

Manage FreeBSD jails by Ansible

Tutorial with examples

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Section 1

Introduction

Why Ansible?

- Preferred for its simplicity due to an agentless model using YAML.
- Used by global leaders (AWS, Cisco, Google, ...).
- IBM and Red Hat Ansible are closely integrated, particularly through the Red Hat Ansible Automation Platform and the generative AI service, Red Hat Ansible Lightspeed with IBM watsonx Code Assistant.

Does Ansible work with FreeBSD?

Yes. Quoting Ansible documentation [BSD efforts and contributions](#):

```
"BSD support is important to us at Ansible. Even though
the majority of our contributors use and target Linux
we have an active BSD community and strive to be as
BSD-friendly as possible. Please feel free to report
any issues or incompatibilities you discover with BSD;
pull requests with an included fix are also welcome!"
```

See Ansible documentation [Managing BSD hosts with Ansible](#).

Ansible collections

- There are more than 100 collections included in the Ansible distribution.

```
shell> ansible-galaxy collection list | wc -l  
107
```

- For example:
 - ▶ [Amazon.Aws](#)
 - ▶ [Cisco.Ios](#)
 - ▶ [Google.Cloud](#)
- See the [Collection Index](#)

Ansible collections `ansible.*`

Tested with FreeBSD:

- `ansible.builtin` - Modules and plugins contained in `ansible-core`.
author: Ansible, Inc
- `ansible.posix` - For POSIX and POSIX-ish platforms.
author: Ansible (github.com/ansible)
- `ansible.utils` - Data management, manipulation, and validation.
author: Ansible Community

See the release notes what FreeBSD version(s) were tested. For example, quoting `v2.20.0`:

```
ansible-test - Replace FreeBSD 14.2 with 14.3.
```

Ansible collections community.*

- There are two FreeBSD specific modules in `community.general`:
 - ▶ `community.general.pkgng` - Package manager for FreeBSD.
 - ▶ `community.general.portinstall` - Installing from FreeBSD's ports system.
- See other collections community.* For example:
 - ▶ `community.crypto` - Modules and plugins for cryptographic operations.
 - ▶ `community.postgresql` - PostgreSQL community modules.
 - ▶ `community.mysql` - MySQL and MariaDB collection.
- These collections are maintained by the Ansible community.

Ansible collection dedicated to FreeBSD is needed to

- support FreeBSD specific subsystems:
 - ▶ iocage
 - ▶ poudriere
 - ▶ bhyve
- support FreeBSD plugins where integration is problematic:
 - ▶ service
 - ▶ sysctl

Proposed FreeBSD collection

The next section describes the proposed FreeBSD collection:

- Ansible Galaxy:
<https://galaxy.ansible.com/ui/repo/published/vbotka/freebsd/>
- GitHub: <https://github.com/vbotka/ansible-collection-freebsd/>
- Read The Docs:
<https://ansible-collection-freebsd.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>

Section 2

FreeBSD collection

Collection Content

- **Plugins:**
 - ▶ module iocage - iocage jail handling.
 - ▶ module service - Control or list system services.
 - ▶ module ucl - CRUD-like interface for managing UCL files.
 - ▶ inventory iocage - iocage inventory source.
 - ▶ filter iocage - Parse iocage lists.
 - ▶ lookup galaxy__info - Get the meta data from galaxy.yml
- **Roles**
- **Playbooks**

Note: The proposed FreeBSD collection is a work in progress.

We focus on the iocage plugins

- `inventory iocage` - iocage inventory source.
- `module iocage` - iocage jail handling.
- `filter iocage` - Parse iocage lists.

inventory iocage

- Included in community.general as [community.general.iocage](#)
- Documentation in [community.general](#)
- License GPLv3

module iocage

filter iocage

Section 3

Examples

Example groups

- Install, configure, and activate `iocage`
- Plugins `iocage`
- Other plugins
- Ansible client
- Modules
- Roles
- Infrastructure

How to use the examples

Each example provides links to the:

- example source code
- detailed description of the example
- example results

To test the examples:

- clone the source code repository
- open the guide with the detailed descriptions
- run the examples and compare the results

Notes

- All examples comprise additional files not shown in the file' tree. See them for more details.
- Most examples comprise `batch.sh` that runs the commands and creates the output.
- Most plays in `batch.sh` are idempotent. The output of such a play may show status `ok` instead of expected `changed` if the play has already been run.
- The playbooks in the examples use dashes - in their filenames. For example, `pb-iocage.yml`.
- The playbooks in the collection, because of the Ansible collection naming conventions, use underscores `_` in their filenames. For example, `pb_iocage_template.yml`.

Section 4

Install, configure, and activate iocage

example 001: Install iocage

Use the role `vbotka.freebsd.iocage` to install the package `iocage`.

requirements:

- root privilege in the managed nodes

links:

- [source code](#)
- [results](#)

example 002: Activate iocage

Use the role `vbotka.freebsd.iocage` to activate iocage.

requirements:

- root privilege in the managed nodes
- binary iocage

links:

- [source code](#)
- [results](#)

example 003: Audit iocage host

Use the role `vbotka.freebsd.iocage` to audit the iocage configuration.

requirements:

- root privilege in the managed nodes
- binary iocage

links:

- [source code](#)
- [results](#)

Section 5

Plugins iocage

example 010: Clone basejails and create inventory

Fetch releases, create basejails, clone jails from the basejails, and start the jails. Use the inventory plugin `vbotka.freebsd.iocage` to create the inventory. Display the created inventory.

requirements:

- module `vbotka.freebsd.iocage`
- inventory plugin `vbotka.freebsd.iocage`
- root privilege in the managed nodes
- activated binary `iocage`

links:

- [source code](#)
- [results](#)

example 011: Display variables `iocage_*`

extends: example 010

Display all variables `iocage_*` created by the inventory plugin `vbotka.freebsd.iocage`.

requirements:

- inventory plugin `vbotka.freebsd.iocage`
- jails created in example 010

links:

- [source code](#)
- [results](#)

example 012: Display iocage_properties

extends: example 010

Enable and display `iocage_properties`.

requirements:

- inventory plugin `vbotka.freebsd.iocage`
- jails created in example 010

links:

- [source code](#)
- [results](#)

example 013: Tags and custom groups

extends: example 010

Use the property **notes** to create tags:

- Add the property **notes**: "vmm=localhost"

In the inventory plugin:

- compose the variable `iocage_tags`
- create groups `vmm_*` from the attribute `iocage_tags.vmm`

requirements:

- module `vbotka.freebsd.iocage`
- inventory plugin `vbotka.freebsd.iocage`
- root privilege in the managed nodes
- activated binary `iocage`
- fetched releases

links:

- [source code](#)
- [results](#)

example 014: Inventory cache

Enable and test inventory cache.

requirements:

- inventory plugin `vbotka.freebsd.iocage`
- jails created in example 010

links:

- [source code](#)
- [results](#)

example 015: Multiple inventory cache

Enabled cache in multiple inventory files.

requirements:

- inventory plugin `vbotka.freebsd.iocage`
- jails created in example 010

links:

- [source code](#)
- [results](#)

example 016: Multiple inventory constructed

Create inventory groups using the inventory plugin `ansible.builtin.constructed` after the two inventory plugin `vbotka.freebsd.iocage` configuration files.

requirements:

- inventory plugin `vbotka.freebsd.iocage`
- jails created in example 010

links:

- [source code](#)
- [results](#)

example 017: `community.general.iocage`

Use the inventory plugin `community.general.iocage` instead of the inventory plugin `vbotka.freebsd.iocage`.

links:

- [source code](#)
- [results](#)

example 018: Clone basejails. Use DHCP.

Use DHCP to configure the interfaces.

requirements:

- inventory plugin `vbotka.freebsd.iocage`
- jails created in example 010

links:

- [source code](#)
- [results](#)

example 019: Inventory option `use_vars_plugins`

The option `use_vars_plugins`, responsible for reading `host_vars` and `group_vars` directories, is not available in the inventory plugin `vbotka.freebsd.iocage` because the `constructed` fragment doesn't provide it.

- Use the inventory plugin `ansible.builtin.constructed` to read `group_vars`.
- Use the variable `region` to create the groups `region_EU` and `region_US`.

links:

- [source code](#)
- [results](#)

example 020: Get inventory aliases from notes

Get the inventory aliases from the `iocage` property notes. In the inventory plugin `vbotka.freebsd.iocage`, use the option `inventory_hostname_tag` to tell the plugin which tag to use.

requirements:

- inventory plugin `vbotka.freebsd.iocage`
- root privilege in the managed nodes
- templates created in example 202

links:

- [source code](#)
- [results](#)

example 030: Create custom facts

extends: example 020

Create custom facts to provide a dictionary of iocage datasets lists. Use the filter `vbotka.freebsd.iocage` to parse them.

requirements:

- role `vbotka.freebsd.iocage`
- filter `vbotka.freebsd.iocage`
- root privilege in the managed nodes
- jails created in previous examples

links:

- [source code](#)
- [results](#)

Section 6

Ansible client

example 200: Create iocage templates. Clone jails.

Create iocage templates for Ansible clients. Clone jails.

requirements:

- `playbook vbotka.freebsd.pb_iocage_template.yml`
- `playbook vbotka.freebsd.pb_iocage_ansible_clients.yml`
- `module vbotka.freebsd.iocage`
- `inventory plugin vbotka.freebsd.iocage`
- root privilege in the managed nodes
- activated `iocage`
- fetched releases

links:

- [source code](#)
- [results](#)

example 201: Display iocage datasets

Get and display `iocage` datasets.

links:

- [source code](#)
- [results](#)