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| | |] |



- 1. Install Linux Operating System and explore the Linux System Environment
- 2. Explore various Linux Internal and External Commands
- 3. a) Program to count the number of characters, words, spaces and lines from a given input file.

```
응 {
#include <stdio.h>
int wc=0, cc=0, lc=0, bc=0;
char infile[25];
응 }
word [a-zA-Z0-9]+
eol [\n]
응응
           {wc++; cc+=yyleng;}
{word}
{eol} {lc++; cc++;}
[" "] {bc++; cc++;}
[\t] {bc+=8; cc++;}
     {cc++;}
응응
int yywrap()
{ }
int main()
     printf("\nRead the input file\n");
     scanf("%s",infile);
     yyin=fopen(infile,"r");
     yylex();
     printf("Number of characters = %d\n",cc);
     printf("Number of words = %d\n",wc);
     printf("Number of spaces = %d\n",bc);
     printf("Number of lines = %d\n",lc);
     return 0;
     fclose(yyin);
Command for execution:
lex pgm name.l
OR
Flex pgm.1
gcc lex.yy.c -o pgm name.exe
pgm name.exe
```



output:

```
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>flex 3a.1

C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>gcc lex.yy.c -o Out.exe

C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe

Read the input file
Dest.txt
Number of characters = 7
Number of words = 1
Number of spaces = 0
Number of lines = 2

C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>
```

b) Program to count the number of comment lines in a given C Program. Also eliminate them and copy it to a separate file.

```
응 {
#include <stdio.h>
int cc=0;
%x CMNT
응응
"/*" {BEGIN CMNT;}
<CMNT>. ;
<CMNT>"*/" {BEGIN 0; cc++;}
응응
int yywrap() { }
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
     if(argc!=3)
           printf("Usage : %s <scr file> <dest file>\n",argv[0]);
           return 0;
     yyin=fopen(argv[1],"r");
     yyout=fopen(argv[2],"w");
     yylex();
     printf("\nNumber of multiline comments = %d\n",cc);
     return 0;
}
```

Command for execution:

```
lex pgm_name.1
OR
Flex pgm.1
```



gcc lex.yy.c -o pgm_name.exe
pgm_name.exe

*Example - Notepad

file Edit Format View Help
int a, b;
float a;
/*double c=10.0;*/

Dest - Notepad

File Edit Format View Help
int a, b;
float a;



4. a) Lex program to recognize a valid arithmetic expression and to recognize identifiers and operators present and print them separately

```
응 {
#include <stdio.h>
int ext(int);
int a[]=\{0,0,0,0\}, valid=1, opnd=0, top=-1, i;
응 }
%x oper
응응
["("]
                          {top++;}
[")"]
                          {top--;}
[a-zA-Z0-9]+
                           {BEGIN oper; opnd++;}
<oper>"+"
                  {if(valid) {valid = 0; i = 0;} else ext(0);}
                  {if(valid) {valid = 0; i = 1;}} else ext(0);}
<oper>"-"
                  {if(valid) {valid = 0; i = 2;} else ext(0);}
<oper>"*"
<oper>"/"
                  {if(valid) {valid = 0; i = 3;} else ext(0);}
<oper>"("
                  {top++;}
<oper>")"
                  {top--;}
\langle oper \rangle [a-zA-Z0-9] +
                       \{\text{opnd++}; \text{ if (valid == 0) } \{\text{valid = 1; a[i]++};\} \text{ else }
ext(0);}
<oper>"\n"
                  {if(valid == 1 && top == -1) {printf("Valid
expression\n"); return 0;} else ext(0);}
                  ext(0);
응응
int yywrap() { }
int ext(int x)
      printf("\nInvalid expression%d\n",x);
      exit(0);
}
int main()
     printf("\nEnter an arithmetic expression\n");
      vvlex();
      printf("Number of operands = %d\n",opnd);
     printf("Number of + = %d n'', a[0]);
      printf("Number of - = %d\n", a[1]);
     printf("Number of * = %d\n", a[2]);
     printf("Number of / = %d\n",a[3]);
      return 0;
}
```



Command for execution:

```
lex pgm_name.l
OR
Flex pgm.l
gcc lex.yy.c -o pgm_name.exe
pgm name.exe
```

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe

C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>flex 4a.1

C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>gcc lex.yy.c -o Out.exe

C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe

Enter an arithmetic expression
a+b

Valid expression

Number of operands = 2

Number of + = 1

Number of - = 0

Number of * = 0

Number of / = 0

C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe

Enter an arithmetic expression

a+

Invalid expression0

C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>
```

b) Program to check whether a given sentence is simple or compound

```
응 {
#include<stdio.h>
응 }
ws [ \t \n]
{ws}"and"{ws}|{ws}"AND"{ws} |
{ws}"or"{ws}|{ws}"OR"{ws}|
{ws}"but"{ws}|{ws}"BUT"{ws} |
{ws}"because"{ws} |
{ws}"nevertheless"{ws}
                        {printf("compound sentence\n");exit(0);}
\n
     return 0;
응응
int yywrap() { }
int main()
     printf("\nEnter a sentence\n");
     yylex();
     printf("Simple sentence");
     exit(0);
     //return 0;
```



```
}
Command for execution:
lex pgm name.l
OR
Flex pgm.1
gcc lex.yy.c -o pgm name.exe
pgm name.exe
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>flex 4b.1
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>gcc lex.yy.c -o Out.exe
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe
Enter a sentence
Good Morning and Welcome
compound sentence
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe
Enter a sentence
Welcome
Simple sentence
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>
```



5. a) Program to recognize and count the number of identifiers in a given input file

```
응 {
#include<stdio.h>
int idc=0;
응 }
e[=][]*[0-9]+
ws[ \n\t]*
id[_a-zA-Z][_a-zA-Z0-9]*
decln "int"|"float"|"clear"|"double"|"short"|"long"|"unsigned"
%x defn
응응
{decln}
                              {BEGIN defn;}
\del{defn} \ \del{defn} \ \del{defn} \ \del{defn} \ \del{defn} \ \del{defn}
                              {idc++;}
<defn>{ws}{id}{ws}\;
                              {BEGIN 0; idc++;}
<defn>{ws}{id}{ws}{e}{ws}\, {idc++;}
<defn>{ws}{id}{ws}{e}{ws}\; {BEGIN 0;idc++;}
<*>\n
<*>.
응응
int yywrap() { }
int main(int argc,char *argv[])
      if(argc==2)
            yyin=fopen(argv[1],"r");
            yylex();
            printf("\nNumber of identifiers = %d\n",idc);
      }
      else
      {
            printf("\nUsage : %s <src_file> \n",argv[0]);
      return 0;
}
Command for execution:
lex pgm name.l
OR
Flex pgm.1
gcc lex.yy.c -o pgm name.exe
pgm name.exe
```



*Example - Notepad

```
File Edit Format View Help

int a, b;

float a;

double c=10.0;
```

```
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>flex 5a.l

C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>gcc lex.yy.c -o Out.exe

C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe

Usage: Out.exe <src_file>

C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe Example.txt

Number of identifiers = 3

C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>
```

b) Program to evaluate an arithmetic expression involving operators +,-,*,/

5b.1

```
%{
#include "y.tab.h"
%}
%%
[0-9]+ {yylval=atoi(yytext); return NUM;}
[\t];
\n return 0;
. return yytext[0];
%%
int yywrap() { }
5b.y
%{#include <stdio.h>%}
%token NUM
%left '+''-'
```



```
%left '/''*'
응응
expr:e {printf("Valid expression\n"); printf("Result : %d\n",$1);
return 0;}
e:e'+'e {$$=$1+$3;}
| e'-'e {$$=$1-$3;}
| e'*'e {$$=$1*$3;}
| e'/'e {$$=$1/$3;}
| '('e')' {$$=$2;}
| NUM {$$=$1;}
응응
int main()
printf("\nEnter an arithmetic expression\n");
yyparse();
return 0;}
int yyerror()
printf("\nInvalid expression\n");
return 0;
Command for execution:
lex pgm name.l
OR
Flex pgm.1
Yacc -y -d pgm name.y
OR
Bison -y -d pgm_name.y
gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -o pgm name.exe
pgm_name.exe
```



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>flex 5b.1
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>bison -y -d 5b.y
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -o Out.exe
y.tab.c: In function 'yyparse':
.tab.c:583:16: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yylex' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
# define YYLEX yylex ()
.tab.c:1228:16: note: in expansion of macro 'YYLEX'
      yychar = YYLEX;
tab.c:1391:7: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yyerror' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
      yyerror (YY_("syntax error"));
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe
Enter an arithmetic expression
2+2
Valid expression
Result : 4
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe
Enter an arithmetic expression
6/3
Valid expression
Result : 2
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe
Enter an arithmetic expression
Invalid expression
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>
```



6. a) Program to recognize a valid arithmetic expression that uses operates +,-,*,/

```
6a.1
응 {
#include "y.tab.h"
응 }
응응
[0-9]+(\.[0-9]+)? {return NUM;}
[a-zA-Z][ a-zA-Z0-9]* {return ID;}
[\t] ;
\n {return 0;}
. {return yytext[0];}
응응
int yywrap() { }
6a.y
응 {
#include<stdio.h>
응 }
%token L D NL
응응
var: L E NL {printf("Valid Variable\n");return 0;}
E: E L
| E D
| ;
응응
int yyerror()
{
printf("\n Invalid Variable\n");
```



```
return 0;
}
int main()
{
printf("\nEnter a variable\n");
yyparse();
}
Command for execution:
lex pgm_name.l
OR
Flex pgm.l
Yacc -y -d pgm_name.y
OR
Bison -y -d pgm_name.y
gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -o pgm_name.exe
pgm_name.exe
```



```
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>flex 6a.1
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>bison -y -d 6a.y
::\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -o out.exe
/.tab.c: In function 'yyparse':
.tab.c:588:16: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yylex' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration,/
# define YYLEX yylex ()
/.tab.c:1233:16: note: in expansion of macro 'YYLEX'
      yychar = YYLEX;
6a.y:8:43: warning: implicit declaration of function 'exit' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
expr:e { printf("This is Valid Expression"); exit(0);}
6a.y:8:43: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of built-in function 'exit'
6a.y:8:43: note: include '<stdlib.h>' or provide a declaration of 'exit'
y.tab.c:1354:7: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yyerror' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
      yyerror (YY_("syntax error"));
6a.y: In function 'yyerror':
6a.y:27:1: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of built-in function 'exit'
exit(0);
6a.y:27:1: note: include '<stdlib.h>' or provide a declaration of 'exit'
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe
Type the expression to be tested
a+b
This is Valid Expression
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe
Type the expression to be tested
This is Valid Expression
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe
Type the expression to be tested
Invalid expression!
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>
```

b) Program to recognize a valid variable, which starts with a letter, followed by any number of letters or digits

6b.1

```
%{
#include "y.tab.h"
%}
%%
[a-z] return L;
[0-9] return D;
\n {return NL;}
```



```
응응
int yywrap() { }
6b.y
응 {
#include<stdio.h>
응 }
%token L D NL
응응
var: L E NL {printf("Valid Variable\n");return 0;}
E: E L
| E D
| ;
응응
int yyerror()
printf("\n Invalid Variable\n");
return 0;
}
int main()
{
printf("\nEnter a variable\n");
yyparse();
}
Command for execution:
lex pgm_name.1
```



```
OR
Flex pgm.1
Yacc -y -d pgm name.y
OR
Bison -y -d pgm name.y
gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -o pgm name.exe
pgm_name.exe
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>flex 6b.1
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>bison -y -d 6b.y
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -o Out.exe
y.tab.c: In function 'yyparse':
y.tab.c:583:16: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yylex' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
# define YYLEX yylex ()
y.tab.c:1228:16: note: in expansion of macro 'YYLEX'
       yychar = YYLEX;
y.tab.c:1349:7: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yyerror' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
       yyerror (YY_("syntax error"));
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe
Enter a variable
Valid Variable
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe
Enter a variable
aa4
Valid Variable
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe
Enter a variable
1a
 Invalid Variable
```

C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>



7. a) Program to recognize the grammar (anb, n>=10)

```
<u>7a.1</u>
응 {
#include "y.tab.h"
응 }
응응
[aA] {return A;}
[bB] {return B;}
\n {return NL;}
. {return yytext[0];}
응응
int yywrap() { }
7a.y
응 {
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
응 }
%token A B NL
응응
stmt: A A A A A A A A S B NL {printf("valid string\n"); exit(0);}
;
S: S A
;
응응
int yyerror(char *msg)
printf("invalid string\n");
exit(0);
}
main()
```



```
{
printf("enter the string\n");
yyparse();
}
Command for execution:
lex pgm_name.l
OR
Flex pgm.l
Yacc -y -d pgm_name.y
OR
Bison -y -d pgm_name.y
gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -o pgm_name.exe
pgm_name.exe
```



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>flex 7a.l
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>bison -y -d 7a.y
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -o Out.exe
y.tab.c: In function 'yyparse':
v.tab.c:589:16: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yylex' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
# define YYLEX yylex ()
y.tab.c:1234:16: note: in expansion of macro 'YYLEX'
      yychar = YYLEX;
y.tab.c:1355:7: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yyerror' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
      yyerror (YY_("syntax error"));
7a.y: At top level:
7a.y:20:1: warning: return type defaults to 'int' [-Wimplicit-int]
main()
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe
enter the string
aaaaab
invalid string
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe
enter the string
aaaaaaaaab
valid string
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe
enter the string
aaaaaaaaaaaab
valid string
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>
```

b) Program to recognize strings aaab,abbb,ab and a using the grammar (a_nb_n,n>=0)

7b.1

```
%{
#include "y.tab.h"
%}
%%
[aA] {return A;}
[bB] {return B;}
\n {return NL;}
. {return yytext[0];}
%%
int yywrap() { }
```



```
7b.y
응 {
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
응 }
%token A B NL
응응
stmt: S NL { printf("valid string\n"); exit(0); }
S: A S B |
응응
int yyerror()
printf("invalid string\n");
exit(0);
main()
printf("enter the string\n");
yyparse();
}
Command for execution:
lex pgm_name.l
OR
Flex pgm.1
Yacc -y -d pgm name.y
OR
Bison -y -d pgm_name.y
gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -o pgm name.exe
```

pgm name.exe



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>flex 7b.l
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab Programs\Lab Programs-final>bison -y -d 7b.y
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -o Out.exe
y.tab.c: In function 'yyparse':
y.tab.c:584:16: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yylex' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
# define YYLEX yylex ()
y.tab.c:1229:16: note: in expansion of macro 'YYLEX'
      yychar = YYLEX;
y.tab.c:1350:7: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yyerror' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
      yyerror (YY_("syntax error"));
7b.y: At top level:
7b.y:19:1: warning: return type defaults to 'int' [-Wimplicit-int]
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe
enter the string
aab
invalid string
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe
enter the string
aabb
valid string
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe
enter the string
ab
valid string
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe
enter the string
valid string
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>
```



8. Design, develop and implement YACC/C program to demonstrate *Shift Reduce Parsing* technique for the grammar rules: E->E+E E->(E) E->id and parse the sentence: id + id * id.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
int k=0, z=0, i=0, j=0, c=0;
char a[16],ac[20],stk[15],act[10];
void check();
void main()
{
puts("GRAMMAR is E\rightarrow E+E \ n E\rightarrow E+E \ n E\rightarrow (E) \ n E\rightarrow id");
puts("enter input string ");
gets(a);
c=strlen(a);
strcpy(act, "SHIFT->");
puts("stack \t input \t action");
for (k=0, i=0; j < c; k++, i++, j++)
if(a[j]=='i' && a[j+1]=='d')
stk[i]=a[j];
stk[i+1]=a[j+1];
stk[i+2]='\setminus 0';
a[j]=' ';
a[j+1]=' ';
printf("\n$%s\t%s$\t%sid",stk,a,act);
}
else
{
stk[i]=a[j];
stk[i+1]='\setminus 0';
a[j]=' ';
printf("\n$%s\t%s$\t%ssymbols",stk,a,act);
check();
}
}
getch();
void check()
strcpy(ac, "REDUCE TO E");
for (z=0; z<c; z++)
if(stk[z] == 'i' && stk[z+1] == 'd')
stk[z]='E';
stk[z+1]='\setminus 0';
printf("\n$%s\t%s$\t%s",stk,a,ac);
j++;
```



```
}
for (z=0; z<c; z++)
if(stk[z]=='E' && stk[z+1]=='+' && stk[z+2]=='E')
stk[z]='E';
stk[z+1] = ' \setminus 0';
stk[z+2]='\setminus 0';
printf("\n$%s\t%s$\t%s", stk, a, ac);
i=i-2;
for (z=0; z<c; z++)
if(stk[z] == 'E' \&\& stk[z+1] == '*' \&\& stk[z+2] == 'E')
stk[z]='E';
stk[z+1]='\setminus 0';
stk[z+1]='\setminus 0';
printf("\n$%s\t%s$\t%s", stk, a, ac);
i=i-2;
for (z=0; z<c; z++)
if(stk[z]=='(' && stk[z+1]=='E' && stk[z+2]==')')
stk[z]='E';
stk[z+1]='\setminus 0';
stk[z+1]='\setminus 0';
printf("\n$%s\t%s$\t%s", stk, a, ac);
i=i-2;
}
}
Command for execution:
gcc pgm name.c -o pgm name.exe
pgm name.exe
```



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe - Out.exe
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>gcc 8.c -o Out.exe
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe
GRAMMAR is E->E+E
E->E*E
E->(E)
E->id
enter input string
id+id*id
stack
         input
                 action
$id
          +id*id$
                        SHIFT->id
          +id*id$
$E
                        REDUCE TO E
$E+
           id*id$
                        SHIFT->symbols
$E+id
                        SHIFT->id
             *id$
$E+E
                        REDUCE TO E
             *id$
$E
             *id$
                        REDUCE TO E
$E*
              id$
                        SHIFT->symbols
$E*id
               $
                        SHIFT->id
                $
$E*E
                        REDUCE TO E
                $
$E
                        REDUCE TO E
C:\Users\admin\Desktop\SS\Lab_Programs\Lab Programs-final>Out.exe
GRAMMAR is E->E+E
E->E*E
E->(E)
E->id
enter input string
id+id*
stack
         input
                 action
$id
         +id*$ SHIFT->id
$E
          +id*$ REDUCE TO E
$E+
           id*$ SHIFT->symbols
$E+id
             *$ SHIFT->id
$E+E
             *$ REDUCE TO E
$E
             *$ REDUCE TO E
$E*
             $ SHIFT->symbols
```



9. a) Write a \$hell script that accepts two file names as arguments, checks if the permissions for both the files are identical and if the permissions are identical, outputs the common permissions; otherwise outputs each file name followed by its permissions.

```
if [ $# != 2 ]
then
echo "Invalid input!!!"
else
pl=`ls -l $1|cut -d " " -f1`
p2=`ls -l $2|cut -d " " -f1`
if [ $p1 == $p2 ]
then
echo "the file permissions are same and it is: "
echo "$p1"
else
echo "The file permissions are different"
echo "$1 : $p1"
echo "$2 : $p2"
fi
fi
```

Command for execution:

Sh 9a.sh filename1 filename2

```
[root@localhost ~]# ls
Pa.sh bench.py hello.c
[root@localhost ~]# ls -l
total 12
-rw----- 1 1000 root 277 Aug 2 17:39 9a.sh
rw-r--r-- 1 root root 114 Dec 26
                                   2020 bench.py
rw-r--r-- 1 root root 185 Sep
                                9
                                   2018 hello.c
root@localhost ~]# sh 9a.sh
Invalid input!!!
root@localhost ~]# sh 9a.sh 9a.sh bench.py
The file permissions are different
9a.sh : -rw-----
bench.py : -rw-r--r--
[root@localhost ~]# sh 9a.sh bench.py hello.c
the file permissions are same and it is :
-rw-r--r--
root@localhost ~]#
```



b) Write a C program that creates a child process to read commands from the standard input and execute them

```
#include<stdio.h>
 int main()
           int ch, rv;
           char cmd[10];
           rv=fork();
           if(rv==0)
                     do
                              printf("\nEnter a command\n");
                              scanf("%s",cmd);
                              system(cmd);
                              printf("\n1 : continue\n0 : exit\n");
                              scanf("%d", &ch);
                    while (ch!=0);
           }
           else
           {
                    wait(0);
                    printf("\nChild terminated\n");
           }
 return 0;
 }
 Command for execution:
 cc pgm name.c
 ./a.out
[root@localhost ~]# cc 9b.c
9b.c: In function 'main':
ab.c:6:5: warning: implicit declaration of function 'fork' [-Wimplicit-function declaration]
   6 | rv=fork();
pb.c:13:4: warning: implicit declaration of function 'system' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
13 | system(cmd);
b.c:21:3: warning: implicit declaration of function 'wait' [-Wimplicit-function
 declaration]
21 | wait(0);
 root@localhost ~]# ./a.out
nter a command
    August 2021
August 2021

Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

8 9 10 11 12 13 14

15 16 17 18 19 20 21

22 23 24 25 26 27 28

29 30 31
                                                                              Enter a command
                                                                              date
                                                                              Mon Aug 2 05:43:04 PM UTC 2021
                                                                                : continue
 : continue
                                                                             Child terminated
[root@localhost ~]#
 : exit
```



10. a) Write a C/Java program that creates a zombie and then calls system to execute the ps command to verify that the process is zombie.

```
#include<stdio.h>
        #include <stdlib.h>
        #include <sys/types.h>
        #include <unistd.h>
        int main()
                pid t child pid;
                                         /* Create a child process. */
                child pid = fork ();
                if (child pid > 0)
                        printf("This is the parent process: %d. Sleep
for a minute\n", getpid());
                        sleep (60);
                else
                {
                        printf("This is the child process: %d. Exit
immediately\n",getpid());
                         exit (0);
                         system("ps -e -o pid,ppid,stat,comm");
                        return 0;
        }
```

Command for execution:

```
cc pgm_name.c
./a.out
```

```
root@localhost ~]# cc 10a.c
root@localhost ~]# ./a.out
This is the parent process: 111. Sleep for a minute This is the child process: 112. Exit immediately
 PID PPID STAT COMMAND
           0 S
                     init
           0 S
                     kthreadd
  3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
32
42
47
                     kworker/0:0
           2 I
                     kworker/0:0H
           2 I<
           2 I
                     kworker/u2:0
           2 I<
                     mm_percpu_wq
                     ksoftirqd/0
                     kdevtmpfs
           2 I<
                     netns
           2 S
                     oom_reaper
                     writeback
           2 I<
           2 I<
                    crypto
kblockd
           2 I<
2 S
                     kswapd0
                     kworker/0:1
           1 Ss
                     dhcpcd
           1 Ss
                     sh
  73
           2 I
                     kworker/u2:1
 111
          47 S+
                     a.out
                     a.out <defunct>
         111 Z+
 112
 113
         111 R+
root@localhost ~]#
```



b) Write a C/Java program to avoid zombie process by forking twice.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
int main()
     pid t pid1, pid2;
     if \overline{((pid1=fork())<0)}
          printf("Fork error");
     else if( pid1==0)
          printf("first child pid=%d\n", getpid());
          pid2=fork();
          if(pid2 > 0)
               exit(0);
           else if (pid2==0)
                     printf("second child pid = %d\n parent pid=%d\n",
getpid(), getppid());
          exit (0);
     }
}
Command for execution:
cc pgm name.c
./a.out
[root@localhost ~]# cc 10b.c
[root@localhost ~]# ./a.out
[root@localhost ~]# first child pid=121
second child pid = 122
parent pid=1
```



11. a) Write a C/C++ program to illustrate the race condition.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
static void charatatime (char *);
int main (void)
pid t pid;
if ((pid=fork()) < 0)</pre>
     printf("fork error\n");
}
else if(pid==0)
     charatatime("Output from child\n");
}
else
     charatatime("Output from parent\n");
}
exit(0);
}
static void charatatime(char *str)
char *ptr;
int c;
setbuf(stdout,NULL); /* set unbuffered*/
for (ptr=str; (c=*ptr++)!=0;)
putc(c,stdout);
}
```

Command for execution:

```
cc pgm_name.c
./a.out
```

```
[root@localhost ~]# cc 11a.c
[root@localhost ~]# ./a.out
Output from pOutput from child
arent
[root@localhost ~]#
```



b) Write a C/C++ program which demonstrates inter-process communication between a reader process and a writer process. Use mkfifo, open, read, write and close APIs in your program.

```
#include<stdio.h>
 #include<stdlib.h>
 #include<fcntl.h>
 #include<unistd.h>
 #include<sys/types.h>
 #include<string.h>
 int main(int argc, char *argv[])
 int fd, num1, num2;
 char buf[100];
 if(argc==3)
 mkfifo(argv[1],0666);
 fd=open(argv[1],O_WRONLY);
 num1=write(fd, argv[2], strlen(argv[2]));
 printf("no of bytes written%d\n", num1);
 if(argc==2)
 fd=open(argv[1],O RDONLY);
 num2=read(fd,buf,sizeof(buf));
 buf[num2]='\0';
 printf("the message size %d read is %s", num2, buf);
 close (fd);
 unlink(argv[1]);
 return 0;
 }
 Command for execution:
 Terminal -1
 cc pgm name.c
 ./a.out pipel Message
 Terminal -2
 cc pgm name.c
  ./a.out pipe1
 liveuser@localhost-live Downloads]$ cc 11b.c
 1b.c: In function 'main':
11b.c:13:1: warning: implicit declaration of function 'mkfifo' [-Wimplicit-funct
ion-declaration]
  13 | mkfifo(argv[1],0666);
 liveuser@localhost-live Downloads]$ ./a.out pipe1 Hello
 o of bytes written5
 liveuser@localhost-live Downloads]$
 iveuser@localhost-live Downloads]$ cc 11b.c
11b.c: In function 'main':
11b.c:13:1: warning: implicit declaration of function 'mkfifo' [-Wimplicit-funct
  13 | mkfifo(argv[1],0666);
[liveuser@localhost-live Downloads]$ ./a.out pipe1
the message size 5 read is Hello[liveuser@localhost-live Downloads]$
```



12. Design develop and run a multi-threaded program to generate and print Fibonacci series. One thread has to generate the numbers up to the specified limit and Another thread has to print them. Ensure proper synchronization.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<omp.h>
int main() {
     int n,a[100],i;
     omp set num threads(2);
     printf("enter the no of terms of fibonacci series which have to be
generated\n");
     scanf("%d", &n);
     a[0]=0;
     a[1]=1;
     #pragma omp parallel
            #pragma omp single
            for(i=2;i<n;i++)
                          a[i]=a[i-2]+a[i-1];
                 printf("id of thread involved in the computation of fib no
%d is=%d\n",i+1,omp get thread_num());
                #pragma omp barrier
                #pragma omp single
                          printf("the elements of fib series are\n");
                          for(i=0;i<n;i++)
                          printf("%d,id of the thread displaying this no is =
%d\n",a[i],omp get thread num());
     return 0;
}
Command for execution:
cc -fopenmp 12.c
./a.out
[liveuser@localhost-live Downloads]$ cc -fopenmp 12.c
[liveuser@localhost-live Downloads]$ ./a.out
enter the no of terms of fibonacci series which have to be generated
id of thread involved in the computation of fib no 3 is=0
id of thread involved in the computation of fib no 4 is=0
id of thread involved in the computation of fib no 5 is=0 id of thread involved in the computation of fib no 6 is=0 id of thread involved in the computation of fib no 7 is=0
d of thread involved in the computation of fib no 8 is=0
the elements of fib series are
0,id of the thread displaying this no is =
1,id of the thread displaying this no is =
,id of the thread displaying this no is
,id of the thread displaying this no is
i,id of the thread displaying this no
, id of the thread displaying this no is
, id of the thread displaying this no is
, id of the thread displaying this no is
```

liveuser@localhost-live Downloads]\$