

HL7 Fundamentals

Presented by:
Dana McDonough, Carolina Velasquez, & Bing Chen

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Today's Presenters:

Dana McDonough

- Associate Technical Consultant
- Allscripts and Epic data conversions
- EHR Reporting

Carolina Velasquez

- Technical Consultant
- Rhapsody HIE Development
- ConnectR Interface build

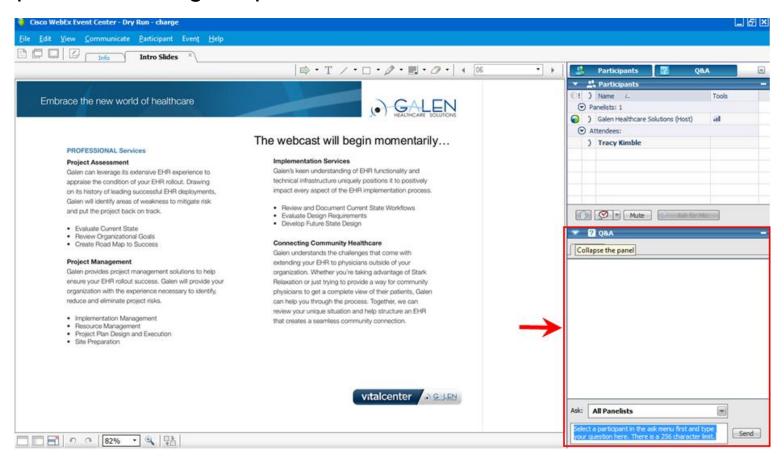
Bing Chen

- Technical Consultant
- Rhapsody HIE Development
- Cerner to dbMotion HIE





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Welcome

- Background of HL7
- How does it work?
- Messages & Formatting
 - Common message types
- Sample Message
- Segments
 - Common segments
 - Components
- Trigger Events
- Message breakdown
- Data Exchange Standards
- Future of HL7
- Current HL7 projects
- Q&A

HL7 STANDARD





What is HL7?

- Founded in 1987
- Health Level Seven (HL7)
- International Standards Development Organization (SDO) operating in the healthcare arena; non-profit
- Framework for the "exchange, integration, sharing, and retrieval of electronic health information"
- "Level Seven" refers to the 7th level of ISO seven-layer communications model for Open Systems Interconnection
- Highly adaptable "standard"





HL7 Example:

```
MSH|^~\&|ALLSCRIPTS|FTDLABH|EPIC||20140802173017||ORU^R01||P|2.3

PID|||144901997^^^\IHSMRN||TEST^PATIENT||19810101|M|||||||||33333333

PV1||O|FTDFFMKR||||||||||123456789|||||||||||||||||||||||20140317091700

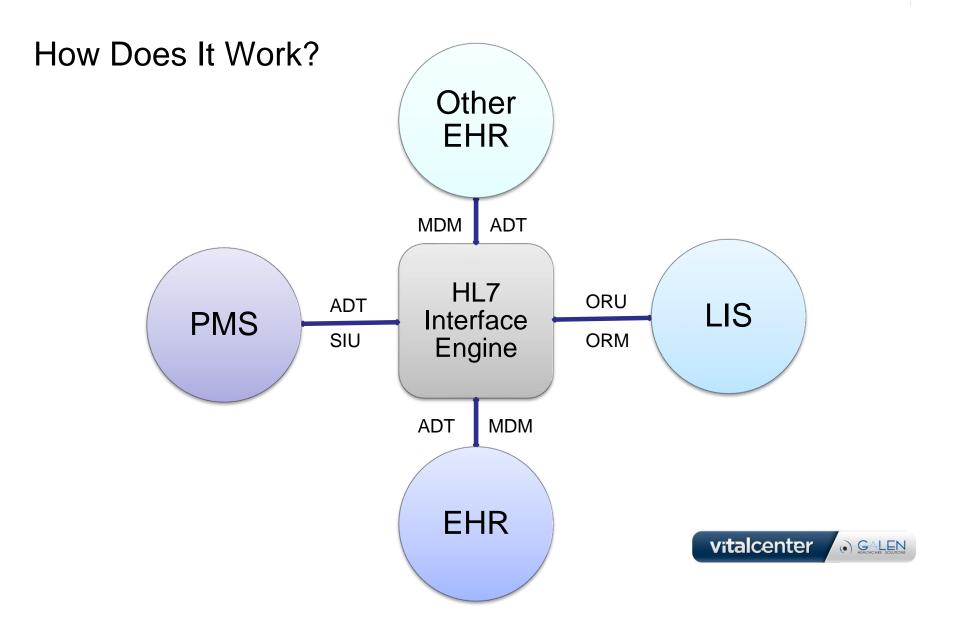
ORC|RE||12046513282

OBR|1||12046513282|NA^SODIUM^FDTLAB|||20120215||||||||1215153077^PATEL^AIYUB^AIYU

B^^^^^^^PNPI|||||20120215|||F

OBX|1|NM|NA^SODIUM^FDTCOMP||140|mmol/L|135-145|H
```







Messages

- Messages are the base format used for all HL7 communication
- Different message Types
 - ADT Registering, admitting, updating demographics, or discharging a patient
 - SIU Scheduling
 - ORM Order
 - ORU Observation Result
 - MDM Documentation Message
 - ACK Acknowledgement



Message Formatting

- Segments
 - Each segment is given a name and three-character code
 - Example: Message Header (MSH), Event Type (EVN), Patient ID (PID)
- Fields |
- Components ^
- Sub-components &
- Separator for Repeating fields ~
- Escape Character \



HL7 Message Example



Common Segments

- MSH Message Header information about a message
- EVN Event Type event information
- PID Patient Identification information about a patient
- NK1 Next of Kin information about the patient's other related parties
- OBR Observation Request information about an order
- OBX Observation Report information about a result



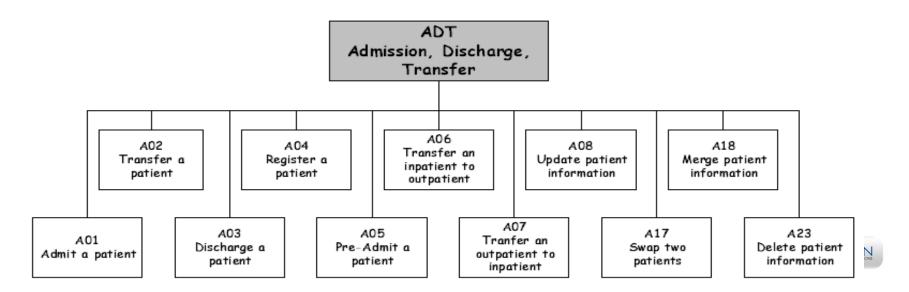
Segments & Components

- May be required, optional, or conditional
- Some segments such as OBX, NTE, or NK1 can be repeating
- An example is the NK1 segment which shows the next of kin/associated parties



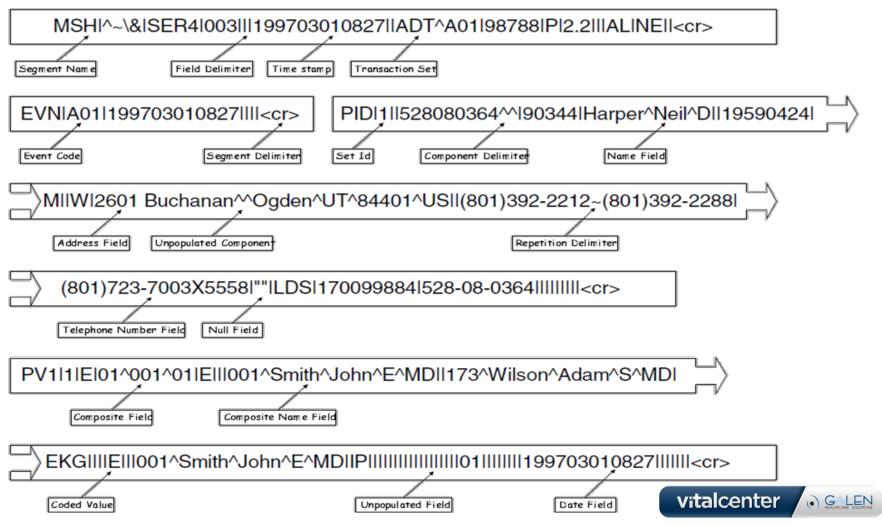
Trigger Events

- Trigger event initiates an exchange of messages
- Each HL7 transaction set supports many different types of activities.
- These activities are referred to as 'events'.
- An event is used to identify what triggered the creation of the HL7 message.
- Quite often, an application that receives HL7 messages will use the event to identify how the data should be used by the application.





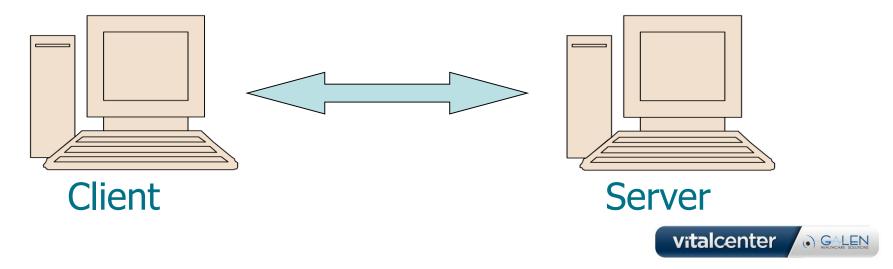
HL7 Message Breakdown





Data Exchange Standards

- Typically moved via a network connection via TCP/IP
- One acts as the Client and the other acts as the Server.
- The Client will open a TCP/IP Socket with the Server.
- This connection will be exclusively used for these two systems to communicate.





Data Exchange Standards

 Once the TCP/IP Connection is established the sending system can deliver an HL7 message

```
MSH|^~\&||SEM|||200605221309||ADT^A04|ADT1.1.9198|P|2.1

EVN|A04|200605221309

PID|1||M000001327||TEST^RECURRING^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^^||^^^^||100000295

12|74

DG1|1|TX||PROTIMES

PV1|1|O|RCA^^||||TESTC^TEST^CAROL||TESTC^TEST^CAROL|||||||||RCR||U|||
```

 The receiving system will acknowledge the message using an ACK Message

```
MSH|^~\&||||SWA|200605221309||ACK|ADT1.1.9200|P|2.1|||| MSA|AA|ADT1.1.9198
```





ACK and NACK

 Every time an application accepts a message and processes the data it sends an Acknowledgement (ACK) back to the sending application.

MSH|^~\&||||SWA|201305221309||ACK|ADT1.1.9200|P|2.1|||| MSA|AA|ADT1.1.9198

 A NACK is an ACK that contains an error that is sent back to the sending application.

MSH|^~\&||||201305221309||ACK|ADT1.1.9200|P|2.1|||| MSA|AE|000001 ERR|DRG_DiagnosisRelatedGroupSegment^1^11^unexpected data found





Data Exchange Standards

- The acknowledgment of the delivery of a message is a significant feature
- In the MSH of the sending message is a field called the Message Control ID (MCI).

```
MSH|^~\&||SEM|||200605221309||ADT^A04|ADT1.1.9198|P|2.1
EVN|A04|200605221309
PID|1||M000001327||TEST^RECURRING^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^^||19680215|F|^^^||19680215|F|^^^||19680215|F|^^^||19680215|F|^^^||19680215|F|^^^||19680215|F|^^||19680215|F|^^||19680215|F|^^||19680215|F|^^||19680215|F|^^||19680215|F|^^||19680215|F|^^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||19680215|F|^||1968
```



Data Exchange Methods

- TCP/IP connection may require use of VPN
 - Can be circumvented through FTP

 Manually transfer HI7 messages by downloading and copying to shared folder



Batch messaging

- Allows one or more HI7 messages to be sent in a single file
- Contains specialized segments such as the batch header, batch trailer, file header, and file trailer segment
- Useful for systems that are not connected via realtime transmission protocols (such as those systems that do not transmit via TCP/IP connections)



Future

- Version 2.x has been approved by ANSI since the early 90's and is used throughout the Healthcare industry almost exclusively.
- Version 3.x is a departure from the 2.x version in how the messages are formatted.
- Version 3.x is based on XML, which is a Web based language.
- XML CCD and Dictionary Updates



XML Message

- <DictionaryEntry ID="93343:36">
- <Name>Other abdominal pain-R10.8</Name>
- <Code>R10.8</Code>
- <DxCode>R10.8</DxCode>
- <LastUpdate>ICD10 Upload</LastUpdate>
- <CreDt ID="63223">02/05/2014</CreDt>
- <CreTm>10:42AM</CreTm>
- <CreIni>KAT</CreIni>
- <UpdDt ID="63223">02/05/2014</UpdDt>
- <UpdTm>10:42AM</UpdTm>
- <UpdUsername>DGS</UpdUsername>
- <IcdCmDescription>Other abdominal pain/IcdCmDescription>
- <ld><lcdCmCode>R10.8</lcdCmCode></ld>
- <ld><lcdCmVersion>10</lcdCmVersion></ld>
- <VerNum>1</VerNum>
- <DeletedFlag></DeletedFlag>
- <IDXDictionaryInternalNumber>36</IDXDictionaryInternalNumber>
- <IDXDictEntryInternalNumber>93343</IDXDictEntryInternalNumber>
- </DictionaryEntry>





Current HL7 Uses

Epic Conversions

 Convert discrete and non-discrete data elements into HL7 messages to pass through EPIC Bridges interface engine

HIE Onboarding

Creating interfaces to handle HL7 messages to pass into the HIE

Master Patient Index

Generating ADT messages from ORU result messages





Q&A





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Empowering our partners to provide extraordinary patient care The Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health (HITECH) Act (part of the Stimulus package known as the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act), signed into law by President Obama on February 17, 2009, is poised to fundamentally alter the way patient care is provided in the United States.			vit	NOUNCII alcen	Email * City * State/Province *	□ Technical Services

