



## Key Features & USP

### 1. Predictive Viral Mutation Forecasting

- Unlike existing systems that only analyze current viral genomes, VIRO AI uses genetic algorithms, phylogenetic inference, and MCMC simulations to predict future mutations in viral proteins.
- Provides an early-warning mutation roadmap before they are detected in real-world surveillance.
- **USP:** Shifts virology from reactive to predictive science.

### 2. Deadliness and Pathogenicity Scoring

- Introduces a proprietary “Deadliness Score Index” calculated from:
- Receptor-binding affinity ( $K_d$  values).
- Replication potential ( $R_0$ ).
- Immune evasion potential (epitope masking simulations).
- Cytopathic effect (CPE index).
- **USP:** First AI-driven platform that quantitatively scores viral threat levels in real time.

### 3. AI-Driven Drug and Antidote Generation

- Employs deep generative models (GANs, VAEs) to design novel antiviral molecules, peptides, and antibodies.
- Coupled with in silico molecular docking and binding free energy calculations (MM-PBSA/MM-GBSA) for candidate ranking.
- **USP:** Faster antidote discovery pipeline compared to conventional drug R&D (months → days).

### 4. Chemical Modification of Lead Compounds

- Suggests structural analogues of best-performing drugs using QM/MM simulations and SAR (structure–activity relationship) modeling.
- Enhances drug affinity, stability, and bioavailability while reducing toxicity.
- **USP:** Dynamic drug optimization engine that adapts as the virus mutates.

## **5. In-Silico Clinical Trial Simulator**

- Creates digital twin human physiology models for pre-clinical drug testing.
- Predicts side effects, metabolic breakdown, immune responses without initial human exposure.
- **USP:** Reduces ethical risks, trial deaths, and cost of failed clinical phases.

## **6. Symptom and Preventive Measure Prediction**

- Maps viral mutations to clinical pathways using biomedical ontologies (UMLS, SNOMED CT).
- Generates likely symptom clusters (respiratory, neurological, cardiovascular, gastrointestinal).
- Suggests preventive measures (vaccine update, PPE adaptation, prophylaxis) tailored to predicted strain severity.
- **USP:** Bridges molecular biology with public health readiness.

## **7. 3D Molecular Visualization of Virus–Drug Interaction**

- Provides GPU-accelerated 3D models of viral proteins, drugs, and binding mechanisms.
- Supports interactive simulations of antidote docking, protein conformational shifts, and receptor binding.
- Formats: PDB, MOL2, CIF with export support for lab validation.
- **USP:** Intuitive visualization engine for scientists, pharma labs, and policymakers.

## **8. Real-Time Outbreak Forecasting**

- Continuously syncs with global viral surveillance databases (GISAID, NCBI Virus, WHO Athina API).
- Uses stochastic SEIR + AI-enhanced models to forecast outbreaks.
- Provides dashboards for governments and WHO-like agencies for mutation-specific outbreak risk alerts.
- **USP:** Transforms genomic surveillance into actionable pandemic prevention.

## **9. Scalable Cloud-Based Bioinformatics Infrastructure**

- Built on distributed GPU cloud architecture, ensuring real-time protein folding, molecular dynamics, and docking simulations at scale.
- Offers API integration for pharma, hospitals, and research labs.
- **USP:** Global accessibility of high-end computational virology tools, even in low-resource regions.

## 10. End-to-End Translational Pipeline

- Input → Viral genome/protein data (FASTA, PDB).
- Processing → Mutation prediction → Deadliness scoring → Folding simulations → Drug generation/modifications → In-silico trials → Outbreak forecasting.
- Output → Ranked high-risk mutations, optimized antidotes, predicted symptoms & preventive measures, 3D models.
- **USP:** First complete computational ecosystem that unifies mutation prediction, drug design, clinical simulation, and outbreak prevention in one platform.