

Name:

Short Quiz 4B

8 December 2025

Question 1: Prove that $\|x + y\|^2 = \|x\|^2 + 2\langle x, y \rangle + \|y\|^2$.

Answer:

$$\begin{aligned}\|x + y\|^2 &= \sum_{i=1}^d (x_i + y_i)^2 = \sum_{i=1}^d (x_i^2 + 2x_i y_i + y_i^2) \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^d x_i^2 + 2 \sum_{i=1}^d x_i y_i + \sum_{i=1}^d y_i^2 = \|x\|^2 + 2\langle x, y \rangle + \|y\|^2.\end{aligned}$$

Question 2: Compute the gradient of $x \mapsto \frac{1}{2}\|x\|^2$ at x_0 .

Answer:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{1}{2}\|x_0 + h\|^2 &= \frac{1}{2}(\|x_0\|^2 + 2\langle x_0, h \rangle + \|h\|^2) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}\|x_0\|^2 + \langle x_0, h \rangle + o_{h \rightarrow 0}(\|h\|).\end{aligned}$$

Therefore, the gradient is x_0 .

Question 3: What is the idea of boosting?

Answer: The idea of boosting is to train weak learners f_1, \dots, f_B sequentially, with weights $\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_B$, so that the predictor f_{b+1} performs well on training samples where $\alpha_1 f_1 + \dots + \alpha_b f_b$ performs poorly. To do that, f_{b+1} is trained on a reweighted dataset, where more importance is given to such training samples. The final decision function is $\alpha_1 f_1 + \dots + \alpha_B f_B$.