Московский Авиационный Институт
(Национальный исследовательский Университет)

Факультет: «Информационные технологии и прикладная математика»
Кафедра: 806 «Вычислительная математика и программирование»

Лабораторная работа №6
по курсу «ООП»

Тема:
Основы работы с коллекциями: итераторы.

Студент:	Вахрамян К.О.
Группа:	М80-206Б-18
Преподаватель:	Журавлев А.А.
Вариант:	3
Оценка:	
Дата:	

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1. Код программы а языке C++:

trapezoid.h:

```
#ifndef TRAPEZOID_H
#define TRAPEZOID_H 1


#include "point.h"
#include <cassert>
#include <exception>

template <class T>
struct TTrapezoid {
	TPoint<T> a, b, c, d;
	TTrapezoid(std::istream&);
	TTrapezoid();
	double Square() const;
	TPoint<T> Center() const;
	void Print() const;
};

template <class T>
TTrapezoid<T>::TTrapezoid() {}

template <class T>
TTrapezoid<T>::TTrapezoid(std::istream& is) {
	is >> a >> b >> c >> d;
	TPoint<T> ab, ad, bc, dc;
	ab.x = b.x - a.x;
	ab.y = b.y - a.y;
	ad.x = d.x - a.x;
	ad.y = d.y - a.y;
	bc.x = c.x - b.x;
	bc.y = c.y - b.y;
	dc.x = c.x - d.x;
	dc.y = c.y - d.y;
	if (acos((ab.x * dc.x + ab.y * dc.y) / (sqrt(ab.x * ab.x + ab.y * ab.y) * sqrt(dc.x * dc.x + dc.y * dc.y))) != 0 && acos((ad.x * bc.x + ad.y * bc.y) / (sqrt(ad.x * ad.x + ad.y * ad.y) * sqrt(bc.x * bc.x + bc.y * bc.y))) != 0) {
		throw std::logic_error("It's not a trapezoid\n");
	}
	//assert(acos((ab.x * dc.x + ab.y * dc.y) / (sqrt(ab.x * ab.x + ab.y * ab.y) * sqrt(dc.x * dc.x + dc.y * dc.y))) == 0 || acos((ad.x * bc.x + ad.y * bc.y) / (sqrt(ad.x * ad.x + ad.y * ad.y) * sqrt(bc.x * bc.x + bc.y * bc.y))) == 0);
```

```
}

template <class T>
double TTrapezoid<T>::Square() const {
	TPoint<T> p = this->Center();
	T t1 = 0.5 * fabs((b.x - a.x) * (p.y - a.y) - (p.x - a.x) * (b.y - a.y));
	T t2 = 0.5 * fabs((c.x - b.x) * (p.y - b.y) - (p.x - b.x) * (c.y - b.y));
	T t3 = 0.5 * fabs((d.x - c.x) * (p.y - c.y) - (p.x - c.x) * (d.y - c.y));
	T t4 = 0.5 * fabs((a.x - d.x) * (p.y - d.y) - (p.x - d.x) * (a.y - d.y));
	return t1 + t2 + t3 + t4;
}

template <class T>
TPoint<T> TTrapezoid<T>::Center() const {
	TPoint<T> p;
	T x = (a.x + b.x + c.x + d.x) /4;
	T y = (a.y + b.y + c.y + d.y) /4;
	p.x = x;
	p.y = y;

	return p;
}

template <class T>
void TTrapezoid<T>::Print() const {
	std::cout << a << b << c << d << "\n";
}




#endif
```

point.h:

```
#ifndef POINT_H
#define POINT_H 1

#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#include <cmath>
```

```
template<class T>
struct TPoint {
	TPoint() {}
	TPoint(T a, T b) : x(a), y(b){}
	T x;
	T y;


};

template<class T>
std::ostream& operator << (std::ostream& os, const TPoint<T>& p)
{
	os << p.x << " " << p.y << " ";
	return os;
}

template <class T>
std::istream& operator >> (std::istream& is, TPoint<T>& p)
{
	is >> p.x >> p.y;
	return is;
}

template <class T>
TPoint<T> operator /= ( TPoint<T>& p, int val)
{
	p.x = p.x / val;
	p.y = p.y / val;
	return p;
}

template <class T>
TPoint<T> operator + (const TPoint<T>& p1, const TPoint<T>& p2)
{
	TPoint<T> p;
	p.x = p1.x + p2.x;
	p.y = p1.y + p2.y;
	return p;
}

template <class T>
TPoint<T> operator - (const TPoint<T> p1, const TPoint<T> p2)
{
	TPoint<T> p;
```

```
	p.x = p1.x - p2.x;
	p.y = p1.y - p2.y;
	return p;
}

#endif
```

queue.h

```
#ifndef QUEUE_H
#define QUEUE_H

#include <memory>
#include <iostream>
#include <iterator>
#include <exception>

namespace containers {

	template <class T>
	class TQueue {
	private:
		struct Node;
		std::shared_ptr<Node> head = nullptr;
		std::shared_ptr<Node> tail = nullptr;
	public:
		class forward_iterator {
		public:
			using value_tipe = T;
			using reference = T&;
			using pointer = T*;
			using difference_type = std::ptrdiff_t;
			using iterator_category = std::forward_iterator_tag;
			forward_iterator(Node* ptr) : ptr_(ptr) {}
			T& operator* ();
			forward_iterator& operator++ ();
			forward_iterator operator++ (int);
			bool operator == (const forward_iterator& f) const;
			bool operator != (const forward_iterator& f) const;
		private:
			Node* ptr_ = nullptr;
			friend TQueue;
		};
		forward_iterator begin();
```

```
        forward_iterator end();
        void pop();
        T& top();
        void push(const T& value);
        bool empty();
        void erase(const forward_iterator& it);
        void insert(const forward_iterator& it, const T& value);
        void advance(forward_iterator& it, int idx);

        void print();
    private:
        struct Node {
            T value;
            std::shared_ptr<Node> following = nullptr;
            forward_iterator next();
            Node(const T& val, std::shared_ptr<Node> nxt) :
                value(val), following(nxt) {}
        };
    };
    template <class T>
    typename TQueue<T>::forward_iterator TQueue<T>::Node::next() {
        return following.get();
    }

    template <class T>
    typename TQueue<T>::forward_iterator TQueue<T>::begin() {
        return head.get();
    }

    template <class T>
    typename TQueue<T>::forward_iterator TQueue<T>::end() {
        return nullptr;
    }

    template <class T>
    T& TQueue<T>::forward_iterator::operator* () {
        return ptr_->value;
    }

    template <class T>
    typename TQueue<T>::forward_iterator&
TQueue<T>::forward_iterator::operator++ () {
        *this = ptr_->next();
        return *this;
    }
```

```
	template <class T>
	typename TQueue<T>::forward_iterator
TQueue<T>::forward_iterator::operator++ (int) {
		forward_iterator prev = *this;
		++this;
		return prev;

	}

	template <class T>
	bool TQueue<T>::forward_iterator::operator== (const forward_iterator& f)
const {
		return ptr_ == f.ptr_;
	}

	template <class T>
	bool TQueue<T>::forward_iterator::operator!= (const forward_iterator& f)
const {
		return ptr_ != f.ptr_;
	}

	template <class T>
	void TQueue<T>::push(const T& value) {
		std::shared_ptr<Node> NewNode(new Node(value, nullptr));
		if (this->empty()) {
			tail = NewNode;
			head = NewNode;
		} else {
			tail->following = NewNode;
			tail = NewNode;
		}
	}
	template <class T>
	void TQueue<T>::pop() {
		if (head.get() == nullptr) {
			throw std::logic_error("Queue is empty\n");
		} else {
			head = head->following;
		}
	}

	template <class T>
	T& TQueue<T>::top() {
		if (head.get() == nullptr) {
```

```
            throw std::logic_error("Queue is empty\n");
        } else {
            return head->value;
        }
    }

    template <class T>
    bool TQueue<T>::empty() {
        if (head.get() == nullptr && tail.get() == nullptr) {
            return true;
        }
        return false;
    }

    template <class T>
    void TQueue<T>::print() {
        std::shared_ptr<Node> tmp = head;
        while (tmp != nullptr) {
            std::cout << tmp->value << " ";
            tmp = tmp->following;
        }
    }
/*
    template <class T>
    void TQueue<T>::insert(const forward_iterator& it, const T& value) {
        std::shared_ptr<Node> NewNode(new Node(value, nullptr));
        auto tmp = this->begin();
        auto prev = tmp;
        if (this->empty()) {
            this->push(value);
            return;
        }
        if (it.ptr_ == head.get()) {
            NewNode->following = head;
            head = NewNode;
            return;
        }

        while (tmp!= it) {
            if (tmp == nullptr && tmp != it)
                throw std::logic_error("Out of range\n");
            prev.ptr_ = tmp.ptr_;
            ++tmp;
        }
        NewNode->following = prev.ptr_->following;
```

```
        prev.ptr_->following = NewNode;
        return;
}

template <class T>
void TQueue<T>::erase(const forward_iterator& it) {
        auto tmp = this->begin();
        auto prev = tmp;
        if (this->empty()) {
                throw std::logic_error("Que is empty\n");
                return;
        }
        if (it.ptr_ == head.get()) {
                this->pop();
                return;

        } else if (head.get() == tail.get()) {
                head = nullptr;
                tail = nullptr;
        }

        while (tmp != it) {
                prev.ptr_ = tmp.ptr_;
                ++tmp;
                if (tmp.ptr_ == nullptr)
                        throw std::logic_error("Out of range\n");
        }
        prev.ptr_->following  =tmp.ptr_->following;
        return;
}

template <class T>
void TQueue<T>::advance(forward_iterator& it, int idx) {
        it = this->begin();
        int i = 0;
        if (it == nullptr && idx > 0)
                throw std::logic_error("Index is out of range\n");
        while (i < idx) {
                if (it.ptr_->following == nullptr && i < idx - 1)
                        throw std::logic_error("Out of range\n");
                ++it;
                ++i;
        }

}
```

```
        */

}

#endif
```

stack.h

```
#ifndef STACK_H
#define STACK_H 1

#include <memory>
#include <iostream>
#include <iterator>



namespace containers {


template <class T, class Allocator = std::allocator<T>>
class TStack {
private:

        struct Node;

public:
        TStack() = default;

        class forward_iterator {
        public:
                using value_type = T;
       using reference = T&;
       using pointer = T*;
       using difference_type = std::ptrdiff_t;
       using iterator_category = std::forward_iterator_tag;
                forward_iterator (Node* ptr) : ptr_(ptr) {};
                T& operator* ();
                forward_iterator& operator++ ();
                forward_iterator operator++ (int);
                bool operator== (const forward_iterator& o) const;
                bool operator!= (const forward_iterator& o) const;
```

```
    private:
        Node* ptr_;
        friend TStack;
    };
    forward_iterator begin();
    forward_iterator end();
    void pop();
    T& top();
    void push(const T& value);
    void erase(const forward_iterator& it);
    void insert(forward_iterator& it, const T& val);
    void advance(forward_iterator& it, int idx);
    bool empty() {
        return head == nullptr;
    }
    void print();


private:
    using allocator_type = typename Allocator::template rebind<Node>::other;
    struct deleter {
        deleter(allocator_type* allocator) : allocator_(allocator) {}
        void operator() (Node* ptr) {
            if (ptr != nullptr) {
      std::allocator_traits<allocator_type>::destroy(*allocator_, ptr);
      allocator_->deallocate(ptr, 1);
            }
        }

    private:
        allocator_type* allocator_;

    };

    using unique_ptr = std::unique_ptr<Node, deleter>;

    struct Node {
        T value;
        unique_ptr following{nullptr, deleter{nullptr}};
        Node(const T& val) : value(val) {}
        forward_iterator next();

    };

    allocator_type allocator_{};
```

```
        unique_ptr head {nullptr, deleter{nullptr}};


};

template <class T, class Allocator>
typename TStack<T, Allocator>::forward_iterator TStack<T,
Allocator>::Node::next() {
        return following.get();
}

template <class T, class Allocator>
typename TStack<T, Allocator>::forward_iterator TStack<T, Allocator>::begin() {
        return head.get();
}

template <class T, class Allocator>
typename TStack<T, Allocator>::forward_iterator TStack<T, Allocator>::end() {
        return nullptr;
}

template <class T, class Allocator>
T& TStack<T, Allocator>::forward_iterator::operator* () {
        return ptr_->value;
}

template <class T, class Allocator>
typename TStack<T, Allocator>::forward_iterator& TStack<T,
Allocator>::forward_iterator::operator++ () {
        *this = ptr_->next();
        return *this;
}

template <class T, class Allocator>
typename TStack<T, Allocator>::forward_iterator TStack<T,
Allocator>::forward_iterator::operator++ (int) {
        forward_iterator prev =*this;
        ++this;
        return prev;
}

template <class T, class Allocator>
bool TStack<T, Allocator>::forward_iterator::operator== (const forward_iterator& o)
const{
        return ptr_ == o.ptr_;
```

```
}

template <class T, class Allocator>
bool TStack<T, Allocator>::forward_iterator::operator!= (const forward_iterator& o)
const{
	return ptr_ != o.ptr_;
}



template <class T, class Allocator>
void TStack<T, Allocator>::push(const T& value) {
	Node* NewNode = this->allocator_.allocate(1);
	std::allocator_traits<allocator_type>::construct(this->allocator_, NewNode,
value);
	auto tmp = unique_ptr(NewNode, deleter{&this->allocator_});
	tmp->following = std::move(head);
	head = std::move(tmp);

}

template <class T, class Allocator>
void TStack<T, Allocator>::pop() {
	if (head.get() == nullptr) {
		throw std::logic_error("Stack is empty\n");
	} else {
		head = std::move(head->following);
	}
}

template <class T, class Allocator>
T& TStack<T, Allocator>::top() {
	if (head.get() == nullptr) throw std::logic_error("Stack is empty\n");
	return head->value;
}



template <class T, class Allocator>
void TStack<T, Allocator>::print() {
	Node* tmp = head.get();

	while (tmp != nullptr) {
		std::cout << tmp->value << " ";
		tmp = tmp->following.get();
	}
```

```
}


template <class T, class Allocator>
void TStack<T, Allocator>::insert(forward_iterator& it, const T& value) {

	if (it.ptr_ == head.get()) {
		this->push(value);
		return;
	}

	Node* NewNode = this->allocator_.allocate(1);
	std::allocator_traits<allocator_type>::construct(this->allocator_, NewNode,
value);
	auto tmp = unique_ptr(NewNode, deleter{&this->allocator_});
	//auto tmp = std::unique_ptr<Node>(new Node{value});
	forward_iterator i = this->begin();
	while (i.ptr_->following.get() != it.ptr_) {
		if (i.ptr_ == nullptr && i.ptr_ != it.ptr_) throw std::logic_error("Out of
range\n");
		++i;

	}
	if (i.ptr_->following == nullptr) {
		i.ptr_->following = std::move(tmp);
		return;
	}
	++i;
	tmp->following = std::move(i.ptr_->following);
	i.ptr_->following = std::move(tmp);
	return;

}

template <class T, class Allocator>
void TStack<T, Allocator>::erase(const forward_iterator& it) {
	if (it.ptr_ == head.get()) {
		this->pop();
		return;
	}
	auto i = this->begin();
	while(i.ptr_ != nullptr && i.ptr_->next() != it.ptr_) {
		++i;
	}
	if (i.ptr_ == nullptr) {
```

```
                throw std::logic_error ("Out of range\n");
        }
        i.ptr_->following = std::move(it.ptr_->following);

        return;

}



template <class T, class Allocator>
void TStack<T, Allocator>::advance(forward_iterator& it, int idx) {
        it = this->begin();
        if (it.ptr_ == nullptr && idx > 0) throw std::logic_error("Out of
range(advance)\n");
        int i = 0;
        while (i < idx) {
                if (it.ptr_->following == nullptr && i < idx - 1) {

                        throw std::logic_error("Out of range(advance)\n");
                }
                ++it;
                ++i;

        }
}

}

#endif
```

allocator.h:

```
#ifndef MY_ALLOCATOR_H
#define MY_ALLOCATOR_H 1

#include <cstdint>
#include <cstdint>

#include <exception>
#include <iostream>
#include <type_traits>
#include "queue.h"
```

```
template<class T, size_t ALLOC_SIZE>
    struct my_allocator {
        using value_type = T;
        using size_type = std::size_t;
        using difference_type = std::ptrdiff_t;
        using is_always_equal = std::false_type;

        template<class U>
        struct rebind {
            using other = my_allocator<U, ALLOC_SIZE>;
        };

        my_allocator():
            pool_begin(new char[ALLOC_SIZE]),
            pool_end(pool_begin + ALLOC_SIZE),
            pool_tail(pool_begin)
        {}

        my_allocator(const my_allocator&) = delete;
        my_allocator(my_allocator&&) = delete;

        ~my_allocator() {
            delete[] pool_begin;
        }

        T* allocate(std::size_t n);
        void deallocate(T* ptr, std::size_t n);

    private:
        char* pool_begin;
        char* pool_end;
        char* pool_tail;
        containers::TQueue<char*> free_blocks;
    };

    template<class T, size_t ALLOC_SIZE>
    T* my_allocator<T, ALLOC_SIZE>::allocate(std::size_t n) {
        if (n != 1) {
            throw std::logic_error("can`t allocate arrays");
        }
        if (size_t(pool_end - pool_tail) < sizeof(T)) {
            if (!free_blocks.empty()) {
                auto it = free_blocks.begin();
                char* ptr = *it;
                free_blocks.pop();
```

```
            return reinterpret_cast<T*>(ptr);
        }
        throw std::bad_alloc();
    }
    T* result = reinterpret_cast<T*>(pool_tail);
    pool_tail += sizeof(T);
    return result;
}

template<class T, size_t ALLOC_SIZE>
void my_allocator<T, ALLOC_SIZE>::deallocate(T *ptr, std::size_t n) {
    if (n != 1) {
        throw std::logic_error("can`t allocate arrays, thus can`t deallocate them too");
    }
    if(ptr == nullptr){
        return;
    }
    free_blocks.push(reinterpret_cast<char*>(ptr));
}


#endif
```

main.cpp:

```
#include "queue.h"
#include "stack.h"
#include "allocator.h"
#include "trapezoid.h"
#include <algorithm>
#include <map>
#include <string>

struct number {
        int i;
        void print() {
                std::cout << i << std::endl;
        }
};

int main() {
        containers::TStack<TTrapezoid<int>, my_allocator<TTrapezoid<int>, 1000>>
s;
        std::string cmd;
```

```
int index;
std::cout << "push - to push figure to stack\n"
          << "insert - to insert figure to stack\n"
          << "pop - to pop figure from Stack\n"
          << "erase - to delete figure from Stack\n"
          << "top - to show first figure\n"
          << "for_each - to print figures\n"
          << "map - to show work allocator with map\n"
          << "exit - to finish execution of program\n";
while (true) {
    std::cin >> cmd;
    if (cmd == "push") {
        std::cout << "enter coordinates\n";
        TTrapezoid<int> fig;
        try {
            TTrapezoid<int> tmp(std::cin);
            fig = tmp;
        } catch(std::exception& err) {
            std::cout << err.what() << std::endl;
            continue;
        }
        s.push(fig);
    } else if (cmd == "insert") {
        std::cout << "enter index\n";
        std::cin >> index;
        auto p = s.begin();
        try {
            s.advance(p, index);
        } catch (std::exception& err) {
            std::cout << err.what() << std::endl;
            continue;
        }
        std::cout << "enter coordinates\n";
        TTrapezoid<int> fig;
        try {
            TTrapezoid<int> tmp(std::cin);
            fig = tmp;
        } catch(std::exception& err) {
            std::cout << err.what() << std::endl;
            continue;
        }
        s.insert(p, fig);
    } else if (cmd == "pop") {
        try {
            s.pop();
```

```
                } catch(std::exception& err) {
                        std::cout << err.what() << std::endl;
                        continue;
                }
        } else if (cmd == "erase") {
                std::cout << "enter index\n";
                std::cin >> index;
                auto p = s.begin();
                try {
                        s.advance(p, index);
                } catch (std::exception& err) {
                        std::cout << err.what() << std::endl;
                        continue;
                }
                try {
                        s.erase(p);
                } catch (std::exception& err) {
                        std::cout << err.what() << std::endl;
                        continue;
                }

        } else if (cmd == "top") {
                try {
                        s.top();
                } catch (std::exception& err) {
                        std::cout << err.what() << std::endl;
                        continue;
                }
                (s.top()).Print();
        } else if (cmd == "for_each") {
                std::for_each(s.begin(), s.end(), [] (TTrapezoid<int> tmp) {return
tmp.Print();});
        } else if (cmd == "exit") {
                break;
        } else if (cmd == "map"){
                std::map<int, int, std::less<>, my_allocator<std::pair<const int,
int>, 1000>> tree;
                for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++) {
                        tree[i] = i * i;
                }
                std::for_each(tree.begin(), tree.end(), [](std::pair<int, int> X)
{std::cout << X.first << " " << X.second << " ";});
                std::cout << std::endl;
        } else {
                std::cout << "Wrong comand\n";
```

```
                continue;
            }

        }

}
```

2. Ссылка на репозитирий Github:

https://github.com/vebcreatex7/oop_exercise_06

3. Набор тестов:

```
push - to push figure to stack
insert - to insert figure to stack
pop - to pop figure from Stack
erase - to delete figure from Stack
top - to show first figure
for_each - to print figures
map - to show work allocator with map
exit - to finish execution of program
push
enter coordinates
0 0 1 1 2 1 3 0
insert
enter index
1
enter coordinates
1 1 1 3 3 3 4 1
for_each
0 0 1 1 2 1 3 0
1 1 1 3 3 3 4 1
erase
enter index
1
for_each
0 0 1 1 2 1 3 0
top
0 0 1 1 2 1 3 0
pop
for_each
map
```

0 0 1 1 2 4 3 9 4 16 5 25
exit

4. Объяснение результатов работы программы:

Стек реализован в виде односвязного списка на итераторах. Аллокатор работает на очереди. В main.cpp push добавляет элемент в начало стека, insert на позицию i, pop удаляет первый элемент, erase удаляет элемент по индексу i, for_each выводит координаты фигур на экран. Аллокатор совмести с std::map, что продемонстрировано при команде map.

5. Вывод

В ходе данной работы были получены навыки работы с аллокаторами. Аллокаторы позволяют ускорить быстродействие программ, а так же усилить контроль над менеджментом памяти.