





National Technology of Mexico Technological Institute of Tijuana

ACADEMIC SUBDIRECTION
Systems and Computing Department

SEMESTER February – June 2021

CAREER
Information and Communication Technologies Engineer

SUBJECT AND KEY:
Data Mining BDD-1703TI9A

STUDENT'S NAME AND REGISTRATION:

Camacho Manabe Juan Daniel 17210534 Velázquez Farrera César Alejandro 17212937

NAME OF THE JOB: Practice #1

UNIT TO BE EVALUATED
Unit II

TEACHER'S NAME:
MC. José Christian Romero Hernández

Practice #1

VideoGames

```
Games <- read.csv("vgsales.csv")</pre>
Games <- read.csv(file.choose())</pre>
#Overview of the nature of the data
head(Games)
colnames(Games)
head(Games)
tail(Games)
str(Games)
summary(Games)
install.packages("ggplot2")
library("ggplot2")
install.packages("dplyr")
library(dplyr)
#1. Scatterplot inclusion
#Global video games sales by platform
ScatPlot <- ggplot(Games, aes(x=Global_Sales, y=Platform,</pre>
                   color=Genre))+geom_point()
ScatPlot
#Videogames produced per year
Scatplot2 <- ggplot(Games, aes(x=Platform, y=Year,</pre>
                   color=Genre))+geom_point()
Scatplot2
#2. Facets inclusion
#Facets
v <- ggplot(Games, aes(x=Global_Sales))</pre>
v + geom_histogram(binwidth = 10, aes(fill=Genre),
                    color="Black")
v + geom_histogram(binwidth = 10, aes(fill=Genre),
                    color="Black") + facet grid(Genre~., scales="free")
#3. Distribution Graphs
geo<- filter(Games, Genre == "Action")</pre>
geo
```

```
ggplot(data=Games, aes(x=Year, y=EU Sales)) +
  geom point()
#Sales per year in the US and we add color
o <- ggplot(Games, aes(x=Year, y=EU Sales))</pre>
h <- o + geom point(color="Blue")</pre>
#adding captions and decorating with a theme
  xlab("Years") +
  ylab("Million units") +
  ggtitle("Videogames sales in the EU") +
  theme(axis.title.x = element_text(color = "DarkGreen", size=20),
        axis.title.y = element_text(color = "Red", size=20),
        axis.text.x = element_text(color="Black", size = 5),
        axis.text.y = element_text(color="Black",size = 5),
        legend.title = element text(size = 20),
        legend.text = element text(size = 20),
        legend.position = c(1,1),
        legend.justification = c(1,1),
        plot.title = element_text(color = "DarkGreen", size = 25))
# Number or vector representing the mean / s
# Number or vector representing the standard deviation / s log = FALSE)
# If TRUE, probabilities are returned as logarithms
#We separate the variable that we want to analyze
x<-Games$EU Sales
distribution<-dnorm(x,</pre>
                    mean = 0.1467,
                    sd = 1,
                    log = FALSE)
#We separate the variable that we want to analyze
x<-Games$EU_Sales
#Graph the normal distribution
plot(x, dnorm(x, mean = 0.1467, sd = 1), type = "l",
     ylab = "", lwd = 1, col = "red")
#Graph the normal distribution
plot(x, dnorm(x, mean = 0.1467, sd = 1),
     ylab = "", lwd = 1, col = "red")
```











