

## Event Tracker Application Development Proposal

### I. Project Goals

#### a. Overview

The goal is to deliver a user-friendly event tracking service that efficiently manages the entire process, from searching for tickets to post-event management. Key functionalities include managing event ticket searches and bookings, facilitating the payment process, and effectively handling ticket organization. A reliable notification system will keep users informed about their events and ticket status. The ticket purchase process is designed with a heavy focus on encryption, ensuring security and integrity of all transactions.

#### b. Architecture and Components

The major components comprise a secure backend infrastructure, the database schema, and the user interface, which work together to deliver the application's core service.

##### i. Secure Database Structure

1. **Users Table:** stores user-centric data required for authentication and communication

**(user\_id, username, password\_hash, email, phone)**

2. **Events Table:** stores details about tracked events

**(event\_id, user\_id, event\_name, date, time, location, description, image\_url, ticket\_url)**

3. **Tickets Table:** manages ticket records linked to events and users, crucial for post-event management

**(booking\_id, user\_id, event\_id, purchase\_date, quantity, encrypted\_price, booking\_status)**

**4. Payments Table:** manages encrypted transaction details for security and auditing

(**transaction\_id, booking\_id, encryption\_key\_id, transaction\_status, transaction\_date**)

- ii. Notification Service Module:** a dedicated server-side (backend) module to manage and dispatch reminders via email, SMS, and in-app notifications.
- iii. Payment Integration:** a secure API integration with a certified payment processor (e.g., Stripe, PayPal) to handle all encrypted financial transactions.

**c. Functionalities**

These primary features enable a secure and user-friendly experience from sign-up to post-event management.

**i. Secure Authentication and Registration**

A cohesive “Login/Registration Screen”

- a.** Features strong password requirements, email/SMS verification, and robust input validation
- b.** Passwords will be stored as one-way hashes

**ii. Main Event Discovery Interface**

Display for events in a clean grid/card layout with chronological order as the default view

- a.** Includes filter and search functionalities based on location, event type, artist/performer, and date range

**iii. Personal Event Management (CRUD)**

Allows users to Create, Read, Update, and Delete their personal events

- a. Adding new events, modifying existing ones, marking as attended or deleted

**iv. Proactive Event Notification System**

A system to remind users of upcoming events.

- a. Includes customizable reminder settings and a notification history log

**v. Encrypted Booking and Purchase Workflow**

A dedicated and secure workflow for ticket purchasing that uses payment integration

- a. Features direct linking for ticket purchases and ensures all payment data is encrypted both in transit and at rest

**II. Target Users and Assumptions**

- a. This table analyzes key user groups for the Event Tracking, their general purpose, and their primary goals.

User Type	Description	Primary Goals
<b>General Users</b>	Those who utilize the app for personal event organization, simple tracking, and occasional ticket booking	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Stay organized</li><li>- Receive timely reminders</li><li>- Securely track purchased tickets for personal use</li></ul>
<b>Avid Eventgoers</b>	Highly active users who frequently search for, book, and attend events (concerts,	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Discover new events quickly</li><li>- Manage multiple bookings</li></ul>

	sports games, theatre performances)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Integrate event schedules into their digital calendars</li></ul>
<b>Event Coordinators</b>	Professionals, or dedicated users, responsible for organizing and managing public and private events within the application	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Effectively add, modify, and delete events</li><li>- Monitor event performance</li><li>- Utilize notification tools for attendee updates</li></ul>
<b>Artists/Performers</b>	Individuals or groups who use the platform to promote their own scheduled shows, appearances, or tours	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Maximize visibility for upcoming events</li><li>- Ensure accurate event details are shown</li><li>- Drive traffic to the booking system</li></ul>
<b>Application Administrators</b>	Internal personnel responsible for maintaining the application's infrastructure, ensuring data integrity, and providing support	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Ensure data accuracy and security compliance</li><li>- Manage user accounts</li></ul>

		- Maintain smooth operation of the notification system and the payment integration
--	--	--

**b. Assumptions**

- i. User expects a clean, minimalistic interface with minimal clicks required to complete tasks
- ii. The Notification System must have top-notch delivery reliability across multiple channels (in-app, email, SMS)
- iii. Users assume that all personal and financial data is handled with industry-standard encryption and compliance protocols
- iv. Personal event data is user-generated, but event discovery relies on API integration with third-party ticketing services or public event databases
- v. The application will primarily be used on mobile devices, and the system must be designed for cross-platform compatibility
- vi. Successful ticket purchasing is entirely dependent on the stability and availability of the external Payment Integration

**III. UI Screens and Features**

This section outlines the specific user interfaces and the critical features they enable.

**a. Splash Screen**

- i. Displays the branding logo and a short Loading Animation
- ii. Transitions immediately to Login/Registration Interface

**b. Login/Registration Interface**

Crumbley, Victoria  
Southern New Hampshire University  
CS 499 Computer Science Capstone  
Friday, November 28, 2025

- i. Input fields (username/email, password)
- ii. “Login” button that triggers hash validation
- iii. Direct button to the Account Creation fields

**c. Secure Account Creation**

- i. Fields for full name, email, phone, and password
- ii. Triggers email/SMS verification upon submission
- iii. Toggle for push notifications and location access
- iv. “Create Account” button, stores password as a hash

**d. Main Event Discovery View**

- i. Events displayed in a grid/card layout, set default chronological
- ii. Persistent search bar with filter options: date range, location, event type, or artist(s)/performer(s)

**e. Event Details View**

- i. Large image banner and description
- ii. Date, time, venue/location details
- iii. “Book Now” button leading to Encrypted Booking Workflow
- iv. Display of related or nearby events

**f. Encrypted Booking Workflow**

- i. Quantity and seat selection (if applicable)
- ii. Displays ticket pricing, service fees, and total cost
- iii. Secure interface for entering payment details

*\*\*\*Option to save encrypted payment information for future use*

**g. User Profile & Preferences**

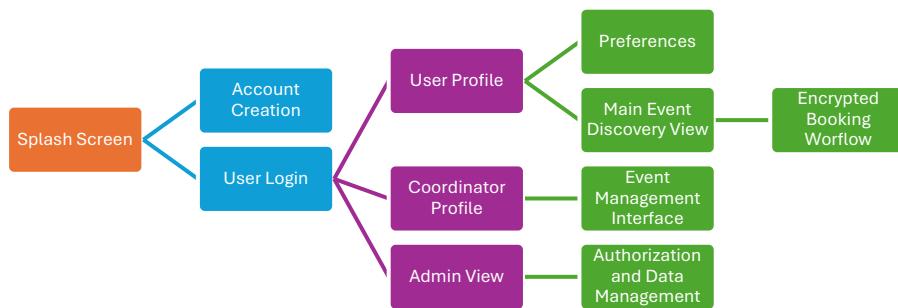
- i. Greeting message, list of upcoming events, and past attended events (card/view list)
- ii. Reminder customization and profile editing

**h. Event Management Interface (CRUD)**

- i. Fields for title, date, time, location, and description
- ii. Image uploader tool for the event image banner
- iii. “Save/Update”, “Publish”, and “Delete” buttons

#### i. Authorization and Data Management

- i. Interface for user management and content moderation
- ii. Overview of system health, security logs, and user activity



### IV. Code Design

This application will be built as a MEAN stack application, utilizing MongoDB as the database, Express.js and Node.js for the backend API, and Angular for the frontend client. The Angular frontend will adhere to the Model-View-ViewModel (MVVM) architectural pattern to ensure a clean separation of concerns, enhance testability, and facilitate maintenance

#### a. Full-Stack Architecture

- i. **Database** – NoSQL database; scalable for storage of Users, Events, Tickets, and Payment data
- ii. **Backend Framework** – Provides the RESTful API layer handling of all CRUD operations, authentication, and server-side security
- iii. **Frontend** – The client-side application responsible for all UI rendering, user interaction, and implementing the MVVM pattern

#### b. MVVM Architecture

**i. Model:**

This layer manages data retrieval and submission. It communicates directly with the Express.js API endpoints to fetch or submit data; this is the bridge between UI logic and backend database.

**ii. View:**

This layer renders the user interfaces and handles all direct user interactions and events

**iii. ViewModel:**

It contains logic for features like Search/Filtering, Reminder Settings, and Role-Based Routing after login.

**c. Security and System Services**

**i. Backend Security**

**Authentication:** user registration processes hashing of passwords before storage in MongoDB

**Data Encryption:** sensitive fields in the Payments collection will be encrypted before being written to MongoDB

**ii. Notification Service Module**

**Node.js Backend:** responsible for scheduling and dispatching notifications via third-party services

**Express.js Controllers:** logic triggers the backend API

**d. UI/UX Component Inventory**

**i. Core Navigation**

**Bottom Navigation Bar:** implemented by utilizing Angular routing and component composition

**ii. Key Components**

**Event Card View, Encrypted Booking Workflow, and Event Management Interface:** built by Angular components