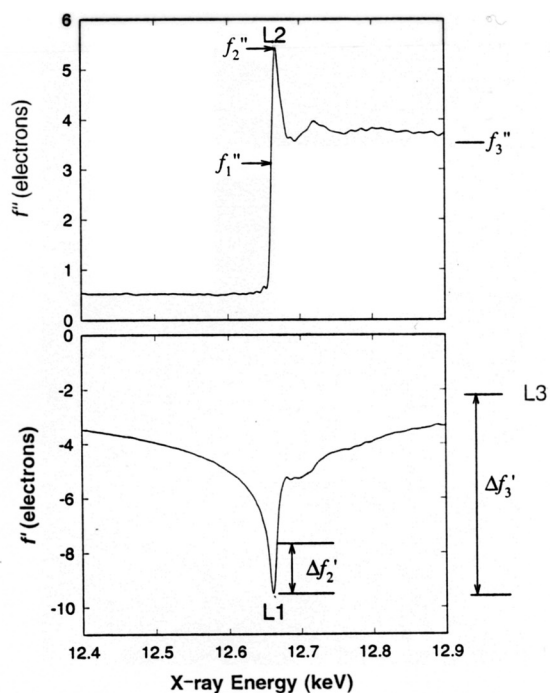


FIG. 1. The variation of the real (f') and imaginary (f'') components of the anomalous scattering around the K-edge of selenium, from a crystal containing selenomethionine. The values were calculated from measured values of the absorption spectrum.¹⁰ Data were taken on beam line X12C at the NSLS at Brookhaven National Laboratory. The three wavelengths chosen for diffraction measurements in a MAD experiment are designated as follows: L1 is the minimum of f' , called variously the “inflection point,” “edge,” or “rising edge”; L2 is the maximum of f'' , called the “white line”; and L3 is a remote point that is at 0.930 \AA , which lies well to the right of the interval shown in the graph.