SESSION 8 – ASSIGNMENT 8.2

Date: 29th Jan 2019

library(RcmdrPlugin.IPSUR)
data(RcmdrTestDrive)

Perform the below operations: -

- a. Compute the measures of central tendency for salary and reduction which variable has highest center?
- b. Which measure of center is more appropriate for before and after?

```
#PART A
library(RcmdrPlugin.IPSUR)
x<- c(mean(RcmdrTestDrive$salary),median(RcmdrTestDrive$salary))
                                                                                                                                                                 701.91
478.39
                                                                                                                                                                                   595.70
652.79
                                   660.58
593.68
                                                                       387.59
704.83
                                                                                        524.54
764.15
                                                                                                          536.87
859.67
                                                                                                                             503.64
724.25
                                                                                                                                               496.09
631.62
                                                                                                                                                                                                     759.30
545.66
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       717.91
515.95
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         808.63
612.27
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           682.60
633.12
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              623.09
671.35
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               550.28
643.83
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 646.25
794.66

        546.26
        704.83
        764.15
        899.67
        724.25
        631.62
        478.39

        704.90
        620.32
        515.92
        655.72
        619.44
        640.48
        844.32

        865.89
        890.88
        777.91
        680.56
        594.61
        651.73
        601.11

        621.30
        521.17
        714.58
        728.94
        812.26
        924.78
        1001.31

        854.31
        768.94
        666.74
        639.72
        744.38
        584.08
        712.00

        823.38
        754.55
        938.47
        1072.65
        1021.69
        785.75
        882.78

        668.69
        870.52
        827.18
        689.23
        662.17
        820.52
        780.51

                                                                                                                                                                                  918.03
626.71
724.99
789.76
762.43
                                                                                                                                                                                                   545.66
933.49
643.80
822.35
719.06
863.78
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     515.95 612.27 633.12
699.63 593.27 634.24
724.52 745.57 842.05
653.58 642.28 730.12
903.34 1044.98 1027.36
745.97 809.26 668.26
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                794.66 888.00 602.94
631.20 608.88 686.28
726.13 780.21 704.08
790.33 788.05 849.25
771.74 780.27 808.65
889.55 1025.09 1156.16
                                                                                                                                                                                   980.09 1084.21 1073.50 908.11 793.42
#for reduction
y<- c(median(RcmdrTestDrive$reduction),mean(RcmdrTestDrive$reduction))
    > y<- c(median(RcmdrTestDrive$reduction), mean(RcmdrTestDrive$reduction))</pre>
```

#now since we are looking for variable which has highest center we can check for this by plotting histogram or by checking kurtosis which describes the amount of peak of a distribution.

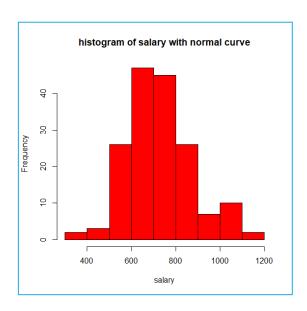
```
library(psych)
kurtosi(RcmdrTestDrive$salary)
kurtosi(RcmdrTestDrive$reduction)
```

[1] 139.500 223.631

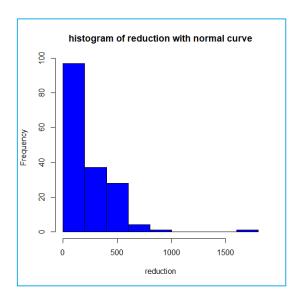
```
| 139.300 223.031
| library(psych)
| kurtosi(RcmdrTestDrive$salary)
| 1 0.2006576
| kurtosi(RcmdrTestDrive$reduction)
| 1 10.01655
| |
```

#thus we can see variable reduction has more kurtosis thus more peaked hence more highest center or by plotting histogram we can also check that

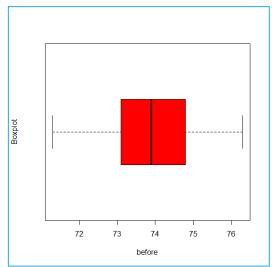
x<-RcmdrTestDrive\$salary
h<- hist(x,breaks = 10,col = "red",xlab = "salary",main= "histogram of salary with normal
curve")</pre>



y<-RcmdrTestDrive\$reduction h<- hist(y,breaks = 10,col = "blue",xlab = "reduction",main= "histogram of reduction with normal curve")

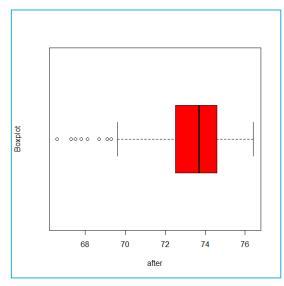


#PART b
#by boxplot we can check for median where it lies
boxplot(RcmdrTestDrive\$before,horizontal = T,col = "red",xlab="before",ylab="Boxplot")



#normal distributed

boxplot(RcmdrTestDrive\$after,horizontal = T,col = "red",xlab="after",ylab="Boxplot")



#left skewed as the data is assymetrical

distributed

#if we check the skewness of variables

skew (RcmdrTestDrive\$before)

skew (RcmdrTestDrive\$after)

> skew (RCMdrTestDrTve\u00e4betore)

[1] -0.03510369

skew (RcmdrTestDrive\$after)

[1] -1.164056

#after more negative so data more on right side as compare to before variable #thus, the median would likely be a good choice and it is more appropriate