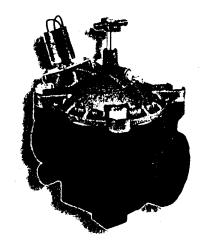
GRISWOLD 2000 SERIES-NORMALLY CLOSED VALVES





Applications:

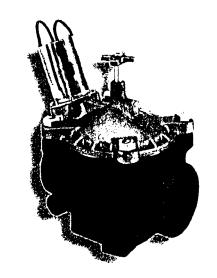
- On Off solenoid valve
- General purpose master valve

Technical Features:

- Voltage operating range 17-40 VAC
- Low current-requirement 0.40 A at 24 VAC

Options:

- Epoxy-fused coating
- British standard pipe threads (BSPT)
- 12 VDC latching solenoid



2030 SOLENOID VALVE

Applications:

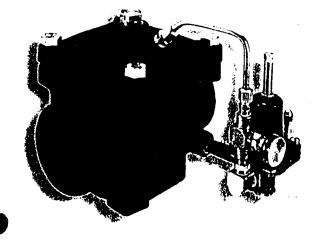
- Long wire runs
- Lightning prone areas
- Simultaneous valve operation

Technical Features:

- Low wattage solenoid lightning protected
- Voltage operating range 16-40 VAC
- Low current requirement 0.10 A at 24 VAC

Options:

- Epoxy-fused coating
- British standard pipe threads (BSPT)
- 12 VDC latching solenoid



2280 PRESSURE REDUCING VALVE

Applications:

- Manual master valve for pressure reducing control
- Sub-main control in elevation change areas
- Pump discharge control

Technical Features:

- Inlet pressure up to 300 psi
- Regulating range 5 to 125 psi
- Schraeder valve for pressure measurement

Options:

- Epoxy-fused coating
- British standard pipe threads (BSPT)
- Permanently installed pressure gauge

NORMALLY CLOSED SOLENOID

CONTROL VALVE MODELS: DWS, GP 2000 & 2030

INSTALLATION & OPERATION INSTRUCTION

The Griswold Models DWS, GP, 2000, and 2030 are equipped with (1) a solenoid control pilot, (2) an on-off manual bleed valve, and (3) a multi-function flow stem, all located on the valve cover.

These valves are normally closed. Opening the manual bleed screw or energizing the solenoid opens the valve. The valve delivers full supply pressure to downstream when open, unless throttled by the flow stem.

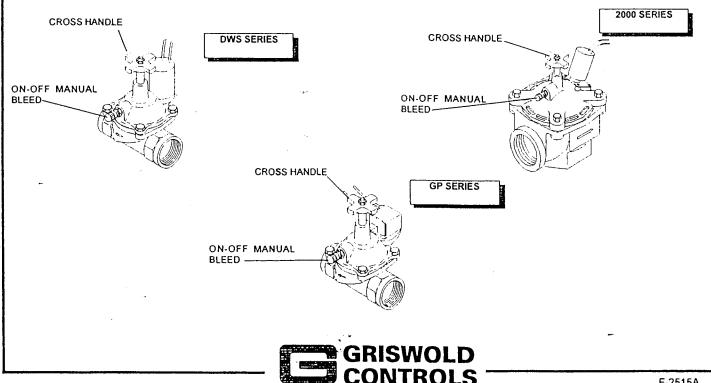
Loosen the bleed screw to open the valve manually. The valve will open. Water will continually discharge from the bleed valve while it is open. Tightening the bleed valve will cause the valve to close.

Turn the flow stem (cross handle) on the cover clockwise one or two turns if the valve takes too long to close. Repeat this procedure until proper closing time has been achieved.

Do not screw the flow stem in too far because this flow stem also throttles the valve by limiting the internal stroke of the diaphragm assembly.

Turning the flow stem in (clockwise) will reduce downstream pressure and in the extreme position shut the valve off.

Screw the flow stem in and out a few times and then activate the valve if particles in the water clog the internal control port of the valve.



GRISWOLD 2000 SERIES VALVES

Installation Data

installed below ground level at any convenient location in the irrigation system. To provide easy access for manually operating the valve or adjusting the closing speed or downstream pressure, install the valve in a valve box. Valve dimensions are given in Table A.

Multiple valves connected to a single clock-controller station should be wired in parallel. Tables B and C list the required wire size as a function of both distance and number of valves.

Another factor to consider is the pressure loss. The optimum size pressure reducing valve may or may not be the same as the pipe size. First estimate the gallons per minute (GPM) that must flow through the valve. Then subtract the desired downstream pressure from the minimum upstream pressure loss caused by the pressure regulation function should be less than this figure. Table D indicates the minimum-size valve you can

select for a given flow rate.

A.Dimensions (Inches): Model 2000, 2030 Valves*; 2230, 2280 Valves**; 2250, 2285 Valves***

Size		Overall Dimensions (Inches)											
NPT/BSP	Length	Height	Wldth*	Width**	Width***	(GPM)							
1"	4.5	6.8	4.0	8.0	10.0	0.01 - 60							
11/4"	4.5	6.8	4.0	8.0	10.0	0.01 - 70							
11/2"	5.5	8.3	4.8	9.5	10.0	0.01 - 100							
(2)	7.5	9.5	6.0	10.0	12.0	0.01 - 200							
21/2"	7.5	9.5	6.0	10.0	12.0	0.01 - 300							
3"	8.5	10.5	6.0	10.5	12.5	0.01 - 400							

B. Distance (Feet) vs. Wire Size: Model 2000 Valves

No. of Valves	18 Gage Wires	16 Gage Wires	14 Gage Wires	12 Gage Wires	10 Gage Wires
1	1,500	2,400	3,800	6,000	9,600
2	750	1,220	1,900	3,000	4,800
3	250	407	633	1,000	1,600
4	63	102	158	250	400

Calculations based on 150 PSI Water Pressure and minimum 105 VAC input to programmer

C. Distance (Feet) vs. Wire Size: All Other Valves

No. of Valves	18 Gauge Wire	16 Gauge Wire	14 Galige Wire
1	7,000	11,000	17,000
2	3,500	5,500	8,500
3	2,300	3,600	5,500
4	1,750	2,700	4,200
5	1,400	2,200	3,400
6	1,160	1,800	2,800

D. Pressure Loss (in PSI) at Various Flow Rates (minimum flow rate: .01 GPM)

	Flow) T													FLo	W F	late	(GP	M)			5 (24.)	• •					***			
Size	Pattern		10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	80	90	100	120	140	160	180	200	225	250	275	300	325	350	375	400
1"	Straight		1.0	1.24	2.2	3.4	5.0	6.7	8.8	11.1	13.7	15.5	19.7																		
'	Angle	Р			1.7	2.7	3.9	5.2	6.8	8.7	10.7	12.9	15.4								ı	n thi	s rar	nge:							
1 1/4"	Straight	R			15	2.3	3.3	4.5	5.8	7.4	9.1	11.0	13.1	15.3	17.8						C	ons	ult w	ith f	actor	γ					
11/4	Angle	E S			1.3	2.0	2.8	3.9	5.1	6.4	7.9	9.6	11.4	13.3	15.5																
140"	Straight	s					1.3	1.8	2.4	3.0	3.7	4.5	5.0	5.4	6.3	9.5	12.0	14.8													
11/2	Angle	U						1.5	1.9	2.4	3.0	3.6	4.3	5.9	6.8	7.6	9.7	11.9		•											
(2)	Straight	R E		Us	se 1	psi d	rop							1.6	1.8	2.4	3.0	3,7	5.3	7.3	9.5	12.0	14.8								
	Angle	-		in	this	rang	je							1.3	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.1	4.5	6.1	7.9	10.0	12.3								
04.0"	Straight	L												10	1.2	1.5	1.9	2.4	3.4	4.6	6.1	7.7	9.5	12.0	14.8	17.9	21.3	•			
21/2	Angle	0 S														1.2	1.6	1.9	2.8	3,8	4.9	6.3	7.7	9.8	12.0	14.6	17,4				
3"	Straight	S															1.2	1.5	2.1	2.8	3.7	4.7	5.8	7.3	9.1	11.0	13.1	15.3	17.8	20.4	23.2
3	Angle														,		1.0	1.2	1.7	2.3	3.0	3.8	4.7	6.0	7.4	8.9	10.6	12.5	14.5	16.6	18.9

