

ACADGILD ASSIGNMENT - 3.1

1) Define an m x n matrix of zeros and then enters a nested-for loop to fill the locations of the matrix, only if the two indexes differ.

- The purpose is to create a lower triangular matrix, that is a matrix whose elements below the main diagonal are non-zero, the others are left untouched to their initialized zero value.
- When the indexes are equal (if condition in the inner loop, which runs over j, the column index), a break is executed and the innermost loop is interrupted with a direct jump to the instruction following the inner loop, which is a print; then control gets to the outer for condition (over the rows, index i), which is evaluated again.
- If the indexes differ, the assignment is performed and the counter is incremented by 1.
- At the end, the program prints the counter ctr, which contains the #number of elements that were assigned.

ANSWER:

```
m=10;
n=10;
ctr=0;
x_mat = matrix(0,m,n)
x_mat
for(i in 1:m)
{
  for(j in 1:n )
  {
    if(i==j)
    {
      break;
    }
    else
    {
      x_mat[i,j]=i+j
      ctr=ctr+1
    }
  }
}
print (ctr)
x_mat
```

```
Assignment 3_2_question1.R x  Untitled1* x  Assignment 3_1_question1.R x
Source on Save

1 m=10;
2 n=10;
3 ctr=0;
4 x_mat = matrix(0,m,n)
5 x_mat
6 for(i in 1:m)
7 {
8   for(j in 1:n )
9   {
10    if(i==j)
11    {
12      break;
13    }
14    else
15    {
16      x_mat[i,j]=i+j
17      ctr=ctr+1
18    }
19  }
20 }
21 print (ctr)
22 x_mat |
```

```
Console  Terminal x
~/
> m=10;
> n=10;
> ctr=0;
> x_mat = matrix(0,m,n)
> x_mat
      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6] [,7] [,8] [,9] [,10]
[1,]  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
[2,]  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
[3,]  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
[4,]  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
[5,]  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
[6,]  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
[7,]  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
[8,]  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
[9,]  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
[10,] 0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
> for(i in 1:m)
+ {
+   for(j in 1:n )
+   {
+     if(i==j)
+     {
+       break;
+     }
+     else
+     {
+       x_mat[i,j]=i+j
+       ctr=ctr+1
+     }
+   }
+ }
> print (ctr)
[1] 45
```

```
> x_mat
      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6] [,7] [,8] [,9] [,10]
[1,]  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
[2,]  3  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
[3,]  4  5  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
[4,]  5  6  7  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
[5,]  6  7  8  9  0  0  0  0  0  0
[6,]  7  8  9 10 11  0  0  0  0  0
[7,]  8  9 10 11 12 13  0  0  0  0
[8,]  9 10 11 12 13 14 15  0  0  0
[9,] 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17  0  0
[10,] 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19  0
```