

① a) $G_W = \frac{Y}{W} = \frac{G_0}{1+G_0} = \frac{\frac{k}{(1+s)^2}}{1 + \frac{k}{(1+s)^2}} = \frac{k}{(1+s)^2 + k} = \frac{k}{s^2 + 2s + 1+k}$

$G_e = \frac{E}{W} = \frac{1}{1+G_0} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{k}{(1+s)^2}} = \frac{(1+s)^2}{(1+s)^2 + k} = \frac{(1+s)^2}{s^2 + 2s + 1+k}$

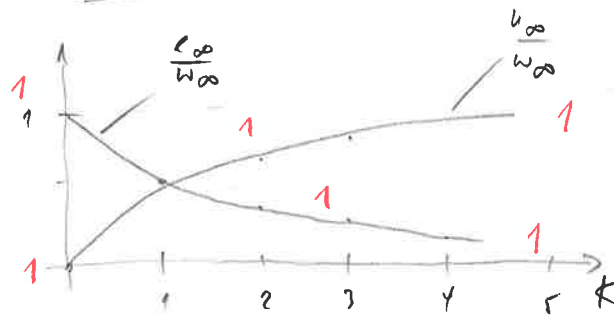
b) $\epsilon_\infty = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s \cdot E(s) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s \cdot G_e \cdot \frac{1}{s} = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} G_e = \frac{1}{1+k} < 0,01$

$100 < 1+k$

$99 < k$

c) $p_\infty = \frac{1}{1+k} \cdot W_\infty$

$u_\infty = k \cdot e_\infty = \frac{k}{1+k} \cdot W_\infty$



② a) $G(s) = \frac{(1+s)(1+0.5s)}{s^2} \cdot 1$

b) $G(s) = \frac{1}{s(1+0.005s)^2} \cdot 10$

c) $G(s) = \frac{s}{(1+s)^2} \cdot 1$

③ a) siehe Blatt (A)

b) $|G(0)| = |G(\infty)| = 0 \quad (-\infty \text{ dB})$

$|G(j\omega)|_{\max} \text{ bei } \omega \approx 0,1$

$|G(j1)| \approx -14 \text{ dB}$

c) Bandpass filter

④ a) Strecke $\frac{2(1+0,5s)}{s^2+2s+2}$: PT₂ mit Nullstelle 1

Regler K_p : Proportionalregler 1

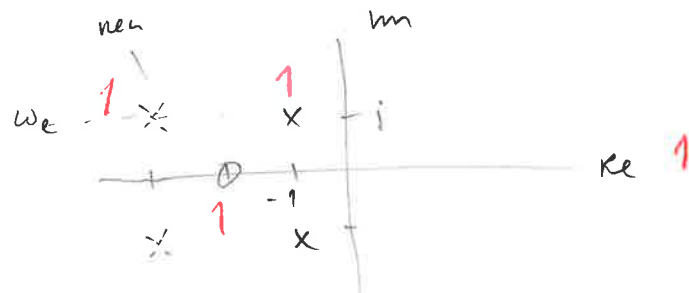
b) Nullstellen : $1+0,5s=0$

$s = -2$ 1

Pole : $s^2 + 2s + 2 = 0$ 1

$s_{1,2} = -1 \pm \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{4-8} = -1 \pm j$ 1

$s^2 + 2s + 2$
 $s^2 + 2D\omega_0 s + \omega_0^2$ } $\omega_0 = \sqrt{2}$ 1 $\approx 1,414$
 $D = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ 1 $\approx 0,707$



c) $G_W = \frac{G_0}{1+G_0}$ 1

$G_W = \frac{2K_p(1+0,5s)}{2K_p(1+0,5s) + s^2 + 2s + 2} = \frac{2K_p(1+0,5s)}{s^2 + (K_p+2)s + (2K_p+2)}$ 1

d) $N(s) = s^2 + 6s + 10$

Pole : $s^2 + 6s + 10 = 0 \Rightarrow s_{1,2} = -3 \pm \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{36-40}$ 1
 $s_{1,2} = -3 \pm j$ 1

$\omega_{0_{neu}} = \sqrt{10}$ $\approx 3,16$ 1

$D_{neu} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}$ $\approx 0,948$ 1

$$e) \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} t_p + 2 \stackrel{!}{=} 6 \\ 2t_p + 2 \stackrel{!}{=} 10 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \underline{t_p = 4}$$

f) Einschwingzeit : Pole des offenen Kreises sind näher bei imaginärer Achse \Rightarrow langsamer

Überschwingen : Dämpfung des offenen Kreises ist kleiner \Rightarrow stärkeres Überschwingen

Einschwingfrequenz : ω_e heißt gleich

⑤ a) siehe Math (2)

b) für $\varphi_r = 60^\circ \Rightarrow \omega_D \approx 1$ $K \approx 1$ resp 0dB

c) φ_r : Bedingung für ω_D : $|G(j\omega_D)| = 1$
 $\frac{K}{\omega_D} = 1 \Rightarrow \underline{\omega_D = K}$

$$\varphi_r = \angle G(j\omega_D) + 180^\circ$$

$$\varphi_r = -90^\circ + \angle e^{-sT} + 180^\circ = -\omega_D T \cdot \frac{180^\circ}{\pi} + 90^\circ$$

$$\underline{\varphi_r = 90^\circ - KT \cdot \frac{180^\circ}{\pi}}$$

d) A_r : Bedingung für ω_π : $\angle G(j\omega_\pi) = -180^\circ$
 $-90^\circ - \omega_\pi T \cdot \frac{180^\circ}{\pi} = -180^\circ$

$$\omega_\pi T \cdot \frac{180^\circ}{\pi} = 90^\circ$$

$$\omega_\pi = \frac{\pi}{2T}$$

$$A_r = \frac{1}{|G(j\omega_\pi)|} = \frac{\omega_\pi}{K} = \frac{\frac{\pi}{2T}}{K} = \underline{\underline{\frac{\pi}{2KT}}}$$

⑥ a) $G = 0,5 + \frac{1}{s} + 1,5s$

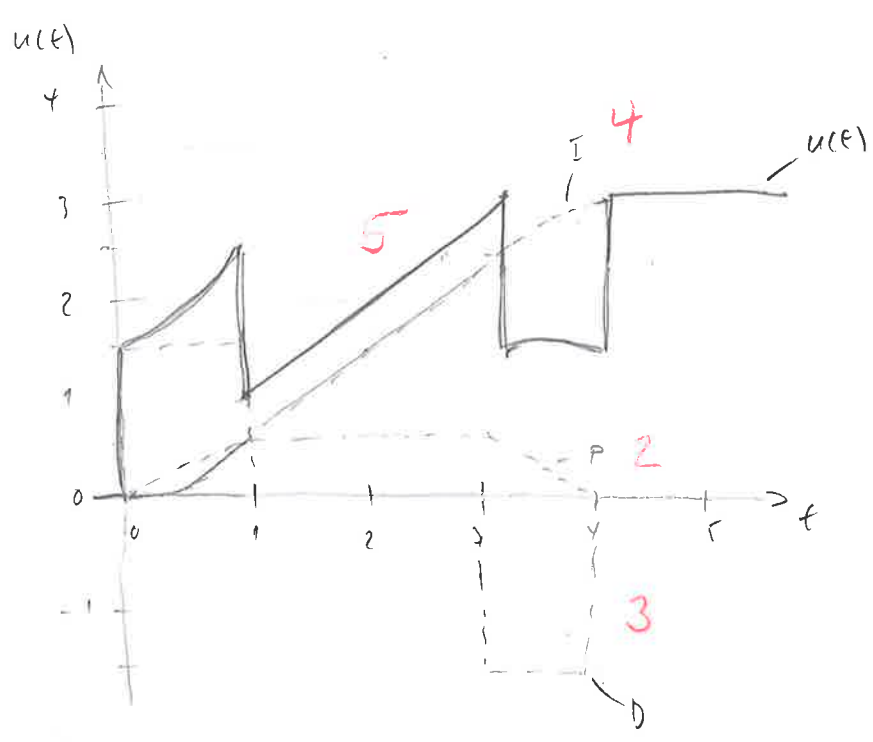
$G = \frac{1,5s^2 + 0,5s + 1}{s}$

PID Regler

Pole : $s = 0$

Nullstellen : $s_{1,2} = -\frac{0,5}{3} \pm \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{0,25 - 6} \approx -0,16 \pm j 0,799$

b)



(A)

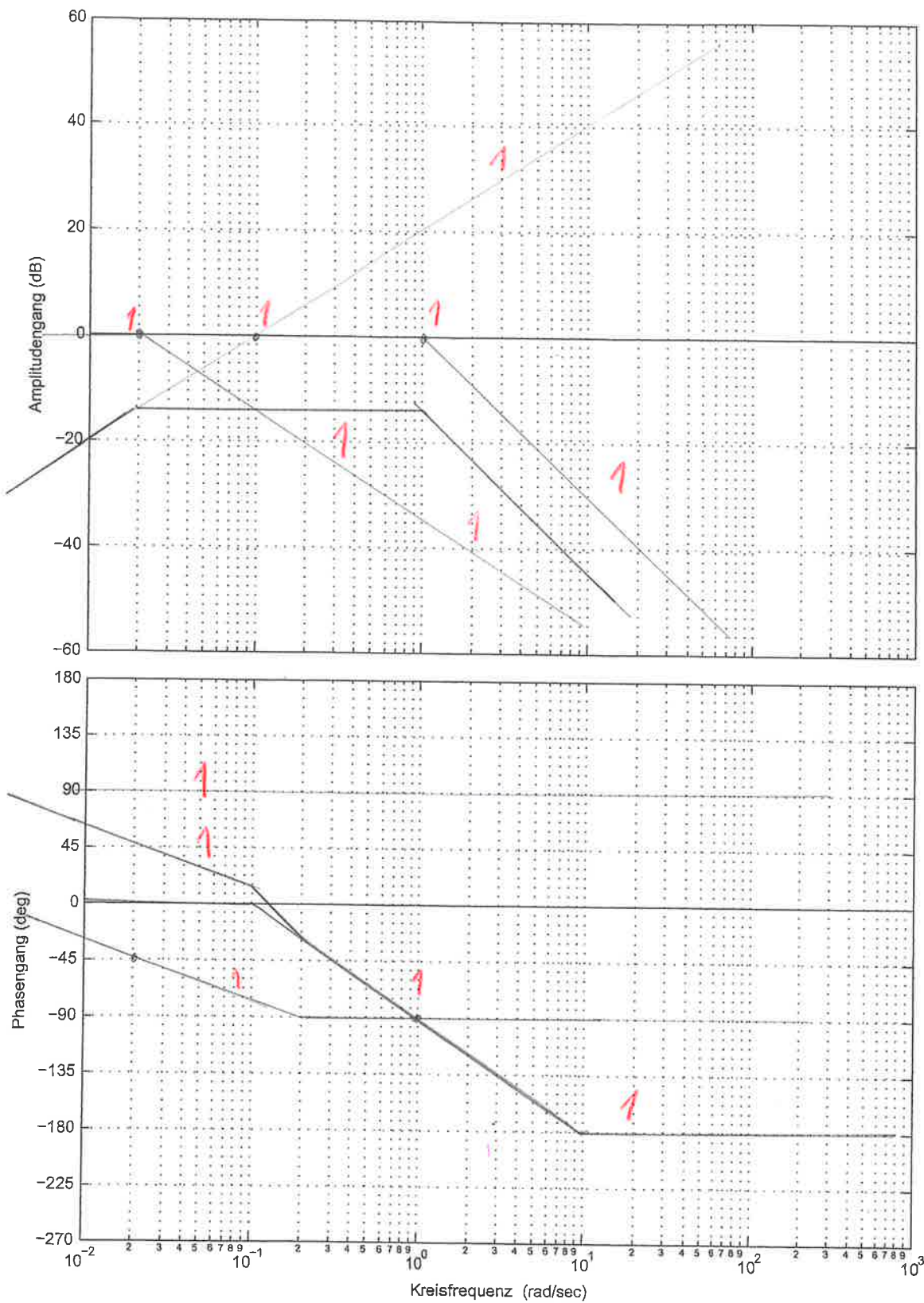
$$G(s) = \frac{k \cdot s}{(1+sT_1)^2 (1+sT_2)}$$

$$k = 10$$

$$T_1 = 1$$

$$T_2 = 50$$

Bode Diagramm



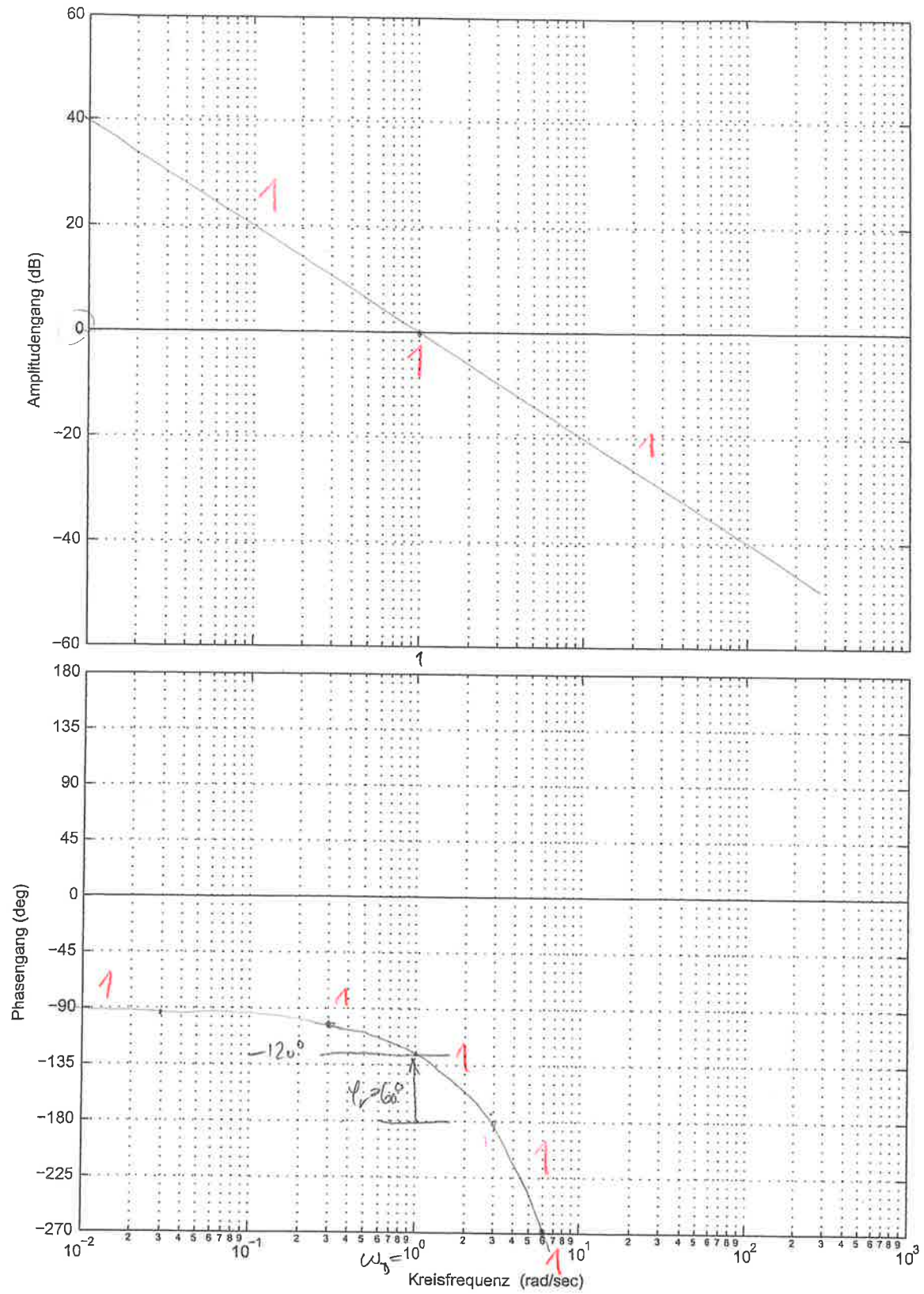
(B)

$$G = K \frac{e^{-sT}}{s}$$

$$T = 0,5$$

$$K = 1$$

Bode Diagramm



$$\angle e^{-sT} = -\omega T = -\omega \cdot 0,5 \text{ [rad]}$$

$$= -\frac{\omega \cdot 90}{\pi} \text{ [}^\circ\text{]}$$