

BibTeX with LaTeX

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Adapter from Mini Course on LaTeX by [David Diez](#)

Outline

- BibTeX - creating bibliographies in LaTeX

Why to use BibTeX?

There are a number of very good reasons to use BibTeX instead of manual creation of bibliographies.

- Human readable format.
- Automatic creation of bibliographies.
- Easily to change bibliographic styles.
- Identification of missing sources referenced in text.
- Wide acceptance in communities (academia, industry, publishing, etc.).
- A lot of software tools working and supporting BibTeX ([JabRef](#), [Docear4Word](#) etc.)
- Cross-platform and easy integration (e.g, web-site, CV, etc.)

How BibTeX works

There are three steps that LaTeX and BibTeX take to make a bibliography.

- When you typeset a document with citations (e.g. `\cite{zotova}`), LaTeX makes note of each citation.
- BibTeX takes this list and looks for each reference in a database of publications.
- Then we tell LaTeX to make the bibliography of all of those publications it found that we referenced.

The most time consuming part is initially building the database. After that, you can reference this same database over and over again and BibTeX becomes a breeze.

BibTeX material

- Creating your database
- Citing a reference
- Typesetting with BibTeX
- Building style files

Sample reference entry

We want to create a reference, similar to the following, for each of the item we want to cite.

$$\textcircled{\text{article}}^{\text{label}}\{\text{zotova},$$

$$\text{Author} = \{\text{Elena Zotova and Charles D Woody and Ehud Gruen}\},$$

$$\text{Journal} = \{\text{Brain Research}\},$$

$$\text{Pages} = \{66-78\},$$

$$\text{Title} = \{\text{Multiple representations ... [etc etc]}\},$$

$$\text{Volume} = \{868\},$$

$$\text{Year} = \{2000\}$$

Make up of a reference

Each reference needs a publication type (e.g. article, book), and each reference includes many fields. For instance, the following are **required** and *optional* fields of an article entry.

label: The reference label.

Author	Journal	Title
Year	<i>Volume</i>	<i>Number</i>
<i>Pages</i>	<i>Month</i>	<i>Note</i>

A formal list of the available publication types and also which items are required and optional for each type, see

http://www.image.ufl.edu/help/latex/entry_bibtex.shtml

Software for BibTeX database creation

If you don't want to build your data base up in such a bare-bones manner use one of the following software tools:

- [JabRef](#)
- [BibDesk](#)
- [Collection of reference management tools](#)

Most of the programs are free and available online.

If you do manage your own...

Some things you should know if you do not use a program manager:

- Always include a label, which is how LaTeX identifies the entry.
- The entry (publication) type and field names are NOT cap-sensitive.
- Enclose the text for each field (e.g. the author names) in curly braces.
- You can add extra fields that are not listed and these will be ignored (e.g. if you add an Abstract field to a reference, BibTeX will just ignore it).

Special cases

Giving author names in a non-ambiguous form is sometimes difficult.

- Always type names as {Given Names Surnames} or {Surname, Given Names}.
- Anything enclosed in braces will be treated as a single item (e.g. Author = {Maria {San Martino}}).
- If there is more than one author, separate each author name by the word *and*. If *and* is part of someone's name, enclose their entire name in braces.
- You may add accents (e.g. Gödel via G{"o}del).

Many other nuances exist. If you encounter a peculiar name, do a little online searching to see how best to put it into the data base.

Abbreviating journal names

Sometimes you don't want your entry to include the entire journal name. To shorten it, use the *string* entry type:

```
@string{JSS = {Journal of Statistical Software}}
```

These string entries must be defined in the database above where they are used.

Citing a reference

There are four commands that can be used.

- `\cite{labelName}` [referenceNumber], e.g. [1].
- `\citet{labelName}` Surname (year), e.g. Zotova et al. (2000).
- `\citep{labelName}` (Surname, year), e.g. (Zotova et al., 2000).
- `\nocite{labelName}` Not cited but will show up in bibliography.

The first and last work with the `uclathes` class. The second two are used in the `ieeetr` package (highly recommended for non-thesis papers).

Other commands in your document

The following two lines of code must be inserted at the place where the bibliography is to be added:

```
\bibliographystyle{yourStyle}
```

```
\bibliography{databaseName}
```

The style command can be moved higher (it doesn't matter). If you use the **ieeetr** package it no problem usually. But in case you are using some custom referencing you must add it with the other packages.

```
\usepackage{ieeetr}
```

Making the bibliography

If you have made your reference database, made citations, and inserted the bibliography commands in your text, all you need to do is to compile your document you are working on.

But you have to know that in order to make proper **bibliographic reference** LaTeX will need to **run through the document** multiple of times. And usually it's done in any LaTeX editor (such as TeXStudio or TeXMaker) automatically. But in case you are using command line you need to take care of bibliography file creation on your own.

Building a style file

One of the big benefits of BibTeX is the ability to quickly change the bibliography style and within-text citations. To do this, we use the program **custom-bib**. Download it at

<http://www.ctan.org/tex-archive/help/Catalogue/entries/custom-bib.html>

custom-bib has been included in the **latexTemp** zip file from the first class.

Building a style file

Open `latexTemp > custom-bib`, and open the `makebst.tex` file.
To run the program,

- (1) Open the file and typeset it.
- (2) Type YES to the first question to get extra directions.
- (3) Choose an appropriate file name (no need to add the extension).
- (4) Answer each of the style questions.
- (5) For the last question, *Finished!! ... Shall I now run this batch job? (NO)*, type YES.

Find and copy the file you named in step (3) with extension `.bst`. Put it in the folder with whatever files for which you will make a bibliography with this style or in your bibliography folder (however you reference it in your LaTeX document).

Practice

Open the `latexTemp.tex` file and go to the last section. Add a bibliography reference of `\citet{victor}`. Also add a reference with `\citep{victor}` and typeset (all four steps). What is the difference between your references? How would you use each in a paper?

Summary

After this class, you should have a general idea of

- creating bibliographies using BibTeX

Any questions?