Day 03 - Exercise 01 - Boosting Trees

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Preamble

The exercises here are taken from the boosting-trees.R file in the scripts/day_03 directory.

In order to be able to run the code in here, you need to run the following:

```
## Installing packages
install.packages('rpart')
install.packages('mlbench')
install.packages('caret')
install.packages('gbm')
## Loading packages
library('rpart')
library('mlbench')
library('caret')
library('gbm')
```

These packages are needed in order to run some of the commands.

We can now **load** the necessary libraries:

```
library('rpart')
library('mlbench')
library('gbm')
## Loading required package: survival
## Attaching package: 'survival'
## The following object is masked from 'package:rpart':
##
##
       solder
## Loading required package: lattice
## Loading required package: splines
## Loading required package: parallel
## Loaded gbm 2.1.3
library('caret')
## Loading required package: ggplot2
##
## Attaching package: 'caret'
## The following object is masked from 'package:survival':
##
##
       cluster
```

Exercise 1

1. Use the 'cv.folds' option to 'gbm' to perform 10-fold cross-validation of the 'gbm' model for breast cancer above by varying 'n.trees'. Select an optimal 'n.trees' and compute the test error using the testing data.

```
# Defining dataset
data('BreastCancer')
BreastCancer$y <- ifelse(BreastCancer$Class == "malignant", 1, -1)</pre>
BreastCancer$Class <- NULL</pre>
BreastCancer$Id <- NULL</pre>
head(BreastCancer)
     Cl.thickness Cell.size Cell.shape Marg.adhesion Epith.c.size Bare.nuclei
## 1
                 5
                            1
                                        1
                                                        1
                                                                      2
                                                                                   1
## 2
                 5
                            4
                                        4
                                                        5
                                                                      7
                                                                                  10
                                                                      2
## 3
                 3
                            1
                                        1
                                                        1
                                                                                   2
                 6
                            8
                                        8
                                                                      3
                                                                                   4
## 4
                                                        1
## 5
                 4
                                        1
                                                        3
                                                                      2
                                                                                   1
                            1
## 6
                 8
                           10
                                       10
                                                        8
                                                                      7
                                                                                  10
##
     Bl.cromatin Normal.nucleoli Mitoses y
## 1
                3
                                          1 -1
                                  1
                                           1 -1
                3
                                  2
## 2
## 3
                3
                                  1
                                           1 -1
                3
                                  7
                                           1 -1
## 4
## 5
                3
                                  1
                                           1 -1
                9
                                  7
                                           1 1
## 6
```

We now create a training and testing datasets, and compute the estimator using the **GBM** classifier:

We define a function breast_err_calculation that will modify the data, and will depend on the number of trees and the number of K-fold cross-validations.

```
breast_err_calculation <- function(dataset, ntrees = 1000, cv_folds = 10){
  # Creating fraction of the training/testing dataset
  trn_idx <- sample(1:nrow(dataset), size = 0.8*nrow(dataset))</pre>
  bc_trn <- dataset[ trn_idx,]</pre>
  bc tst <- dataset[-trn idx,]</pre>
  ## GBM Classifier
  bc trn^{\$}y <- (bc trn^{\$}y + 1)/2 ## convert (-1, 1) to (0, 1)
  bc_tst_y \leftarrow (bc_tst_y + 1)/2 \# convert (-1, 1) to (0, 1)
  # Computing the GBM classifier
  bc_fit <- gbm(y ~ .,</pre>
                 distribution = 'bernoulli',
                 data=bc_trn,
                 n.trees = ntrees,
                 cv.folds = cv_folds)
  # Estimating errors
  pre_tst <- predict(bc_fit, bc_tst, n.trees=bc_fit$n.trees, type='response') > 0.5
  gmb_err_mean <- mean(pre_tst == bc_tst$y)</pre>
  return(gmb_err_mean)
```

We can now compute the errors for each of the different types of n.trees:

```
## Looping over different values of `n_trees`

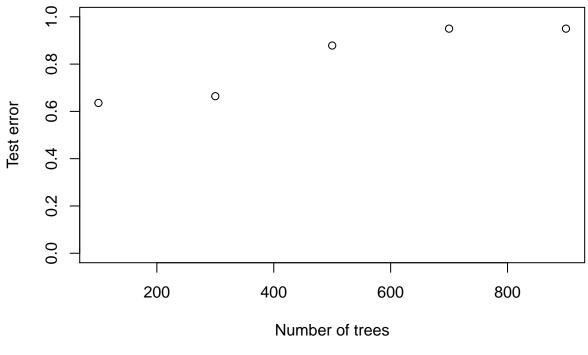
n_init = 100
n_end = 1000
n_step = 200

n_trees_arr <- seq(n_init, n_end, n_step)
gm_err_arr <- rep(0, length(n_trees_arr))

for (x in 1:length(n_trees_arr)) {
   gm_err_arr[x] = breast_err_calculation(BreastCancer, ntrees = n_trees_arr[x])
}</pre>
```

Now we can go ahead and plot the results of n_trees_arr and gm_err_arr:

```
plot(n_trees_arr,
    gm_err_arr,
    xlab = 'Number of trees',
    ylab = 'Test error',
    xlim = c(min(n_trees_arr), max(n_trees_arr)),
    ylim = c(0,1))
```



Exercise 2

Using the income data from previous examples to fit a boosted tree ('gbm') for for predicting income, given education and seniority. Be sure to read through the help file to make the appropriate modifications.

Exercise 3

Create a figure using the 'persp' function to display the prediction surface of the boosted tree model trained in part 1. (hint: use the 'plot_inc_data' function from previous lab)

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