

# Lecture Notes: Logic

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## 1 Overview

### Key Points

- Understanding and combining logic statements with other logical expressions

## 2 Detailed Notes

### 2.1 Logical Statements

A statement is a declarative statement assertion that is either true or false but not both (T, F  $\implies$  1, 0) are called boolean values

Example

- Number 4 is even (T)
- Number 7 is odd (T)
- number 5 is divisible by 3 (F)

An open sentence is a statement that contains one or more verbs

The range of possible value of these variables is called the domain of open sentence, often denoted by  $\mathbb{S}$

Number  $\mathbb{N}$  is even so we usually denote open sentences by  $p(x) : x \in \mathbb{S}$

### 2.2 Combining Statements

#### 2.2.1 Negation

Negation: given a statement  $P$  it's negation "Not  $P$ " is denoted by  $\neg P$

Example

- Number 4 is not even
- Number 4 is odd

This is a more concrete example Establishing knowledge

- $P(N)$ : Number  $n$  is odd,  $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$
- $\neg P(N)$ : number  $n$  is even,  $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$
- $\neg P(1) : F$
- $\neg P(2) : T$
- $\neg P(3) : F$
- $\neg P(4) : T$

### 2.2.2 Disjunction

Given statements  $P, Q$  their disjunction, denoted by  $P \vee Q$  is a statement  $P$  or  $Q$   
 Example)

- $P$ : I am going to be at a bar tonight
- $Q$ : I am going to the movies tonight

Truth Table

$p$	$q$
T	T
T	F
F	T
F	F

### 2.2.3 Conjunction

Given statements  $P, Q$  their conjunction denoted by  $P \wedge Q$  is the statement  $P$  and  $Q$  and is true only when the both of them are true

## 3 Important Formulas/Theorems/Definitions

Key Formula/Theorem

State an important formula or theorem here

## 4 Examples

Example 1:

$$P(N) : \text{number } n \text{ is odd}, s = \{1, 2, 3, 4\} \quad (1)$$

- $P(1) : T$
- $P(2) : F$
- $P(3) : T$
- $P(4) : F$

Example 2:

$$P(x, y) \text{ is divisible by } x + y \quad (2)$$

$$S = \{a, b\} a \in \{1, 2, 3\}, b \in \{1, 2\} \quad (3)$$

- $P(1,1) = 1 * 1$  is  $-1 -1 -1 + 1$  this statement is false
- $P(1,2) = 1 * 2$  is  $-1 -1 -1 + 1$  this statement is false
- $P(2,1)$  this statement is false

## 5 Questions/Topics for Further Study

- Question or topic for further study