DBMS 6th UNIT MCQ's

1. Which of the following is not a NoSQL database?

a) SQL Server b) MongoDB c) Cassandra d) None of the mentioned
 2. Point out the correct statement. a) Documents can contain many different key-value pairs, or key-array pairs, or even nested documents b) MongoDB has official drivers for a variety of popular programming languages and development environments c) When compared to relational databases, NoSQL databases are more scalable and provide superior performance d) All of the mentioned
3. Which of the following is a NoSQL Database Type?a) SQLb) Document databasesc) JSONd) All of the mentioned
4. Which of the following is a wide-column store?a) Cassandrab) Riakc) MongoDBd) Redis
5. Point out the wrong statement. a) Non Relational databases require that schemas be defined before you can add data b) NoSQL databases are built to allow the insertion of data without a predefined schema c) NewSQL databases are built to allow the insertion of data without a predefined schema d) All of the mentioned
6. "Sharding" a database across many server instances can be achieved with a) LAN b) SAN

c) MAN d) All of the mentioned
7. Most NoSQL databases support automatic meaning that you get high availability and disaster recovery. a) processing b) scalability c) replication d) all of the mentioned
8. Which of the following are the simplest NoSQL databases?a) Key-valueb) Wide-columnc) Documentd) All of the mentioned
 9 stores are used to store information about networks, such as social connections. a) Key-value b) Wide-column c) Document d) Graph
10. NoSQL databases is used mainly for handling large volumes ofdata. a) unstructured b) structured c) semi-structured d) all of the mentioned
11. Following represent column in NoSQL a) Database
b) Field
c) Document
d) Collection
12. What is the aim of NoSQL? a) NoSQL provides an alternative to SQL databases to store textual data.
b) NoSQL databases allow storing non-structured data.
c) NoSQL is not suitable for storing structured data.

d) NoSQL is a r	new data format to store large datasets.
13a) HCatalog	_ is a online NoSQL developed by Cloudera.
b) Hbase	
c) Imphala	
d) Oozie	
14.Which of th	ne following is not a NoSQL database?
b) MongoDB	
c) Cassandra	
d) None of the	mentioned
15.Which of th	ne following is a NoSQL Database Type?
b) Document o	latabases
c) JSON	
d) All of the m	entioned
16.Which of th	ne following is a wide-column store?
b) Riak	
c) MongoDB	
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b) SAN	
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18. Most NoSQL databases support automatic disaster recovery. a) processing	_ meaning that you get high availability and
b) scalability	
c) replication	
d) all of the mentioned	
19. Which of the following are the simplest NoSQL database a) Key-value	ses?
b) Wide-column	
c) Document	
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20stores are used to store information about n a) Key-value	etworks, such as social connections.
b) Wide-column	
c) Document	
d) Graph	
21.NoSQL databases is used mainly for handling large volua) unstructured	imes of data.
b) structured	
c) semi-structured	
d) all of the mentioned	
22. Which of the following language is MongoDB written in a) Javascript	n?
b) C	
c) C++	
d) All of the mentioned	
23.Point out the correct statement.a) MongoDB is classified as a NoSQL database	
b) MongoDB favors XML format more than JSON	

c) MongoDB is column-oriented database store
d) All of the mentioned
24. Which of the following format is supported by MongoDB? a) SQL
b) XML
c) BSON
d) All of the mentioned
25. NoSQL was designed with security in mind, so developers or security teams don't need to worry about implementing a security layer. Is it true or false? a) True
b) False
26. Which of the following is not a reason NoSQL has become a popular solution for some organizations? a) Better scalability
b) Improved ability to keep data consistent
c) Faster access to data than relational database management systems (RDBMS)
d) More easily allows for data to be held across multiple servers
27.NoSQL prohibits structured query language (SQL). Is it True or False? a) True
b) False
28. When is it best to use a NoSQL database? a) When providing confidentiality, integrity, and availability is crucial
b) When the data is predictable
c) When the retrieval of large quantities of data is needed
d) When the retrieval speed of data is not critical
29. Which of the following companies developed NoSQL database Apache Cassandra? a) LinkedIn
b) Twitter

c) MySpace
d) Facebook
30.NoSQL databases are most often referred to as: a) Relational
b) Distributed
c) Object-oriented
d) Network
31.SQL databases are: (A) Horizontally scalable
(B) Vertically scalable
(C) Either horizontally or vertically scalable
(D) They don't scale
32. Which of the following is not an example of a NoSQL database? (A) CouchDB
(B) MongoDB
(C) HBase
(D) PostgreSQL
33. Which of the following is a reason to use an SQL database? (A) It can easily store unstructured data.
(B) It's ACID-compliant.
(C) It can enable development in the cloud.
(D) All of the above
34. Which of the following is a characteristic of a NoSQL database? (A) Uses tables for storage
(B) Needs a schema
(C) Requires JOINs
(D) Uses JSON

(A) Document databases
(B) Graph databases
(C) Key-value databases
(D) All of the above
36.SQL command types include data manipulation language (DML) and data definition language (DDL). (A) True
(B) False
37systems are scale-out file-based (HDD) systems moving to more uses of memory in the nodes. (A) NoSQL
(B) NewSQL
(C) SQL
(D) All of the mentioned
38. Point out the correct statement. (A) Hadoop is ideal for the analytical, post-operational, data-warehouse-ish type of workload
(B) HDFS runs on a small cluster of commodity-class nodes
(C) NEWSQL is frequently the collection point for big data
(D) None of the mentioned
39. Which is an advantage of NewSQL? (A) Less complex applications, greater consistency.
(B) Convenient standard tooling.
(C) SQL influenced extensions.
(D) All of the mentioned
40.Point out the correct statement. a) MongoDB is classified as a NoSQL database
b) MongoDB favors XML format more than JSON

c) MongoDB is column-oriented database store

d) All of the mentioned

- 41. NoSQL was designed with security in mind, so developers or security teams don't need to worny about implementing a security layer. Is it true or false?
- (A) True
- (B) False

Answer's:

- 1. A-SQL Serve
- 2. D- All of the mentioned
- 3. B- Document databases
- 4. A-Cassandra
- 5. A- Non Relational databases require that schemas be defined before you can add data
- 6. B-SAN
- 7. C- replication
- 8. A-Key-value
- 9. D- Graph
- 10. A-unstructured
- 11. B-Field
- 12. D- NoSQL is a new data format to store large datasets
- 13. B- Hbase
- 14. A-SQL Server
- 15. B- Document databases
- 16. A-Cassandra
- 17. B-SAN
- 18. C-replication
- 19. A-Key-value
- 20. D-Graph
- 21. A-unstructured
- 22. D- All of the mentioned
- 23. A-MongoDB is classified as a NoSQL database
- 24. C-BSON
- 25. B- False
- 26. B- Improved ability to keep data consistent
- 27 B- False
- 28. C- When the retrieval of large quantities of data is needed
- 29. D- Facebook
- 30. B- Distributed
- 31. B- Vertically scalable
- 32. D-PostgreSQL
- 33. B- It's ACID-compliant
- 34. D- Uses JSON
- 35. D- All of the above

 38. A- Hadoop is ideal for the analytical, post-operational, data-warehouse-ish type of workload 39. D- All of the mentioned 40. A- MongoDB is classified as a NoSQL database 41. B-False
42. According to analysts, for what can traditional IT systems provide a foundation when they're integrated with big data technologies like Hadoop?
(A) Big data management and data mining
(B) Data warehousing and business intelligence
(C) Management of Hadoop clusters
(D) Collecting and storing unstructured data
Answer: A
43. What are the main components of Big Data?
(A) MapReduce
(B) HDFS
(C) YARN
(D) All of these
Answer:D
44. What are the different features of Big Data Analytics?
(A) Open-Source
(B) Scalability
(C) Data Recovery
(D) All the above
Answer:D
45. Which one of the following is false about Hadoop?
(A) It is a distributed framework
(B) The main algorithm used in it is Map Reduce
(C) It runs with commodity hardware

36. A-True37. A-NoSQL

(D) All are true
Answer: D
46. What license is Apache Hadoop distributed under?
(A) Apache License 2.0
(B) Shareware
(C) Mozilla Public License
(D) Commercial
Answer:A
47. Which of the following platforms does Apache Hadoop run on ?
(A) Bare metal
(B) Unix-like
(C) Cross-platform
(D) Debian
Answer:C
48. Apache Hadoop achieves reliability by replicating the data across multiple hosts and hence does not requirestorage on hosts.
(A) Standard RAID levels
(B) RAID
(C) ZFS
(D) Operating system
Answer:B
49. Hadoop works in
(A) master-worker fashion
(B) master – slave fashion
(C) worker/slave fashion
(D) All of the mentioned

Answer:B

50. The input split used in MapReduce indicates
A - The average size of the data blocks used as input for the program
B - The location details of where the first whole record in a block begins and the last whole record in the block ends.
C - Splitting the input data to a MapReduce program into a size already configured in the mapred-site.xml
D - None of these
Answer: B
51. The inter process communication between different nodes in Hadoop uses
A - REST API
B - RPC
C - RMI
D - IP Exchange
Answer: B
52. In HDFS the files cannot be
A - read
B - deleted
C - executed
D - Archived
Answer: C
53. Which technology is used to store data in Hadoop?
A - HBase
B - Avro
C - Sqoop
D - Zookeeper
Answer: A

54. Point out the correct statement.
a) MapReduce tries to place the data and the compute as close as possible
b) Map Task in MapReduce is performed using the Mapper() function
c) Reduce Task in MapReduce is performed using the Map() function
d) All of the mentioned
Answer:A
55 part of the MapReduce is responsible for processing one or more chunks of data and producing the output results.
a) Maptask
b) Mapper
c) Task execution
d) All of the mentioned
Answer:A
56.HDFS works in a fashion.
a) master-worker
b) master-slave
c) worker/slave
d) all of the mentioned
Answer:A
57. Which of the following scenario may not be a good fit for HDFS?
a) HDFS is not suitable for scenarios requiring multiple/simultaneous writes to the same file
b) HDFS is suitable for storing data related to applications requiring low latency data access
c) HDFS is suitable for storing data related to applications requiring low latency data access
d) None of the mentioned
Answer:A
58. HDFS provides a command line interface calledused to interact with HDFS.
a) "HDFS Shell"

b) "FS Shell"
c) "DFS Shell"
d) None of the mentioned
Answer:B
59. HDFS is implemented in programming language.
a) C++
b) Java
c) Scala
d) None of the mentioned
Answer: B
60. Hadoop is a framework that works with a variety of related tools. Common cohorts include
a) MapReduce, Hive and HBase b) MapReduce, MySQL and Google Apps c) MapReduce, Hummer and Iguana d) MapReduce, Heron and Trumpet
Answer: A
61. What was Hadoop named after? a) Creator Doug Cutting's favorite circus act b) Cutting's high school rock band c) The toy elephant of Cutting's son d) A sound Cutting's laptop made during Hadoop development
Answer: C
62. All of the following accurately describe Hadoop, EXCEPT a) Open-source b) Real-time c) Java-based
d) Distributed computing approach
Answer: B

63co a) queue b) priority c) dist d) all of the mention	ommand is used to interact and view Job Queue information in HDFS.
Answer:A	
64. Which of the formal secondary name of the me	enode enode
Answer: B	
65. Which of the for a) mradmin b) tasktracker c) jobtracker d) none of the me	ollowing is used for the MapReduce job Tracker node?
Answer: C	
66. As compared t	o RDBMS, Apache Hadoop
(A) Has higher data	a Integrity
(B) Does ACID tran	nsactions
(C) Is suitable for r	read and write many times
(D) Works better of	on unstructured and semi-structured data.
Answer: D	
67. Which of the fo	ollowing are Built-In Counters in Hadoop?
(A) FileSystem Cou	unters
(B) FileInputForma	at Counters
(C) FileOutputForm	mat counters
(D) All of the abov	e

68. Which of the following is not an output format in Hadoop?
(A) TextoutputFormat
(B) ByteoutputFormat
(C) Sequence File Output Format
(D) DBOutputFormat
Answer: B
$69. \ The \ Hadoop \ Map Reduce \ framework \ spawns \ one \ map \ task \ for \ each \ ____generated \ by the \ Input Format \ for \ the \ job.$
(A) OutputSplit
(B) InputSplit
(C) InputSplitStream
(D) All of the mentioned
Answer: B
70 part of the MapReduce is responsible for processing one or more chunks of data and producing the output results.
(A) Maptask
(B) Mapper
(C) Task execution
(D) All of the mentioned
Answer: A

Answer: D