# INSTALLATION AND SERVICE MANUAL

# HOT WATER HEATING BOILER HOT WATER SUPPLY BOILER MODELS 495 thru 2065

Installation and service must be performed by a qualified service installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

#### WARRANTY

Factory warranty (shipped with unit) does not apply to units improperly installed or improperly operated.

Experience has shown that improper installation or system design, rather than faulty equipment, is the cause of most operating problems.

- Excessive water hardness causing a lime build-up in the copper tube is not the fault of the equipment and is not covered under the manufacturer's warranty. (See Instructions for Operation).
- Excessive pitting and erosion on the inside of the copper tube may be caused by too much water velocity through the tubes and is not covered by the manufacturer's warranty. (See Instructions for Operation for proper pump performance).

WARNING: If the information in this manual is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

— Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

## - WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

WARNING: IMPROPER INSTALLATION, ADJUST-MENT, ALTERATION, SERVICE OR MAINTENANCE CAN CAUSE INJURY OR PROPERTY DAMAGE. REFER TO THIS MANUAL. FOR ASSISTANCE OR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONSULT A QUALI-FIED INSTALLER, SERVICE AGENCY OR THE GAS SUPPLIER.

# SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS TO OWNER

NOTE: Retain this manual for future reference.

This manual supplies information for the installation, operation and servicing of the appliance. It is strongly recommended that this manual be reviewed completely before proceeding with an installation.

#### CHECKING EQUIPMENT

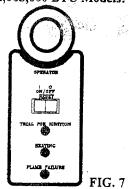
Upon receiving equipment, check for signs of shipping damage. Pay particular attention to parts accompanying the boiler, which may show signs of being hit or otherwise being mishandled. Verify total number of pieces shown on packing slip with those actually received. In case there is damage or a shortage, immediately notify carrier.

DO NOT USE THIS APPLIANCE IF ANY PART HAS BEEN UNDERWATER. IMMEDIATELY CALLA QUALIFIED SERVICE TECHNICIANTO INSPECT THE UNIT AND TO REPLACE ANY PART OF THE CONTROL SYSTEM AND ANY GAS CONTROL WHICH HAS BEEN UNDERWATER.

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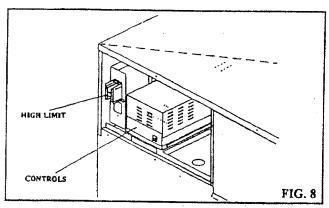
### TEMPERATURE ADJUSTMENT

### 495,000 thru 2,065,000 BTU Models:



### **Operating Temperature Control**

An adjustable immersion operating control is located on the end of the jacket, above the ON/OFF switch. The control uses a remote sensing bulb mounted in the front header. Turn the control setpoint dial to adjust the desired operating water temperature of the unit.



## HighWater Temperature Limit Control

An adjustable high limit control(s) is located on the internal control panel. The setting of this control(s) limits maximum discharge water temperature. An optional manual reset function is available. A small red reset button, located beside the knob, must be pushed whenever water temperature has exceeded the set point of the manual reset limit.

NOTE: The control will not reset until the water temperature has dropped below the set point of the high limit.

# OPTIONAL TWO STAGE BURNER CONTROL SYSTEM

# 495,000 Thru 2,065,000 BTU Models:

An optional two stage burner control system is available. This system is equipped with two operating temperature controls to fire each burner stage at a different temperature set point. Stage one (Low Fire) must fire before stage two (Hi-Fire) will function. Set Low Fire operator at the desired system set point, Set Hi-Fire operator at a lower setting, approximately 5-15 degrees lower, for staged operation.

#### LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS

# FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE OPERATING

WARNING: If you do not follow these instructions, exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

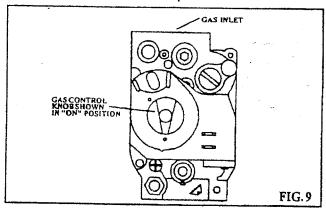
- A. This appliance does not have a pilot. It is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burner. Do NOT try to light the burner by hand.
- B. BEFORE OPERATING, smell around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle to the floor.

#### WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- C. Use only your hand to turn the gas control lever. Never use tools. If the lever will not turn by hand, don't try to repair it, call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.
- D. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

## LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS 495,000 THRU 2,065,000 BTU MODELS

- 1. Stop! Read the safety information.
- 2. Turn off all electrical power to the appliance.
- Open the top front jacket panel(s) to access the gas valve controls.
- Set the thermostat(s) to the lowest setting.
- This appliance is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burners. DO NOT attempt to light the burners by hand.
- 6. Turn the gas control knob on each gas valve clockwise to the "OFF" position.



- Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. If you smell gas, STOP! Follow "B" in the safety information. If you don't smell gas, go on to next step.
- 8. Turn the gas control knob on each gas valve counter clockwise to the "ON" position.
- 9. Set the thermostats(s) to the desired setting.
- 10 Replace gas control access panel(s):
- 11. Turn on all electric power to the appliance.
- 12. If the appliance will not operate, follow the instructions "To Turn Off Gas To Appliance" and call your service technician or gas supplier.

# TO TURN OFF GAS TO APPLIANCE

- Turn off all electric power to the appliance if service is to be performed.
- Open the top front jacket panel(s) to access gas valve controls.
- 3. Turn the gas control knob on each gas valve clock wise to the "OFF" position. Do not force.
- Replace control access panel.

WARNING: Should overheating occur or the gas fail to shut off, turn off the manual gas control valve to the appliance.

# IGNITION SYSTEM CHECKOUT

# 495,000 thru 2,065,000 BTU Models:

- 1. Turn off gas supply to unit.
- Turn thermostat(s) and high limit controls to highest setting.
- 3. Turn electric power on.
- 4. The ignition module will lock out.
- 5. Readjust thermostat(s) and high limit to normal setting.
- 6. Turn on gas supply.
- 7. Turn power off then on to reset ignition module.
- If ignition system fails to operate properly, repair work must be performed by a qualified serviceman or installer.

## HOT SURFACE IGNITION SYSTEM

The hot surface igniton module is not repairable. Any modification or repairs will invalidate the warranty and may create hazardous conditions that result in property damage, personal injury, fire, explosion and/or toxic gases. A faulty ignition module must be replaced with a new unit. 495,000 thru 2,065,000 BTU units have one ignition module and one hot surface ignitor. The hot surface ignitor is also the flame sensor.

# OPERATION AND DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM 495,000 thru 2,065,000 BTU Models:

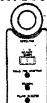


FIG. 10

The external control panel has a lighted ON/OFF power switch and two indicating lights. Internal lights are provided to monitor fan operation.

EXTERNAL INDICATING LIGH	TABLE J ITS FUNCTION
Power On	- Lighted power switch in on position.
Flame Failure Red	Ignition module unable to properly prove ignition.
Heating-Green	— Burner On.

INTERNALLY	TABLE K		
MOUNTED LIGHT	FUNCTION		
Low Air- Amber	Improper level of combustion air provided or a blockage in the flue.  Located beside each combustion air fan.		

#### FREEZE PROTECTION

Although these units are AGA design certified for outdoor installations - such installations are not recommended in areas where the danger of freezing exist. Proper freeze protection must be provided for outdoor installations, units installed in unheated mechanical rooms or where temperatures may drop to the freezing point or lower. If freeze protection is not provided for the system, a low ambient temperature alarm is recommended for the mechanical room. Damage to the unit by freezing is non-warrantable.

- If the system pump does not run continuously an additional pump must be installed to provide constant circulation through the unit. This can help prevent freezing.
- Freeze protection can be provided by using hydronic system antifreeze. Follow the manufacturers instructions. DO NOT use undiluted or automotive type antifreeze.
- A snow screen should be installed to prevent snow and ice accumulation around the appliance or its venting system.
- 4. If for any reason the unit is to be shut off, you must:
  - (a). Shut off water supply.
  - (b). Drain unit completely.
  - (c). Drain pump and piping.

#### **MAINTENANCE**

Listed below are items that should be checked to insure safe reliable operations. Verify proper operation after servicing.

CAUTION: Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation.

 Examine the venting system at least once a year. Check more often in first year to determine inspection interval. Check all joints and pipe connections for tightness, corrosion or deterioration. Clean screens in the venting air intake system as required. Have the entire system,

# DOMESTIC HOT WATER SUPPLY BOILER

## HOT WATER SUPPLY BOILER 495,000 - 2,065,000 BTU MODELS

This section contains specific instructions for those units used to supply domestic hot water. All warnings, cautions, notes and instructions in the general installation and service sections apply to these instructions. Hot water supply boilers are usually installed with a storage tank. The use of a properly sized pump and the control of water velocity, as explained below, is important for correct operation of your hot water supply boiler.

#### WATER VELOCITY CONTROL

IMPORTANT - To insure proper velocity through the heat exchanger, it is necessary to regulate the temperature rise across the heat exchanger from inlet to outlet. This must be done on initial installation and periodically rechecked. With the correct temperature rise across the heat exchanger, you may be assured of the proper velocity in the tubes. This will yield long life and economical operation from your hot water supply boiler. Excessive lime build-up in the tubes is a result of too little velocity in the tubes. Excessive pitting or erosion in the tube is caused by too much velocity through the tubes. Care should be taken to measure temperature rise and maintain a velocity as follows:

- 1. The pump must run continuously.
- 2. With the pump running and the hot water supply boiler off, the inlet and outlet thermometers should read the same temperature. If they do not, an adjustment must be made to your final calculation.
- 3. Turn the hot water supply boiler on and allow time for the temperature to stabilize. Record the difference between the inlet and outlet temperatures. This difference will be the "temperature rise".
- 4. Compare the temperature rise on the heater with the required temperatures rise in Table N below. Should adjustment be needed, proceed as follows:

If the temperature rise is too high, the water velocity is too low, check the following:

- 1. Check for restrictions in the outlet of the heater.
- 2. Be sure all valves are open between the heater and the tank.
- 3. Check the pump to be sure it is running properly and that the pump motor is running in the proper direction.
- 4. Be sure that the circulation pipes between the heater and storage tank are no less than 2" diameter for 495,000 thru 745,000 BTU models and not less than 2 ½" diameter for 985,000 thru 2,065,000 BTU models.

If the temperature rise is too low, the water velocity is too high, adjust as follows:

 Slowly throttle the valve on the outlet side of the heater until the temperature rise is steady at the required temperature rise as noted in Table N.

# REQUIRED TEMPERATURE RISE

#### TABLE N

BTUs	ΔT.°F	BTUs	ΔT.°F
495,000	15	1,255,000	23
645,000	19	1,435,000	26
745,000	22	1,795,000	32
985,000	18	2,065,000	37
000,000	. •	2,000,000	•.

## COMMON WATER MANIFOLD SIZE FOR MULTIPLE HOT WATER SUPPLY BOILER INSTALLATION TABLE O

Pipe sizing chart provides minimum pipe size for common manifold piping to insure adequate flow.

Number of Units	Common Manifold Size (Min.)
495,000-745,000	
1	2"
2	3"
3	3½"
4	4"
. 5	5"
6	5"
985,000-2,065,000	e i
1	2½"
2	4."
3	4"
4	5"
5	6"·
. 6	6"

#### PUMP OPERATION

- 1. The hot water supply boiler must be connected to a properly sized, continuously running pump that circu lates water between heater and storage tank.
- 2. Pump is sized to heater input and water hardness. Care should be taken to size pump correctly.
- 3. Lubricate pump to manufacturers recommendations. Pump damage due to inadequate lubrication is non-warrantable.

The pump chart is based on the following fittings:

6-90° elbows

2- unions

2 -ball valves

1 -cold water tee

Not more than 45 feet of straight pipe

For every elbow and tee in excess of those shown above, DEDUCT 5 FEET from maximum allowable straight pipe in heater to tank circulating loop.

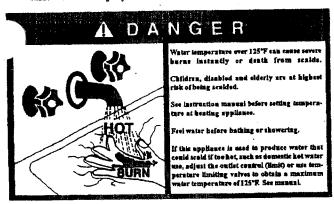
PUMP PERFORMANCE TABLE P				
Water Hardness of 25 grains				
GPM	Ft. Hd.			
55 -	10			
90	. 15			
	Water Har GPM 55 -			

## HEAT EXCHANGER.

his is a highly sophisticated heat exchanger, designed to .ry water in such a way that it generates a scouring action nich keeps all interior surfaces free from a build-up of impurities. The straight-line, two pass design of the tubes sends water into the headers at a properly rated velocity. The configuration of the headers, in turn, creates a high degree of turbulence which is sufficient to keep all contaminants in suspension. This "scouring action" provides greater cost savings for owners. Tubes are always able to transfer heat at peak efficiency. Every surface within this water containing section is of a non-ferrous material, providing clear, clean, rust-free hot water. Straight copper tubes - finned on the outside for maximum heat transfer - coated cast iron one piece cored headers make up an entirely rust-proof unit. On all models, header inspection plugs can be removed for field inspection and cleaning of copper tubes. The entire heat exchanger may be easily removed from the unit.

#### THERMOSTAT SETTINGS

- 1. The thermostat is adjusted to a low test setting when shipped from the factory.
- Set the thermostat or temperature control to the lowest settings which will satisfy hot water demands and prevent risk of scald injury.



WARNING: SHOULD OVERHEATING OCCUR OR THE GAS SUPPLY FAIL TO SHUT OFF, TURN OFF THE MANUAL GAS CONTROL VALVE TO THE APPLIANCE.

# TEMPERATURE ADJUSTMENT (Domestic Hot Water Use)

This unit has an adjustable thermostat to control water temperature. The thermostat is factory pre-set at approximately 125° F. Households with small children or invalids may require a 120° F or lower temperature setting to reduce risk of scald injury. Some states may require a lower temperature setting. heck with your gas supplier for local requirements governing a temperature setting. Remember, no water heating system ill provide exact temperatures at all times. Allow a few days

of operation at this setting to determine the correct temperature setting consistent with your needs.

NOTE: (1) This water heater, when set at the lower temperature setting, is not capable of producing hot water of sufficient temperature for sanitizing purposes. (2) Higher stored water temperature increases the ability of the water heater to supply desired quantities of hot water, however remember-



CAUTION: Hotter water increases the risk of scald injury. Incorrect piping of the cold water supply to the system may result in condensate formation on the heat exchanger and operational problems. See typical installation drawings provided with the unit for correct piping. Higher water temperatures reduce condensate formation.

CAUTION: Setting the temperature selector to higher settings provides hotter water, which increases the risk of scald injury.

#### RELIEF VALVE

This hot water supply boiler is supplied with temperature and pressure relief valve(s) sized in accordance with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IV ("Heating Boilers"). The relief valve(s) is installed in the hot water outlet. No valve is to be placed between the relief valve, and the hot water supply boiler. To prevent water damage, the discharge from the relief valve shall be piped to a suitable floor drain for disposal when relief occurs. No reducing couplings or other restrictions shall be installed in the discharge line. The discharge line shall allow complete drainage of the valve and line. Relief valves should be manually operated at least once a year.



CAUTION: Avoid contact with hot discharge water.

## THERMAL EXPANSION

A relief valve which discharges periodically may be due to thermal expansion in a closed system. A water heater installed in a closed system, such as one with a backflow preventer or check valve in the cold water supply, shall be provided with means to control expansion. Contact the water supplier or local plumbing inspector on how to correct this situation. Do not plug the relief valve.

### CATHODIC PROTECTION

Hydrogen gas can be produced in a hot water system that has not been used for a long period of time (generally, two weeks or more). Hydrogen gas is extremely flammable. To prevent the possibility of injury under these conditions, we recommend the hot water faucet be open for several minutes at the kitchen sink before you use any electrical appliance which is connected to the hot water system. If hydrogen is present, there will be an unusual sound such as air escaping through the pipe as the hot water begins to flow. There should be no smoking or open flames near the faucet at the time it is open.

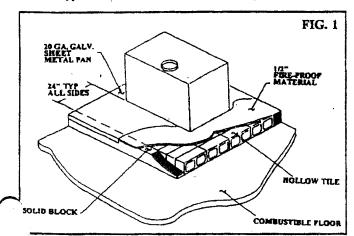
#### CODES

The equipment shall be installed in accordance with those installation regulations in force in the local area where the installation is to be made. These shall be carefully followed in all cases. Authoritites having jurisdiction shall be consulted before installations are made. In the absence of such requirements, the installation shall conform to the latest edition of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1. Where required by the authority having jurisdiction, the installation must conform to American Society of Mechanical Engineers Safety Code for Controls and Safety Devices for Automatically Fired Boilers, No. (CSD-1). All boilers conform to the latest edition of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IV. Where required by the authority having jurisdiction, the installation must comply with the Canadian Association Code, CAN/CGA-B149.2 and or local codes.

#### LOCATION

These units are suitable for indoor or outdoor installation. The optional outdoor venting configuration is illustrated in the venting section.

- Locate the unit so that if water connections should leak, water damage will not occur. When such locations cannot be avoided, it is recommended that a suitable drain pan, adequately drained, be installed under the unit. The pan must not restrict combustion air flow. Under no circumstances is the manufacturer to be held responsible for water damage in connection with this unit, or any of its components.
- Indoor units must be installed so that the ignition system components are protected from water (dripping, spraying, rain, etc.) during appliance operation and service (circulator replacement, control replacement, etc.)
- The appliance must be placed on a level, noncombustible floor. Concrete over wood is not considered non-combustible.
- 4. The appliance must not be installed on carpet.

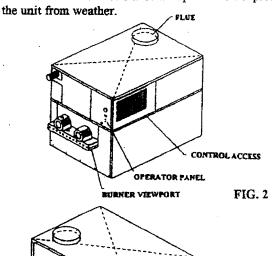


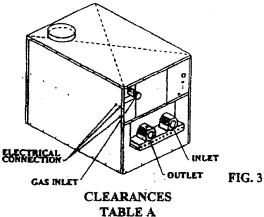
5. Installation over a combustible floor:

495,000 thru 2,065,000 BTU input units installed over a combustible floor MUST be provided with a base of

hollow clay tile or concrete blocks from 8" to 12" thick and extending 24" beyond the sides of the unit. The blocks must be placed in line so that the holes line up horizontally to provide a clear passage through the blocks. A 1/2", fire-proof millboard with a 20 gage sheet metal cover shall be provided over the block base. The unit must be centered on the base. This procedure should also be followed if electrical conduit runs through the floor, and beneath the appliance. A field installed base MUST meet all local fire and safety code requirements.

5. Outdoor models require the installation of an optional vent cap and air inlet shield. Instructions for mounting the vent cap assembly are included in the venting section. Outdoor models have special location and clearance requirements. These are specifically addressed in the venting section under outdoor installation. A windproof cabinet protects





# Clearances from Combustible Construction:

Right Side - 3"

Rear - 3" (3" minimum from any surface)

Left Side - 3" (24" for service)

Front - ALCOVE (30" for service)

Top - 3"

Flue - 1"

Hot Water Pipes - 1"

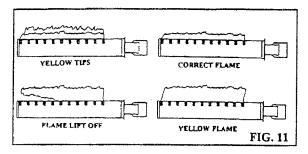
Maintain 3" minimum clearance for adequate operation. Allow sufficient space for servicing pipe connections, pump and other auxiliary equipment, as well as the appliance.





including the venting system, periodically inspected by a qualified service agency.

2. Using the view port, located below the water connections, visually check main burner flames at each start-up after long shutdown periods or at least every six months.



- a. Normal Flame: A normal flame is blue, without yellow tips, with a well defined inner cone and with no flame lifting.
- Yellow Tip: Yellow tip can be caused by blockage or partial obstruction of air flow to the burner(s).
- c. Yellow Flames: Yellow flames can be caused by blockage of primary air flow to the burner(s), venturi tubes not properly in place or excessive gas input. This condition MUST be corrected immediately.
- d. Lifting Flames: Lifting flames can be caused by overfiring the burner(s) or excessive primary air.
- 3. Flue Gas Passageways Cleaning Procedures: Any sign of soot at burners indicates a need for cleaning. The following cleaning procedure must only be performed by a qualified serviceman or installer. Proper service is required to maintain safe operation. Properly installed and adjusted units seldom need flue cleaning.

All gaskets on disassembled components must be replaced on reassembly. Gasket kits are available from your distributor.

#### BURNER REMOVAL AND CLEANING

- a. Turn off main power to unit,
- b. Turn off gas supply.
- c. Remove the front outer jacket panels.
- d. Disconnect manifold from gas train using union(s) just below gas valve(s).
- e. Remove screws from manifold mounting brackets. Pull manifold(s)/orifice assemblies away from burners.
- f. Remove two mounting screws from each burner and slide burner out toward front of unit. Use caution to prevent damage to refractory or hot surface ignitors.
- g. Remove soot from burners with a stiff bristle brush. Damaged burners must be replaced.

#### HEAT EXCHANGER CLEANING

h. Check the heat exchanger surface for sooting. If present, heat exchanger must be cleaned and problem corrected. Proceed as follows.

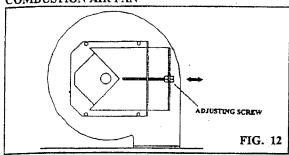
- Remove manifold(s)/orifice assemblies and dividers for fan chambers.
- Disconnect wiring from hot surface ignitor and hose from burner tap.
- k. Remove inner jacket mounting screws and slide door assembly out toward front of unit. Use caution to prevent damage to refactory.
- Remove soot from heat exchanger with a stiff bristle brush. Use a vacuum to remove loose soot from surfaces and inner chamber.
- m. Check "V" baffles on top of heat exchanger. Remove and clean if necessary.
- n. Carefully reinstall inner jacket panels, dividers, burners, manifolds wires and hoses. Use new gasket material for proper air seal.
- o. Reassemble and test for gas leaks.
- p. Cycle unit and check for proper operation.

A boiler installed in a dust or dirt contaminated atmosphere will require cleaning of the burners on a 3 to 6 month schedule or more often, based on severity of contamination. Contaminants can be drawn in with the combustion air. Non-combustible particulate matter such as dust, dirt, concrete dust or dry wall dust can block burner ports and cause non-warrantable failure.

- Combustion Air Fan: Each combustion air fan should be checked and oiled every 6 months. Use non-detergent SAE 20 oil. Clean as required when installed in a dust or dirt contaminated location.
- Water Circulation Pump: Inspect pump every 6 months and oil as necessary. Use SAE 30 oil or lubricant specified by pump manufacturer.
- Keep appliance area clear and free from combustible materials, gasoline and other flammable vapors and liquids.
- Check frequently to be sure the flow of combustion and ventilation air to the boiler is not obstructed.
- 8. This unit uses a transformer to supply a low voltage control circuit. The voltage on the secondary side should be 24 to 28 VAC when measured with a volt meter. 985,000 thru 2,065,000 BTU models have a 7 AMP circuit breaker provided on the secondary side of the transformer. A tripped circuit breaker indicates a short in the 24VAC controls that must be corrected.
- 9. Combustion Air Adjustment: This unit uses a fan assisted combustion process. 495,000 thru 745,000 BTU models have one combustion air fan, 985,000 thru 2,065,000 BTU models have multiple fans to supply combustion air to the burners. They are factory pre-set and should not need adjustment in most cases. 495,000 thru 743,000 BTU models have the fan located in the right top chamber; 985,000 thru 2,065,000 BTU models have fans located left, center and right in the top chamber. Follow the steps below to adjust fan if a continuous Low Air Light condition is observed.

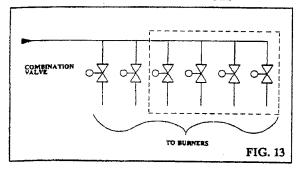
- a. Check for proper installation and draft in venting system. Correct as required.
- b. Single fan units have one low air light. On units with multiple fans, determine which fan is to be adjusted by observing the low air lights beside each fan.
- Open the front jacket panel to access the combustion air fan(s).
- d. Fan air shutter adjustment:

#### COMBUSTION AIR FAN



- 495,000 thru 2,065,000 BTU Models With the fan running and the low air light on, slowly turn the air shutter adjustment screw clockwise until the low air light for that fan turns off. Turn the adjustmentscrew four additional turns after the low air light turns off. Repeat for each additional fan on low air.
  - e. Replace the top front jacket panel(s).
- f. Fire the unit, check operation and verify proper draft.

#### GAS TRAIN AND CONTROLS



NOTE: The gas train and controls assembly provided on this unit have been tested under the applicable American National Standard to meet minimum safety and performance criteria such as safe lighting, combustion and safety shutdown operation.

### HOT WATER HEATING BOILER 495,000 THRU 2,065,000 BTU MODELS

This section contains specific requirements for Hot Water Boilers. All warnings, cautions, notes and instructions from general section apply to these units in addition to the lowing instructions. These instructions must be followed osely to obtain maximum life and usage from your boiler.

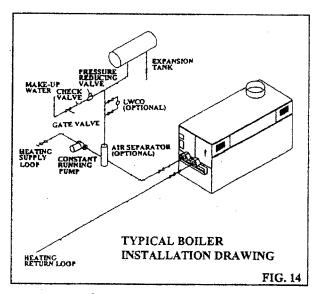
IMPORTANT: Operation of this boiler on low temperature systems requires special piping to insure correct operation. Consult low temperature system section for piping details.

#### LOW WATER CUT-OFF

If this boiler is installed above radiation level, a low water cutoff device must be installed at the time of boiler installation (option, available from factory).

#### FILLING THE BOILER

- Fill the system with water. To be sure that the boiler is not "air bound," open the relief valve. Leave the valve open until a steady flow of water is observed. Close valve and complete filling the boiler.
- In hard water areas, water treatment should be used to reduce introduction of minerals into the system. Minerals in the water can collect in the tubes and cause noise on operation. Excessive buildup of minerals in the heat exchanger can cause a non-warrantable failure.
- 3. Make sure there are no system leaks. DO NOT use petroleum based stop leak products. All system leaks must be repaired. The constant addition of make-up water can cause minerals to collect in the heat exchanger and damage the boiler.
- If freeze protection is required. DO NOT use undiluted or automotive type antifreeze. Use only hydronic system antifreeze following the manufacturers instructions.



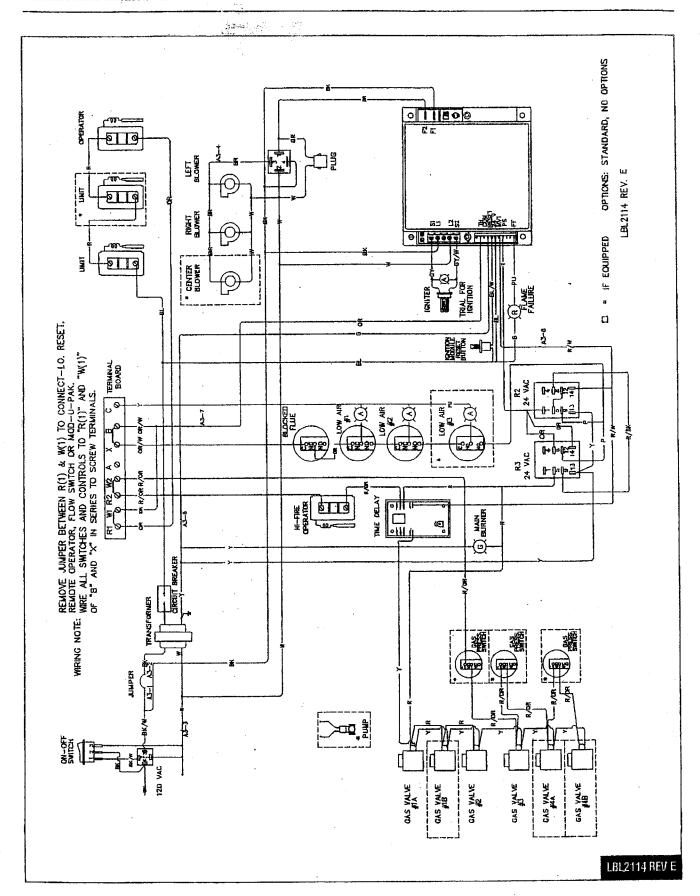
### SPECIAL DESIGN APPLICATIONS

The boiler, when used in connection with a refrigeration sytem, must be installed so the chilled medium is piped in parallel with the boiler with appropriate valves to prevent the chilled medium from entering the boiler.

The boiler piping system of the hot water boiler (when connected to heating coils located in air handling units where they may be exposed to refrigerated air circulation) must be equipped with flow control valves or other automatic means to prevent gravity circulation of the boiler water during the cooling cycle.

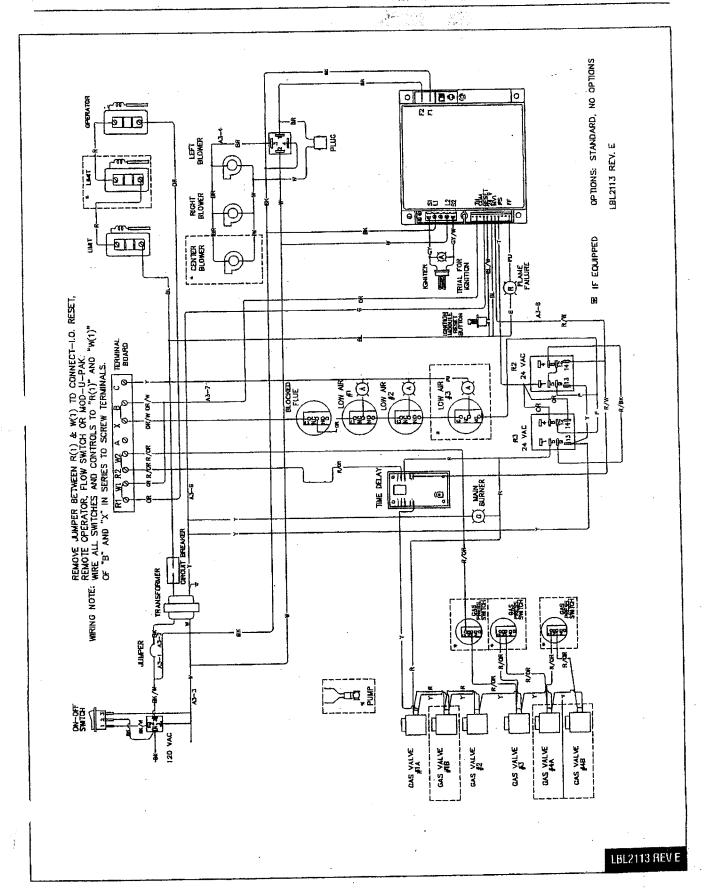
# **CONNECTION WIRING DIAGRAM-HOT SURFACE IGNITION-M9**

## **MODELS CB985-2065**



# **CONNECTION WIRING DIAGRAM-HOT SURFACE IGNITION-F9**

## **MODELS CB985-2065**



NO.	PART NO	DESCRIPTION	MODEL NO.
		MISCELLANEOUS	
	JKE6083	FRAME RUNNER 2 PER UNIT	985
<u> </u>	JKE6084	FRAME RUNNER 2 PER UNIT	1255
38	JKE6085	FRAME RUNNER 2 PER UNIT	1435
38	JKE6086	FRAME RUNNER 2 PER UNIT	1795
38	JKE6087	FRAME RUNNER 2 PER UNIT	2065
37 23	JKE6511 FAN2712	FRAME END 2 PER UNIT	ALL
<u> </u>	MSC2424	FAN ASSEMBLY	ALL
<del></del>	MSC2023	LIGHT, AMBER 28V	ALL
24	MSC2026	LIGHT, AMBER 120V, TRIAL (BEGINNING SERIAL NUMBER G96704- LIGHT, RED 24V	
25	MSC2028	LIGHT, GREEN 24V	ALL .
26	MSC2426	SWITCH, ROCKER	ALL
27	MSC3415	SIGHT GLASS & GASKET	ALL
28	RLV2001	RELIEF VALVE, PRESSURE ONLY	ALL
28	RLV2017	RELIEF VALVE, TEMPERATURE & PRESSURE	CB ALL CW/CS
29	ARM3024PBF	PUMP	CW
29	ARM3024PABTE	PUMP	CS
30	TST2301	WELL, THERMOSTAT	ALL
		LOCH-HEAT TILE	VEF
31	FIB2441	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, TOP RIGHT SIDE	985
31	FIB2442	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, TOP LEFT SIDE	985
11	FIB2443	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, TOP RIGHT SIDE	1255-1435
1	FIB2444	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, TOP LEFT SIDE	1255
11	FIB2445	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, TOP LEFT SIDE	1435
11	FIB2446	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, TOP RIGHT SIDE	1795-2065
<u> 1</u>	FIB2447	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, TOP MIDDLE	1795-2065
'' <del></del>	FIB2448 FIB2449	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, TOP LEFT SIDE	1795
	FIB2449	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, TOP LEFT SIDE	2065
2	FIB2450	LOCH-HEAT TILE, BOTTOM	985
2	FIB2451	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, BOTTOM RIGHT LOCH-HEAT® TILE, BOTTOM	1435-2065
2	FIB2452	LOCH-HEAT* TILE, BOTTOM LEFT	1255
2	FIB2453	LOCH-HEAT TILE, BOTTOM LEFT	1435
2	FIB2454	LOCH-HEAT TILE, BOTTOM LEFT	1795
3	FIB2472	LOCH-HEAT TILE, BACK	2065
3	FIB2455	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, BACK RIGHT	985 1435-2065
3	FIB2456	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, BACK	1255
3	FIB2457	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, BACK LEFT	1435
3	FIB2458	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, BACK LEFT	1795
3	_FIB2459	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, BACK LEFT	2065
1	FIB2460	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, FRONT DOOR	985
1	FIB2461	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, FRONT DOOR	1255
\$	FIB2462	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, FRONT DOOR RIGHT	1435
<u> </u>	FIB2469	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, FRONT DOOR LEFT	1435
<u> </u>	FIB2463	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, FRONT DOOR RIGHT	1795
<u> </u>	FIB2470	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, FRONT DOOR LEFT	1795
<b>,</b> ,	FIB2464	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, FRONT DOOR RIGHT	2065
<u>t                                    </u>	FIB2465	LOCH-HEAT* TILE, FRONT DOOR LEFT	2065
<del>)</del> }	FIB2466 FIB2467	LOCH HEATS THE PEAR HEAD SIDE	ALL
, ,	FIB2468	LOCH HEATS THE REAR HEAD SIDE	ALL
	7 104700	LOCH-HEAT® TILE, REAR HEAD SPACER STRIP	ALL
	GAC2032	GAS COCK 2	
	PAN3201	OPTION BOX A: LOUVER RELAY W/PUMP DELAY (LVR W/P. DELAY)	ALL
	PAN3202	OPTION BOX A: LOUVER RELAY WPOMP DELAY (LVH W/P. DELAY) OPTION BOX B: MR-LWCO, LVR W/P. DELAY	ALL
	PAN3203	OPTION BOX C: MR-LWCO, LVR W/P. DELAY OPTION BOX C: MR-LWCO, LVR W/P. DELAY, ALARM ANY FAILURE	ALL
	HLC2702	MANUAL RESET HIGH LIMIT	ALL ALL



### **PARTS DEPOT**

Nashville, Tennessee 37210 (615) 889-8900 • Fax:(615) 885-4403 www.Lochinvar.com

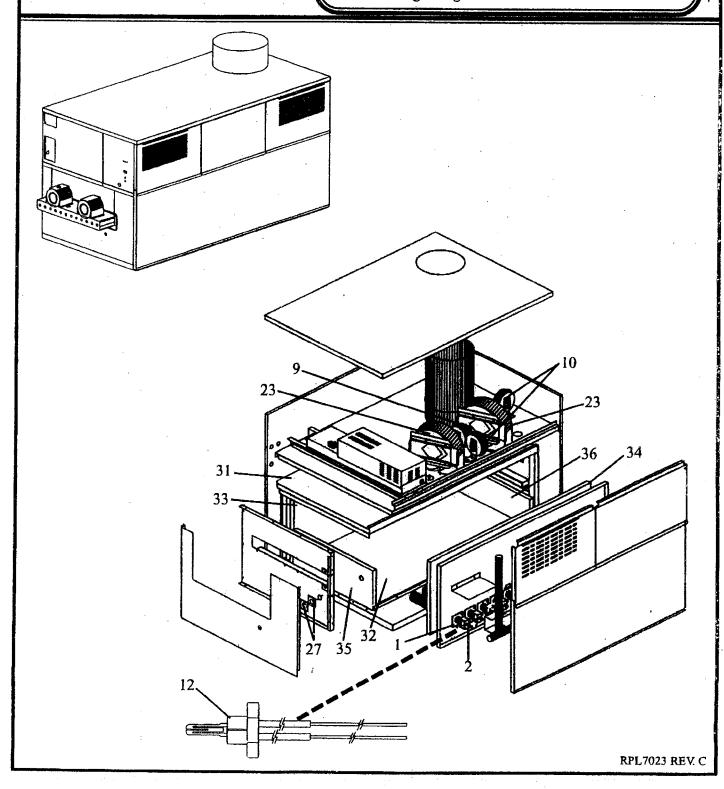
# Replacement Parts List

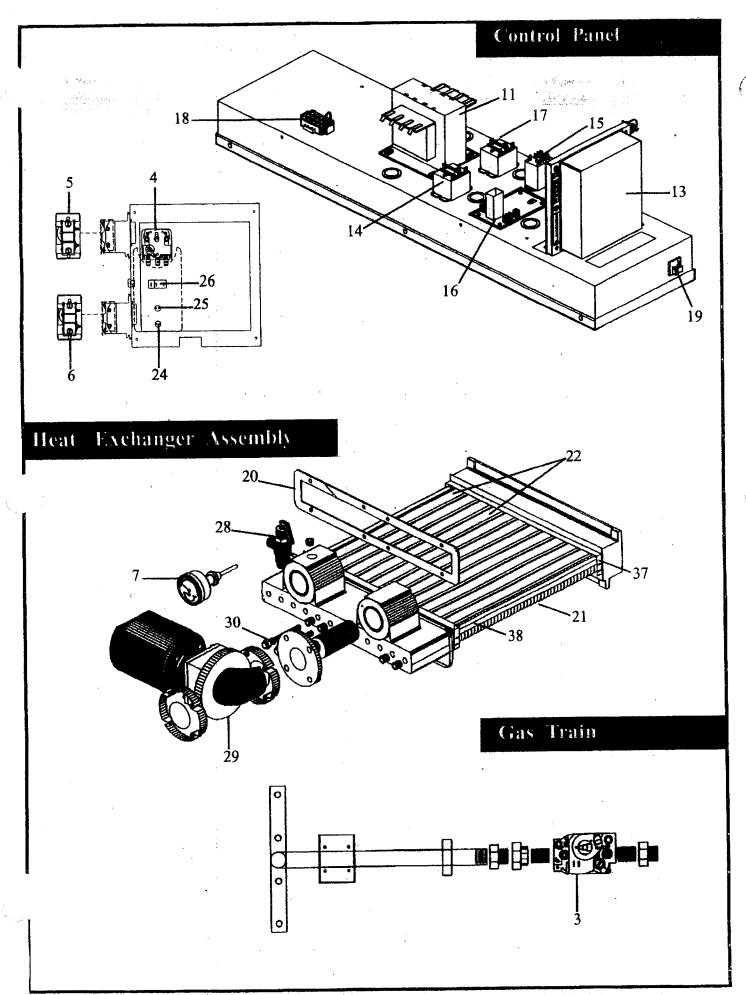
# Copper-Fin<sup>o</sup>

Boilers — Water Heaters & Pool Heaters

CB-CW-CS - 985-2065

Beginning Serial Number: A950000





	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DES	DESCRIPTION		MODEL NO
E				GAS TRAIL	N ASSEMBLIES	3
	to the Market					
	1	KIT#	BNR2404:	BNR3501:	BNR3502	(BNR2404) MAIN BURNER
Ĭ	BNR3410		9ea.	1ea.	1ea.	(7) (7)
ı	BNR3411 BNR3412	1255 1435	12ea. 14ea.	1ea. 1ea.	1ea. 1ea.	(BNR3501) MAIN BURNER CONNECTED THERMOCOUPLE
1	BNR3413		17ea.	1ea.	2ea.	COMMECTED THERMOCOUPLE
	BNR3414		20ea.	1ea.	. 2ea.	(BNR3502) MAIN BURNERW/PRESSURE TAP
-   '				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	. 200.	(EM 1000E) MAIN BOTHER WY TEOGOTIE TA
	2	ORF2404	ORIFICE, NAT	<u>.                                    </u>		ALL
		ORF2405	ORIFICE, LPC			ALL 1
		VAL3403		NAT., W/NIPPLE		ALL
L	3	VAL3404	VALVE, GAS	LPG., W/NIPPLE		ALL
	4	TST2701	THEDMOCTA	T, OPERATOR	AND GAUGES	ALL CB/CW/CS
_		TST2900	THERMOSTA			ALL CB/CS ALL CB/CS
-		TST3910	THERMOSTA		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ALL CW
		TST3911	THERMOSTA			ALL CW
		TST2025			II LIMIT (BYPAS	SS LOOP)PRIOR TO 4/98 ALL CS
	7	GTP2900		RE & PRESSUR		ALL CB
	7	GTP2002	TEMPERATU	RE GAUGE 2		ALL CW/CS
]=		MSC2016	TERMINAL ST			ALL
_		PRS2416		WITCH, BLOCK		ALL
-		PRS2417		WITCH, LOW A	IR	ALL
P		TRF2701 WTR2041	TRANSFORM	OW OUTDOOR		ALL CB/CW
E		WTR2040	SWITCH, FLO			ALL CB/CW
1		PLT3400	HOT SURFAC			ALL
_		RLY3428		DULE ASSEMB	LY	ALL
		RLY2706	RELAY, POWE			ALL
1	5	RLY2903	RELAY 24V			ALL
1		RLY2714	TIME DELAY I			ALL
1		RLY2030		PURGE (BEFO	RE SERIAL # J	
1		MSC2407	JUMPER PLU			ALL
1		MSC2447 PRS2415	CIRCUIT BRE PRESSURE S			ALL ALL
		PRS2406		OL HEATER PRE	SSURE	ALL
-		TST2403	THERMOSTAT			CS
E		TST2404	POTENTIOME			CS .
_	-	TST2405	SENSOR			ÇS
		HLC2702	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ET HIGH LIMIT	· .	ALL
=		HLC2501	200' FIXED H		·	CS
L	_	HLC2503	100° FIXED H		CHANCEDO	CS
2	`.	CVT0410	CACVET HE		CHANGERS	A1 (
<u>2</u> 2		GKT2418 HEX3420	GASKET, HEA HEAT EXCHA		·····	ALL CB 985
2		HEX3421	HEAT EXCHA			CB 1255
2		HEX3422	HEAT EXCHA			CB 1435
2		HEX3423	HEAT EXCHA			CB 1795
2	1	HEX3424	HEAT EXCHA	NGER		CB 2065
2		HEX3000	HEAT EXCHA			CW/CS 985
2		HEX3001	HEAT EXCHA			CW/CS 1255
2	1	HEX3002	HEAT EXCHA			CW/CS 1435
2		HEX3003	HEAT EXCHA			CW/CS 1795
<u>2</u> 2:		HEX3004 JKE6078	HEAT EXCHA	NGEH 11 PER UNIT		CW/CS 2065
2		JKE6078		11 PER UNIT		985 1255
2		JKE6080		11 PER UNIT		1435
2		JKE6081		11 PER UNIT	······································	1795
2		JKE6082		11 PER UNIT		2065
			•			