Binary Semaphore

```
#include <Arduino_FreeRTOS.h>
#include <semphr.h>
SemaphoreHandle_t xBin_Semaphore;
TaskHandle t myTask1=NULL;
TaskHandle_t myTask2=NULL;
TickType_t t;
void setup()
 Serial.begin(9600); // Enable serial communication library.
  while(!Serial)
// Create task for Arduino led
 xTaskCreate(Task1, // Task function
        "Ledon", // Task name
        128, // Stack size
        NULL,
        3 ,// Priority
        &myTask1);
 xTaskCreate(Task2, // Task function
        "Ledoff", // Task name
        128, // Stack size
        NULL,
        2, // Priority
        &myTask2);
 xBin_Semaphore = xSemaphoreCreateBinary();
// xSemaphoreGive(xBin_Semaphore);
}
void loop() {}
void Task1(void *pvParameters)
 (void) pvParameters;
 for (;;)
   Serial.println("Task1 start");
  digitalWrite(LED_BUILTIN, LOW);
  xSemaphoreGive(xBin_Semaphore);
```

```
t = xTaskGetTickCount();
   Serial.print("\tAt time = ");
   Serial.println(t);
   Serial.println("Task1 gave semaphore");
   vTaskDelay(200);
 }
void Task2(void *pvParameters)
 (void) pvParameters;
 for (;;)
   if (xSemaphoreTake(xBin_Semaphore, portMAX_DELAY))
        Serial.println("Inside Task2 ");
   t = xTaskGetTickCount();
   Serial.print("\tAt time =");
   Serial.println(t);
      digitalWrite(LED_BUILTIN, HIGH);
   }
   else
     Serial.println("Inside Task2 No Success");
     t = xTaskGetTickCount();
   Serial.print("\tAt time = ");
   Serial.println(t);
vTaskDelay(100);
}
```