

Report for ForestQuery into Global Deforestation, 1990 to 2016

ForestQuery is on a mission to combat deforestation around the world and to raise awareness about this topic and its impact on the environment. The data analysis team at ForestQuery has obtained data from the World Bank that includes forest area and total land area by country and year from 1990 to 2016, as well as a table of countries and the regions to which they belong.

The data analysis team has used SQL to bring these tables together and to query them in an effort to find areas of concern as well as areas that present an opportunity to learn from successes.

1. GLOBAL SITUATION

According to the World Bank, the total forest area of the world was 41,282,694.9 sq km in 1990. As of 2016, the most recent year for which data was available, that number had fallen to 39,958,245.9 sq km, a loss of 1,324,449 sq km or -3.21%.

The forest area lost over this time period is slightly more than the entire land area of Peru listed for the year 2016 (which is 1,279,999.99 sq km).

2. REGIONAL OUTLOOK

In 2016, the percent of the total land area of the world designated as forest was 31.38%. The region with the highest relative forestation was Latin America and Caribbean, with 46.16%, and the region with the lowest relative forestation was Middle East & North Africa, with 2.07% forestation.

In 1990, the percent of the total land area of the world designated as forest was 32.42%. The region with the highest relative forestation was Latin America & Caribbean, with 51.08%, and the region with the lowest relative forestation was Middle East & North Africa, with 1.78% forestation.

Table 2.1: Percent Forest Area by Region, 1990 & 2016:

Region	1990 Forest Percentage	2016 Forest Percentage
Latin America & Caribbean	51.03	46.16
Sub-Saharan Africa	30.67	28.79
World	32.42	31.38

The only regions of the world that decreased in percent forest area from 1990 to 2016 were **Latin America & Caribbean** (dropped from **51.03%** to **46.16%**) and Sub-Saharan Africa (**30.67%** to **28.79%**). All other regions actually increased in forest area over this time period. However, the drop in forest area in the two aforementioned regions was so large, the percentage forest area of the world decreased over this time period from **32.42%** to **31.38%**.

3. COUNTRY-LEVEL DETAIL

A. SUCCESS STORIES

There is one particularly bright spot in the data at the country level, **China**. This country actually increased in forest area from 1990 to 2016 by **527,229.07 sq km**. It would be interesting to study what has changed in this country over this time to drive this figure in the data higher. The country with the next largest increase in forest area from 1990 to 2016 was the **United States**, but it only saw an increase of **79,200 sq km**, much lower than the figure for **China**.

China and **United States** are of course very large countries in total land area, so when we look at the largest *percent* change in forest area from 1990 to 2016, we aren't surprised to find a much smaller country listed at the top. **Iceland** increased in forest area by **213.04%** from 1990 to 2016.

B. LARGEST CONCERNS

Which countries are seeing deforestation to the largest degree? We can answer this question in two ways. First, we can look at the absolute square kilometer decrease in forest area from 1990 to 2016. The following 3 countries had the largest decrease in forest area over the time period under consideration:

Table 3.1: Top 5 Amount Decrease in Forest Area by Country, 1990 & 2016:

Country	Region	Absolute Forest Area Change
Brazil	Latin America & Caribbean	541510
Indonesia	East Asia & Pacific	282193.9844
Myanmar	East Asia & Pacific	107234.0039
Nigeria	Sub-Saharan Africa	106506.001
Tanzania	Sub-Saharan Africa	102320

The second way to consider which countries are of concern is to analyze the data by percent decrease.

Country	Region	Pct Forest Area Change
Benin	Sub-Saharan Africa	15000

Angola	Sub-Saharan Africa	32448.0078
Burundi	Sub-Saharan Africa	83.999939
Botswana	Sub-Saharan Africa	29802.002
Burkina Faso	Sub-Saharan Africa	15567.99805

Table 3.2: Top 5 Percent Decrease in Forest Area by Country, 1990 & 2016:

When we consider countries that decreased in forest area the most between 1990 and 2016, we find that four of the top 5 countries on the list are in the region of **Sub-Saharan Africa**. The countries are **Benin, Angola, Burundi** and **Botswana**. The 5th country on the list is Burkina Faso, which is in the **Sub-Saharan Africa** region.

From the above analysis, we see that _____ is the only country that ranks in the top 5 both in terms of absolute square kilometer decrease in forest as well as percent decrease in forest area from 1990 to 2016. Therefore, this country has a significant opportunity ahead to stop the decline and hopefully spearhead remedial efforts.

C. QUARTILES

Table 3.3: Count of Countries Grouped by Forestation Percent Quartiles, 2016:

Quartile	Number of Countries
4	9
1	85
3	38
2	72

The largest number of countries in 2016 were found in the **1st** quartile.

There were **9** countries in the top quartile in 2016. These are countries with a very high percentage of their land area designated as forest. The following is a list of countries and their respective forest land, denoted as a percentage.

Table 3.4: Top Quartile Countries, 2016:

Country	Region	Pct Designated as Forest
American Samoa	East Asia & Pacific	87.5
Gabon	Sub-Saharan Africa	90.04
Guyana	Latin America & Caribbean	83.9
Lao PDR	East Asia & Pacific	82.11
Micronesia, Fed. Sts.	East Asia & Pacific	91.86
Palau	East Asia & Pacific	87.61
Seychelles	Sub-Saharan Africa	88.41
Solomon Islands	East Asia & Pacific	77.86

5. RECOMMENDATIONS

Write out a set of recommendations as an analyst on the ForestQuery team.

- *What have you learned from the World Bank data?*
 - *The world as a whole lost 3.21% of its land to deforestation.*
 - *The region responsible for this decrease seems to be focused in the Sub-Sahara African region, going from 30.67% to 28.79%.*
- *Which countries should we focus on over others?*
 - *We should focus on the areas with the most decrease in forest area which was these countries:*

Country	Region	Absolute Forest Area Change
Brazil	Latin America & Caribbean	541510
Indonesia	East Asia & Pacific	282193.9844
Myanmar	East Asia & Pacific	107234.0039
Nigeria	Sub-Saharan Africa	106506.001
Tanzania	Sub-Saharan Africa	102320

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GLOBAL SITUATION

Create View

```
CREATE VIEW forestation
AS
SELECT f.country_code,
       f.country_name,
       f.year,
       f.forest_area_sqkm,
       l.total_area_sq_mi,
       r.region,
       r.income_group,
       ( f.forest_area_sqkm / ( l.total_area_sq_mi * 2.59 ) ) * 100
AS
       perc_forest_area
FROM   forest_area f
       join land_area l
       ON f.country_code = l.country_code
       join regions r
       ON l.country_code = r.country_code
WHERE  f.year = l.year
ORDER BY 1;
```

1. What was the total forest area (in sq km) of the world in 1990? Please keep in mind that you can use the country record denoted as "World" in the region table.

```
SELECT f.forest_area_sqkm
FROM   forest_area f
WHERE  f.country_name = 'World'
AND    f.year = 1990;
```

2. What was the total forest area (in sq km) of the world in 2016? Please keep in mind that you can use the country record in the table is denoted as "World."

```
SELECT f.forest_area_sqkm
FROM   forest_area f
WHERE  f.country_name = 'World'
AND    f.year = 2016;
```

3. What was the change (in sq km) in the forest area of the world from 1990 to 2016?

```
SELECT sub1.forest_area_sqkm - sub2.forest_area_sqkm AS diff_forest_
area_sq_km
FROM   (SELECT f.country_code AS cc,
              f.forest_area_sqkm
        FROM   forest_area f
        WHERE  f.country_name = 'World'
        AND    f.year = 1990) AS sub1
```

Percentage

4. If you compare the amount of forest area lost between 1990 and 2016, to which country's total area in 2016 is it closest to?

```

SELECT  l.country_name,
        l.total_area_sq_mi * 2.59
        AS
        total_area_sqkm,
        Abs(( l.total_area_sq_mi * 2.59 ) - (SELECT
            sub1.forest_area_sqkm - sub2.forest_area_sqkm AS
            diff_forest_area_sq_km
            FROM
            (SELECT f.country_code AS cc,
                    f.forest_area_sqkm
            FROM    forest_area f
            WHERE   f.country_name =
                    'World'
                    AND f.year = 1990) AS sub1
        JOIN (SELECT f.country_code AS cc,
                    f.forest_area_sqkm
            FROM    forest_area f
            WHERE   f.country_name =
                    'World'
                    AND f.year = 2016) AS
            sub2

```

```
        ON sub1.cc = sub2.cc)) AS  
diff_fa_la_sqkm  
FROM   land_area l  
WHERE  l.year = 2016  
ORDER  BY 3  
LIMIT 1;
```


REGIONAL OUTLOOK

- a. Create a table that shows the Regions and their percent forest area (sum of forest area divided by sum of land area) in 1990 and 2016. (Note that 1 sq mi = 2.59 sq km).

```
CREATE VIEW regional_distr
AS
    SELECT r.region,
           l.year,
           SUM(f.forest_area_sqkm)
              total_forest_area_sqkm,
           SUM(l.total_area_sq_mi * 2.59)
              AS
              total_area_sqkm,
           ( SUM(f.forest_area_sqkm) / SUM(l.total_area_sq_mi * 2.5
9) ) * 100 AS
           percent_fa_region
    FROM   forest_area f
    join   land_area l
          ON f.country_code = l.country_code
          AND f.year = l.year
    join   regions r
          ON l.country_code = r.country_code
    GROUP BY 1,
             2
    ORDER BY 1,
             2;
```

- b. What was the percent forest of the entire world in 2016? Which region had the HIGHEST percent forest in 2016, and which had the LOWEST, to 2 decimal places?

2016 Percent Forest

```
SELECT Round(Cast(percent_fa_region AS NUMERIC), 2) AS percent_fa
_region
FROM   regional_distr
WHERE  year = 2016
      AND region = 'World';
```

Highest

```
SELECT region,
       Round(Cast(total_area_sqkm AS NUMERIC), 2) AS total_area
       _sqkm,
       Round(Cast(percent_fa_region AS NUMERIC), 2) AS percent_fa
       _region
FROM   regional_distr
WHERE  Round(Cast(percent_fa_region AS NUMERIC), 2) = (SELECT
```

```

        Max(
        Round(Cast(percent_fa_region
                AS NUMERIC), 2))
        AS max_percent

FROM regional_distr

WHERE year = 2016)
AND year = 2016;

Lowest
SELECT region,
        Round(Cast(total_area_sqkm AS NUMERIC), 2) AS total_area
        _sqkm,
        Round(Cast(percent_fa_region AS NUMERIC), 2) AS percent_fa
        _region
FROM regional_distr
WHERE Round(Cast(percent_fa_region AS NUMERIC), 2) = (SELECT
        Min(
        Round(Cast(percent_fa_region
                AS NUMERIC), 2))
        AS max_percent

FROM regional_distr

WHERE year = 2016)
AND year = 2016;

```

- c. What was the percent forest of the entire world in 1990? Which region had the HIGHEST percent forest in 1990, and which had the LOWEST, to 2 decimal places?

1990 Percentage Forest

```

SELECT Round(Cast(percent_fa_region AS NUMERIC), 2) AS percent_fa
_region
FROM regional_distr
WHERE year = 1990
AND region = 'World';

```

Highest

```

SELECT region,
        Round(Cast(total_area_sqkm AS NUMERIC), 2) AS total_area
        _sqkm,
        Round(Cast(percent_fa_region AS NUMERIC), 2) AS percent_fa
        _region
FROM regional_distr
WHERE Round(Cast(percent_fa_region AS NUMERIC), 2) = (SELECT
        Max(

```

```

        Round(Cast(percent_fa_region
                    AS NUMERIC), 2))
        AS max_percent

FROM regional_distr

WHERE year = 1990)
AND year = 1990;

Lowest
SELECT region,
        Round(Cast(total_area_sqkm AS NUMERIC), 2) AS total_area_sqkm
        Round(Cast(percent_fa_region AS NUMERIC), 2) AS percent_fa_regi
FROM regional_distr
WHERE Round(Cast(percent_fa_region AS NUMERIC), 2) = (SELECT
        Min(
            Round(Cast(percent_fa_region
                    AS NUMERIC), 2))
            AS max_percent
        FROM regional
        WHERE year = 1
1990)
AND year = 1990;

```

- d. Based on the table you created, which regions of the world DECREASED in forest area from 1990 to 2016?

```

WITH table1990
    AS (SELECT *
        FROM regional_distr
        WHERE year = 1990),
    table2016
    AS (SELECT *
        FROM regional_distr
        WHERE year = 2016)
SELECT table1990.region,
        Round(Cast(table1990.percent_fa_region AS NUMERIC), 2) AS fa_
1990,
        Round(Cast(table2016.percent_fa_region AS NUMERIC), 2) AS fa_
2016
FROM table1990
JOIN table2016

```

```
        ON table1990.region = table2016.region  
WHERE table1990.percent_fa_region > table2016.percent_fa_region;
```

COUNTRY-LEVEL DETAIL

- a. Which 5 countries saw the largest amount decrease in forest area from 1990 to 2016?
What was the difference in forest area for each?

```
WITH table1990 AS
(
    SELECT f.country_code,
           f.country_name,
           f.year,
           f.forest_area_sqkm
    FROM   forest_area f
    WHERE  f.year = 1990
    AND    f.forest_area_sqkm IS NOT NULL
    AND    f.country_name != 'World' ), table2016 AS
(
    SELECT f.country_code,
           f.country_name,
           f.year,
           f.forest_area_sqkm
    FROM   forest_area f
    WHERE  f.year = 2016
    AND    f.forest_area_sqkm IS NOT NULL
    AND    f.country_name != 'World' )
SELECT   table1990.country_code,
          table1990.country_name,
          r.region,
          table1990.forest_area_sqkm           AS fa_1
990_sqkm,
          table2016.forest_area_sqkm           AS fa_2
016_sqkm,
          table1990.forest_area_sqkm -
table2016.forest_area_sqkm AS diff_fa_sqkm
FROM     table1990
JOIN     table2016
ON       table1990.country_code = table2016.country_code
AND      (
            table1990.forest_area_sqkm IS NOT NULL
        AND
            table2016.forest_area_sqkm IS NOT NULL)
JOIN     regions r
ON       table2016.country_code = r.country_code
ORDER BY 3 DESC limit 5;
```

- b. Which 5 countries saw the largest percent decrease in forest area from 1990 to 2016?
What was the percent change to 2 decimal places for each?

```
WITH table1
AS (SELECT f.country_code,
```

```

        f.country_name,
        f.year,
        f.forest_area_sqkm,
        l.total_area_sq_mi * 2.59
    AS
        total_area_sqkm,
        ( f.forest_area_sqkm / ( l.total_area_sq_mi * 2.59 ) )
* 100 AS
    perc_fa
FROM    forest_area f
JOIN    land_area l
    ON  f.country_code = l.country_code
        AND ( f.country_name != 'World'
              AND f.forest_area_sqkm IS NOT NULL
              AND l.total_area_sq_mi IS NOT NULL )
        AND ( f.year = 2016
              AND l.year = 2016 )
ORDER BY 6 DESC),
table2
AS (SELECT table1.country_code,
        table1.country_name,
        table1.year,
        table1.perc_fa,
        CASE
            WHEN table1.perc_fa >= 75 THEN 4
            WHEN table1.perc_fa < 75
                AND table1.perc_fa >= 50 THEN 3
            WHEN table1.perc_fa < 50
                AND table1.perc_fa >= 25 THEN 2
            ELSE 1
        END AS percentile
    FROM    table1
    ORDER BY 5 DESC)
SELECT table2.percentile,
        Count(table2.percentile)
FROM    table2
ORDER BY 3 DESC limit 5;

```

- c. If countries were grouped by percent forestation in quartiles, which group had the most countries in it in 2016?

```

WITH table1
AS (SELECT f.country_code,
        f.country_name,
        f.year,
        f.forest_area_sqkm,
        l.total_area_sq_mi * 2.59

```

```

        total_area_sqkm,
        ( f.forest_area_sqkm / ( l.total_area_sq_mi * 2.59 ) )
* 100 AS
        perc_fa
FROM      forest_area f
JOIN      land_area l
        ON f.country_code = l.country_code
        AND ( f.country_name != 'World'
        AND f.forest_area_sqkm IS NOT NULL
        AND l.total_area_sq_mi IS NOT NULL )
        AND ( f.year = 2016
        AND l.year = 2016 )

ORDER BY 6 DESC),
table2
AS (SELECT table1.country_code,
        table1.country_name,
        table1.year,
        table1.perc_fa,
        \
        WHEN table1.perc_fa >= 75 THEN 4
        WHEN table1.perc_fa < 75
        AND table1.perc_fa >= 50 THEN 3
        WHEN table1.perc_fa < 50
        AND table1.perc_fa >= 25 THEN 2
        ELSE 1
        END AS percentile
FROM      table1
ORDER BY 5 DESC)
SELECT table2.percentile,
        Count(table2.percentile)
FROM      table2
GROUP BY 1
ORDER BY 2 DESC;

```

d. List all of the countries that were in the 4th quartile (percent forest > 75%) in 2016.

```

WITH table1
AS (SELECT f.country_code,
        f.country_name,
        f.year,
        f.forest_area_sqkm,
        l.total_area_sq_mi * 2.59
AS
        total_area_sqkm,
        ( f.forest_area_sqkm / ( l.total_area_sq_mi * 2.59 ) )

```

```

* 100 AS
        perc_fa
    FROM    forest_area f
        JOIN land_area l
            ON f.country_code = l.country_code
            AND ( f.country_name != 'World'
                AND f.forest_area_sqkm IS NOT NULL
                AND l.total_area_sq_mi IS NOT NULL )
            AND ( f.year = 2016
                AND l.year = 2016 )
    ORDER BY 6 DESC),
table2
AS (SELECT table1.country_code,
        table1.country_name,
        table1.year,
        table1.perc_fa,
        CASE
            WHEN table1.perc_fa >= 75 THEN 4
            WHEN table1.perc_fa < 75
                AND table1.perc_fa >= 50 THEN 3
            WHEN table1.perc_fa < 50
                AND table1.perc_fa >= 25 THEN 2
            ELSE 1
        END AS percentile
    FROM    table1
    ORDER BY 5 DESC)
SELECT table2.country_name,
        r.region,
        Round(Cast(table2.perc_fa AS NUMERIC), 2) AS perc_fa,
        table2.percentile
FROM    table2
        JOIN regions r
            ON table2.country_code = r.country_code
WHERE    table2.percentile = 4
ORDER BY 1;

```

e. How many countries had a percent forestation higher than the United States in 2016?

```

WITH table1
AS (SELECT f.country_code,
        f.country_name,
        f.year,
        f.forest_area_sqkm,
        l.total_area_sq_mi * 2.59
    AS
        total_area_sqkm,

```



```

        ( f.forest_area_sqkm / ( l.total_area_sq_mi * 2.59 ) )
* 100 AS
        perc_fa
FROM    forest_area f
JOIN    land_area l
        ON f.country_code = l.country_code
        AND ( f.country_name != 'World'
              AND f.forest_area_sqkm IS NOT NULL
              AND l.total_area_sq_mi IS NOT NULL )
        AND ( f.year = 2016
              AND l.year = 2016 )
ORDER BY 6 DESC)
SELECT Count(table1.country_name)
FROM    table1
WHERE   table1.perc_fa > (SELECT table1.perc_fa
                        FROM    table1
                        WHERE   table1.country_name = 'United States')

```