Mini-math Div 3/4: Wednesday, October 29, 2025 (7.6-7.9) (20 minutes)

1. (2 points) Solve the following differential equation:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = xy\sin(x^2) \cdot \ln y$$

- 2. (2 points) During a chemical reaction, the rate of change of the amount of the chemical remaining is proportional to the amount remaining. At time t = 0, the amount of the chemical is 60 g. At time t = 8, the amount of the chemical is 12 g. At what time t is the amount of the chemical 4 g?
- A. $\frac{4\sqrt{42}}{3}$ B. $\frac{28}{3}$ C. $\frac{8 \ln 15}{\ln 5}$ D. $\frac{8 \ln 4}{\ln 12}$ E. $\frac{8}{3}$

3. (2 points) Solve the following initial value problem:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y^2, \quad y(3) = -2$$

A.
$$y = \frac{1}{5/2 - x}$$
 for $x \neq 5/2$

B.
$$y = \frac{2}{5 - 2x}$$
 for $x > 5/2$

C.
$$y = -\frac{1}{x} - \frac{5}{3}$$
 for $x \neq 0$

D.
$$y = -\frac{5x+3}{3x}$$
 for $x > 0$

- 4. The number of squirrels in a park at time t is modelled by the function y=F(t) that satisfies the logistic differential equation $\frac{dy}{dt}=\frac{1}{2000}y(1500-y)$, where $t\geq 0$ is measured in weeks. The number of squirrels in the park at time t=0 is F(0)=b, where b is a positive constant.
 - (a) i. (1 point) If b = 300, what is the largest rate of increase in the number of squirrels in the park?

ii. (1 point) If b = 1000, what is the largest rate of increase in the number of squirrels in the park?

(b) (2 points) If b=150, find $\lim_{t\to\infty}F(t)$ and interpret the meaning of this limit in the context of the problem. For reference, the differential equation is $\frac{dy}{dt}=\frac{1}{2000}y(1500-y)$.

(c) (4 points) (*) Find the function F(t) if b = 500.