Text File Encryption Using Fernet Information Security IA 1

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What is Fernet Module of the Cryptography Library?

Fernet is a symmetric encryption module within the Python Cryptography library that ensures secure data encryption and decryption. It employs AES-128 encryption in CBC mode with PKCS7 padding and includes an HMAC for authentication, guaranteeing the integrity and confidentiality of encrypted messages.

Fernet simplifies encryption for developers by providing an easy-to-use interface for encrypting and decrypting sensitive data without requiring in-depth cryptographic knowledge.

Key Features of Fernet

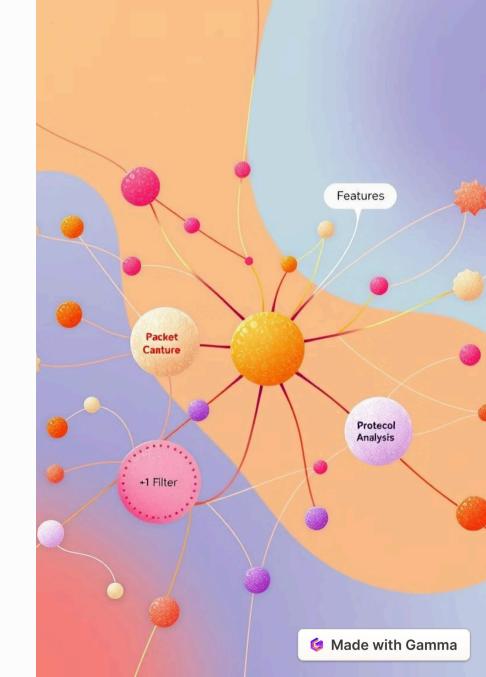
1 Symmetric encryption using AES-128

2 Secure key management with URL-safe base64 encoding

3 Message authentication to prevent tampering

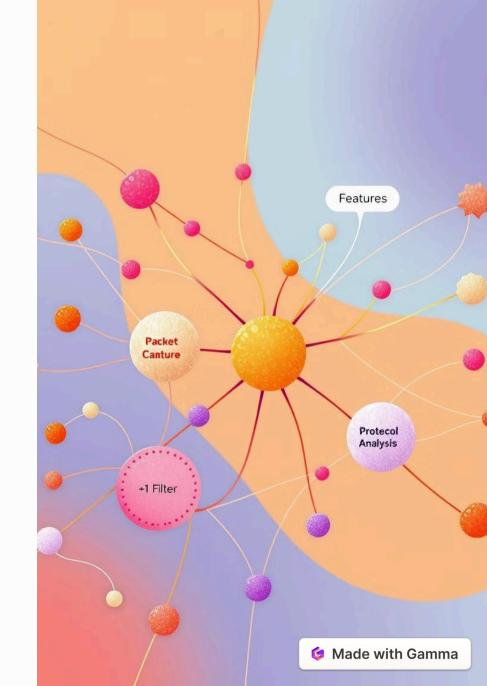
4 Easy-to-use API for encrypting and decrypting data

Time-based token expiration for enhanced security



Limitations of Fernet

- **Fixed Key Size**: Fernet uses a 256-bit key, which may not meet the needs of more security-demanding applications.
- **Limited Encryption Algorithms**: Only AES in CBC mode with PKCS7 padding is supported, limiting flexibility.
- **No Key Revocation**: Once a key is exposed, it can't be revoked, posing a security risk.
- **Performance Issues**: Not optimized for encrypting large files or datasets efficiently.
- **Symmetric Encryption Only**: Uses the same key for both encryption and decryption, increasing vulnerability if the key is compromised.



Implementation details

```
import encryptFile
import decryptFile
import generateAKey
username = "abcd"
password = "kjsce"
def login():
   user = input("Username = ").strip()
   passw = input("Password = ").strip()
    if user == username and passw == password:
def main():
   while True:
           choice = int(input("\n1. Login\n0. Exit\nEnter choice = "))
        except ValueError:
          print("Invalid input! Please enter 1 to Login or 0 to Exit.")
       if choice == 1:
             generateAKey.gen_key()
              encryptFile.encrypt()
              decryptFile.decrypt()
              print("\nInvalid login")
        elif choice == 0:
          print("Thank you!")
            os.remove("encrypted_file.txt")
           os.remove("SecretKey.key")
if __name__ == "__main__":
```

main.py

```
generateAKey.py > ...
from cryptography.fernet import Fernet

def gen_key():
    key = Fernet.generate_key()
    with open('SecretKey.key', 'wb') as file:
    file.write(key)
```

generatAKey.py

```
    toBeSecret.txt
    1
    2    Shubham Malgaonkar
    3    Rhea Nair
    4    Vedansh Savla
```

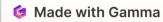
toBeSecret.k

```
decryptFile.py > ...
      def decrypt():
          with open('SecretKey.key', 'rb') as file:
              key = file.read()
          with open('encrypted_file.txt', 'rb') as file:
              encryptedData = file.read()
          from cryptography.fernet import Fernet
          f = Fernet(key)
10
          decryptedData = f.decrypt(encryptedData)
11
12
          print('Encrypted data:', encryptedData.decode())
13
          print()
14
          print('Decrypted data:', decryptedData.decode())
15
```

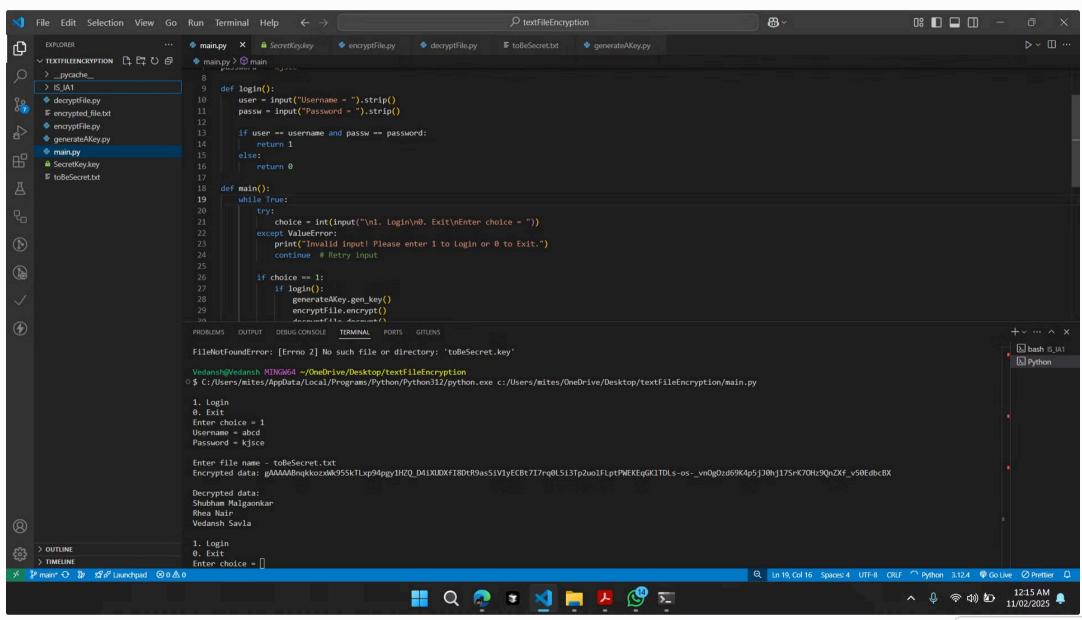
decryptFile.py

```
encryptFile.py > ...
      def encrypt():
          with open('SecretKey.key', 'rb') as file:
              key = file.read()
          filename = input("\nEnter file name - ").strip()
          with open(filename, 'rb') as file:
              data = file.read()
          from cryptography.fernet import Fernet
10
          f = Fernet(key)
11
          encryptedData = f.encrypt(data)
12
13
          with open('encrypted file.txt', 'wb') as file:
14
              file.write(encryptedData)
15
```

encryptFile.py



Output:



DEBUG CONSOLE PROBLEMS OUTPUT TERMINAL Vedansh@Vedansh MINGW64 ~/OneDrive/Desktop/textFileEncryption \$ C:/Users/mites/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python312/python.exe c:/Users/mites/OneDrive/Desktop/textFileEncryption/main.py 1. Login 0. Exit Enter choice = 1 Username = abcd Password = kjsce Enter file name - toBeSecret.txt Encrypted data: gAAAAABnqkfeQHvchZv7aa3St-P6Xc2IbqthP9xX0em TK1h5AE14uLyuZAg-zajLaEwYnQQ5OuX vH2ecC12MxLRBAq4DNTM2x9qBQvnM28ID-diFRTUg6fSJRyffpfR009w 5Kgc51 Decrypted data: Shubham Malgaonkar Rhea Nair Vedansh Savla 1. Login 0. Exit Enter choice =

Use Cases for Fernet

Data Confidentiality

Compliance

Protection Against Data Breaches

Securing file storage and transmission



Best Practices for Using Text File Encryption

Keep the encryption key secure and never hard-code it in source files

Rotate encryption keys periodically for enhanced security

Use Fernet's token expiration feature to limit message validity.

Encrypt only sensitive data to avoid unnecessary overhead.

Error Handling in Encryption and Decryption

Encryption Errors:

- Invalid Key: Ensure the key used for encryption matches the one used for decryption. Handle exceptions when a mismatched key is provided.
- Insufficient Permissions: If the user doesn't have permission to access the file being encrypted, throw an appropriate error.

Decryption Errors:

- Incorrect Key: Handle cases where the wrong key is used for decryption by catching exceptions and notifying the user of the error.
- Data Integrity: If the encrypted file is altered (corrupted) before decryption, check for integrity errors and throw an exception.

Conclusion: The Role of Fernet in Secure Data Encryption

Text file encryption using Fernet offers a straightforward and secure method to protect sensitive information. By ensuring proper key management and adhering to best practices, developers can effectively safeguard the confidentiality, integrity, and authenticity of data. Implementing encryption not only mitigates the risk of unauthorized access but also helps meet compliance requirements and secure data storage. With continuous advancements in encryption technologies and security protocols, adopting strong encryption practices like Fernet is essential for maintaining data privacy in an increasingly digital world.

Thank You