0.1 Statement of problem

Suppose we are solving the Dirichlet problem for the Laplace equation in three dimensions on a surface of revolution such that:

$$\Delta u = 0 \qquad \qquad \text{in } \Omega \tag{1}$$

$$u = f$$
 on Γ (2)

$$u \to 0$$
 as $\mathbf{x} \to \infty$ (3)

The original kernel-independent fast multipole method

M2L:
$$\int_{\mathbf{v}^{B,d}} G(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) \phi^{B,d}(\mathbf{y}) d\mathbf{y} = \int_{\mathbf{v}^{A,u}} G(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) \phi^{A,u}(\mathbf{y}) d\mathbf{y}$$
 for all $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbf{x}^{B,d}$

0.2 The Riemann Hypothesis

Blah, blah, blah. There is nothing interesting in figure 1.

This statement is false.

Figure 1: This is the caption that appears under the figure. It may be quite long—you wouldn't want such a long caption to appear in the "list of figures".

More blah, blah. There is nothing interesting about table 1 either.

Table 1: For some reason unfamiliar to me, typesetting rules require one to place captions above tables, but below figures. Go figure.

You could put a table here. I won't.

0.3 Another section

Notice that the fist paragraph is indented. There's a package to do that automatically. Blah, blah, blah, blah, blah, blah.

Bibliography

 J. B. Conway, Functions of One Complex Variable I. Second edition. Springer-Verlag, Graduate Texts in Mathematics 11, 1991.