

Set up a CI/CD pipeline with Jenkins and an EC2 instance. The website needs to be launched via the EC2 public IP.

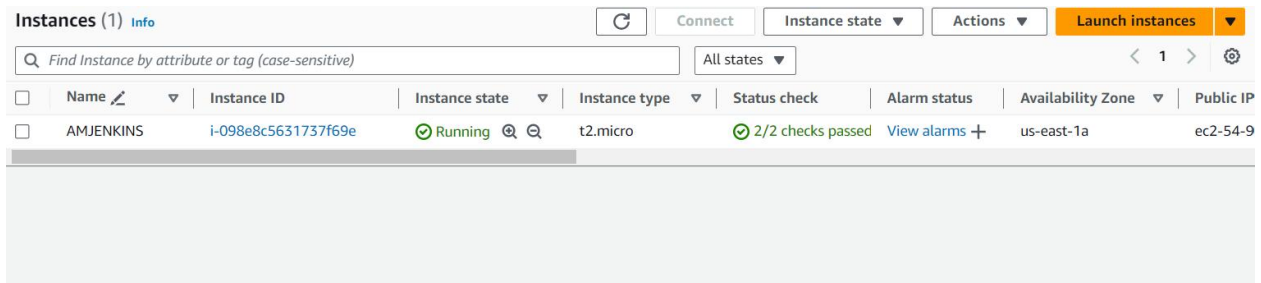
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Roll No: 21ISR054

Steps:

1. Creating an AWS EC2 INSTANCE:

- Sign up to Aws console Login
- After signing up go to EC2 dashboard
- Click “Launch Instance”



Instances (1) Info									
<input type="text" value="Find Instance by attribute or tag (case-sensitive)"/> All states < 1 > ⚙									
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name ✎	Instance ID	Instance state ▼	Instance type ▼	Status check	Alarm status	Availability Zone ▼	Public IP	
<input type="checkbox"/>	AMJENKINS	i-098e8c5631737f69e	Running 🔍	t2.micro	2/2 checks passed View alarms +		us-east-1a	ec2-54-9	

Connect to the Ec2 Instances:

- Open command Prompt in which you have pem files
- Give the pem file with *
- Give the entire ssh command

```

C:\Users\Admin\Downloads>ssh -i "jenk.pem" ec2-user@ec2-13-208-172-158.ap-northeast-3.compute.amazonaws.com
The authenticity of host 'ec2-13-208-172-158.ap-northeast-3.compute.amazonaws.com (13.208.172.158)' can't be established
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:ZXV9gnFiZj0cgUSHEk0AGqlFO/X/iD7T5TcoyZyzEUE.
This key is not known by any other names
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added 'ec2-13-208-172-158.ap-northeast-3.compute.amazonaws.com' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.

      #_
     ~\ #####      Amazon Linux 2023
    ~\  #####\
   ~\   \###|
  ~\    \#/  _ _   https://aws.amazon.com/linux/amazon-linux-2023
   ~\    V~'  '->
    ~\
   ~\  _ _
  ~\  _ _
 ~\  _ _
/m/  _
ec2-user@ip-172-31-39-194 ~]$

```

Step: 3 After connecting ec2 instance Go to the Jenkins.io and redhat.io

- At First Install the Java Version.

```

Installed:
  alsa-lib-1.2.7.2-1.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64                cairo
  dejavu-sans-fonts-2.37-16.amzn2023.0.2.noarch        dejavu
  dejavu-serif-fonts-2.37-16.amzn2023.0.2.noarch        fontc
  fonts-filesystem-1:2.0.5-12.amzn2023.0.2.noarch       freet
  google-noto-fonts-common-20201206-2.amzn2023.0.2.noarch googl
  graphite2-1.3.14-7.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64               harfb
  java-17-amazon-corretto-devel-1:17.0.11+9-1.amzn2023.1.x86_64 java-
  javapackages-filesystem-6.0.0-7.amzn2023.0.6.noarch  langp
  libX11-1.7.2-3.amzn2023.0.4.x86_64                   libXl
  libXau-1.0.9-6.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64                   libXe
  libXrender-0.9.10-14.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64             libbr
  libjpeg-turbo-2.1.4-2.amzn2023.0.5.x86_64           libpn
  libxcb-1.13.1-7.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64                 pixma
  xml-common-0.6.3-56.amzn2023.0.2.noarch

Complete!
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-39-194 ~]$ java --version
openjdk 17.0.11 2024-04-16 LTS
OpenJDK Runtime Environment Corretto-17.0.11.9.1 (build 17.0.11+9-LTS)
OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM Corretto-17.0.11.9.1 (build 17.0.11+9-LTS, mixed mode, sharing)

```

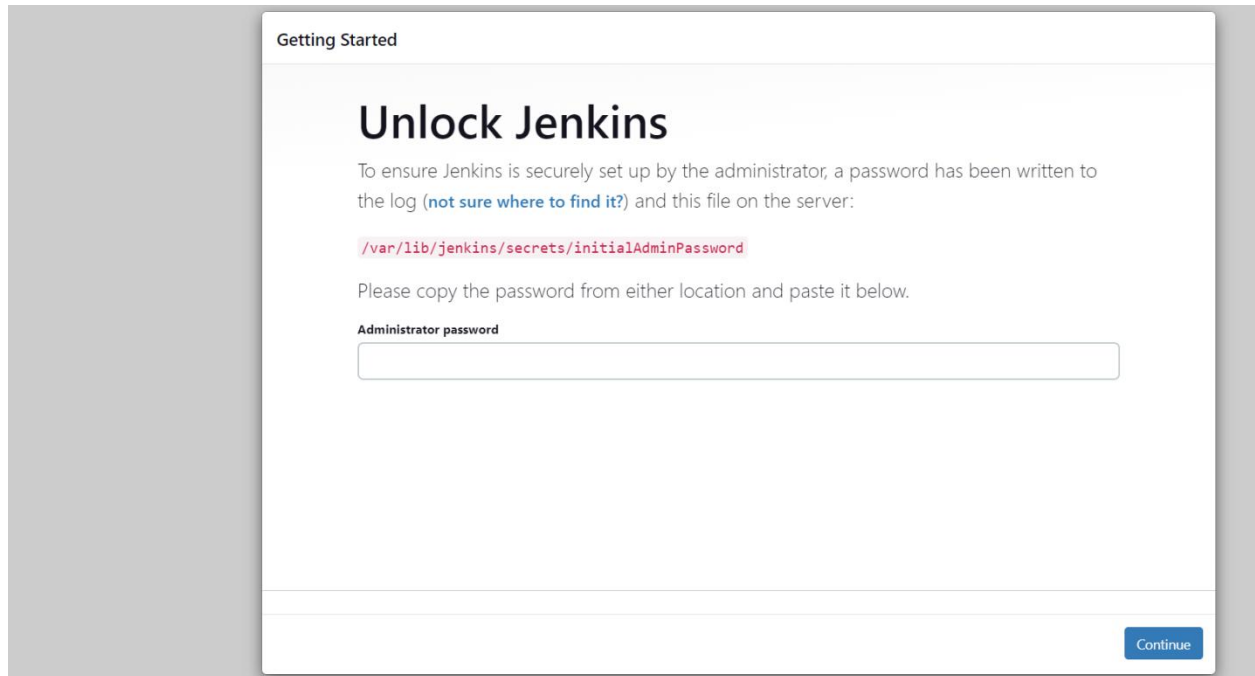
Now Install The Jenkins Using The command `sudo yum install Jenkins`

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-39-194 ~]$ sudo yum install jenkins
Last metadata expiration check: 0:07:25 ago on Sun May 12 15:11:52 2024.
Dependencies resolved.
=====
Package                        Architecture      Version           Repository        Size
=====
Installing:
jenkins                      noarch            2.440.3-1.1      jenkins           89 M
Transaction Summary
=====
Install 1 Package
Total download size: 89 M
Installed size: 89 M
Is this ok [y/N]: y
Downloading Packages:
jenkins-2.440.3-1.1.noarch.rpm                                17 MB/s | 89 MB    00:05
```

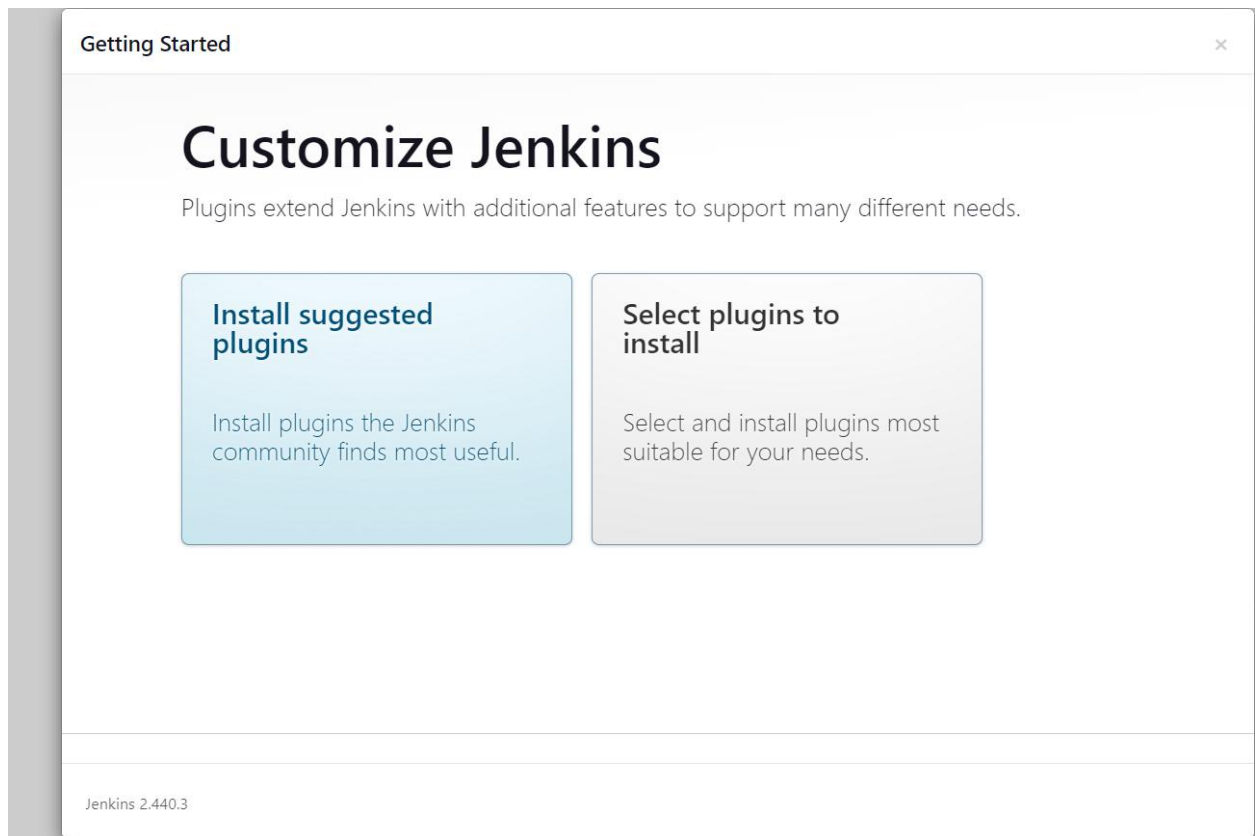
After Installing the Jenkins start the Jenkins Command:

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-39-194 ~]$ sudo systemctl start jenkins
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-39-194 ~]$
```

Copy The public Ipv4 Address of your Instance You Will Get this Page as an output:

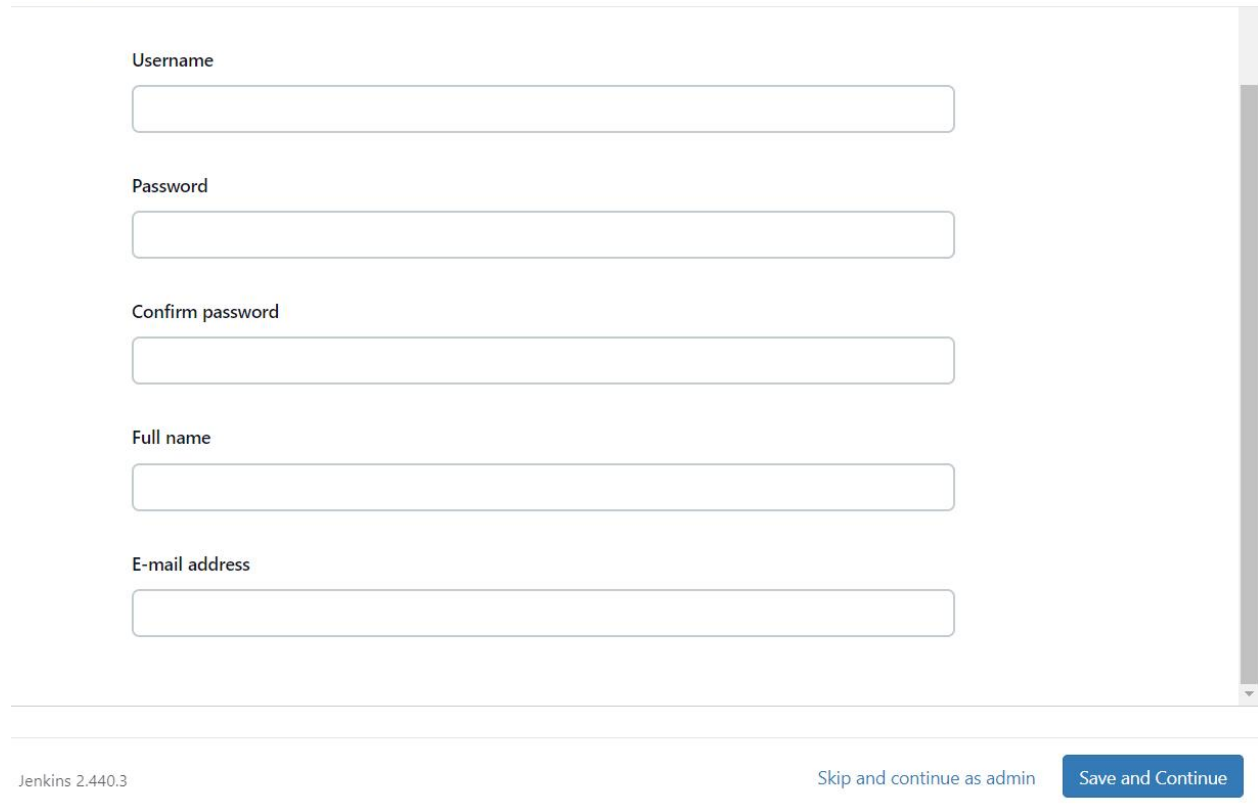


After Giving The Jenkins Password it will ask for customize Jenkins



After Installing Jenkins It Will user Forms

Getting Started



The image shows the 'Getting Started' form in Jenkins. It contains five input fields: Username, Password, Confirm password, Full name, and E-mail address. At the bottom, there is a 'Skip and continue as admin' link and a 'Save and Continue' button. The Jenkins version 2.440.3 is displayed in the bottom left corner.

Username

Password

Confirm password

Full name

E-mail address

Jenkins 2.440.3

[Skip and continue as admin](#) [Save and Continue](#)

After Filling This Form it shows the url and ask for save and finish.

Getting Started

Jenkins is ready!

Your Jenkins setup is complete.

Start using Jenkins

Jenkins 2.440.3


After Installing The Jenkins We need to a setup a CICD pipeline.

- Go The Jenkins Dashboard page Using your Username and Password:


The screenshot shows the Jenkins Dashboard interface. On the left, there is a sidebar with navigation links: 'New Item', 'People', 'Build History', 'Manage Jenkins', and 'My Views'. Below these are two expandable sections: 'Build Queue' (showing 'No builds in the queue.') and 'Build Executor Status' (showing 'Built-In Node' with a red 'offline' status). The main content area has a header 'Dashboard' and a link 'Add description'. The main heading is 'Welcome to Jenkins!'. Below this is a paragraph: 'This page is where your Jenkins jobs will be displayed. To get started, you can set up distributed builds or start building a software project.' There are two sections: 'Start building your software project' with a 'Create a job' button, and 'Set up a distributed build' with buttons for 'Set up an agent', 'Configure a cloud', and 'Learn more about distributed builds'. At the bottom right, there are links for 'REST API' and 'Jenkins 2.440.3'.

- Click the New Item from the selected list select the Freestyle Project


» Required field

**Freestyle project**


Classic, general-purpose job type that checks out from up to one SCM, executes build steps serially, followed by post-build steps like archiving artifacts and sending email notifications.

**Pipeline**


Orchestrates long-running activities that can span multiple build agents. Suitable for building pipelines (formerly known as workflows) and/or organizing complex activities that do not easily fit in free-style job type.

**Multi-configuration project**


Suitable for projects that need a large number of different configurations, such as testing on multiple environments, platform-specific builds, etc.

**Folder**

Creates a container that stores nested items in it. Useful for grouping things together. Unlike view, which is just a filter, a folder creates a separate namespace, so you can have multiple things of the same name as long as they are in different folders.

**Multibranch Pipeline**

Creates a set of Pipeline projects according to detected branches in one SCM repository.

**Organization Folder**

Creates a set of multibranch project subfolders by scanning for repositories.

OK

Add Git hub Link to the source code Management:

Source Code Management

- ☐ None
- ☐ AWS CodePipeline
- ☒ Git ?

Repositories ?

Repository URL ?

https://github.com/vedha123-ux/aws-task

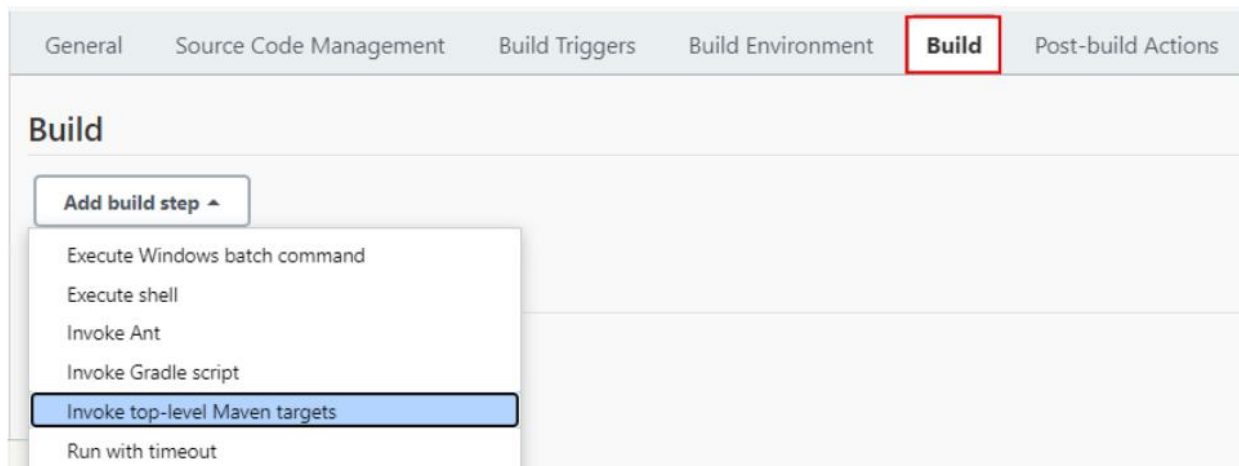
Credentials ?

- none -

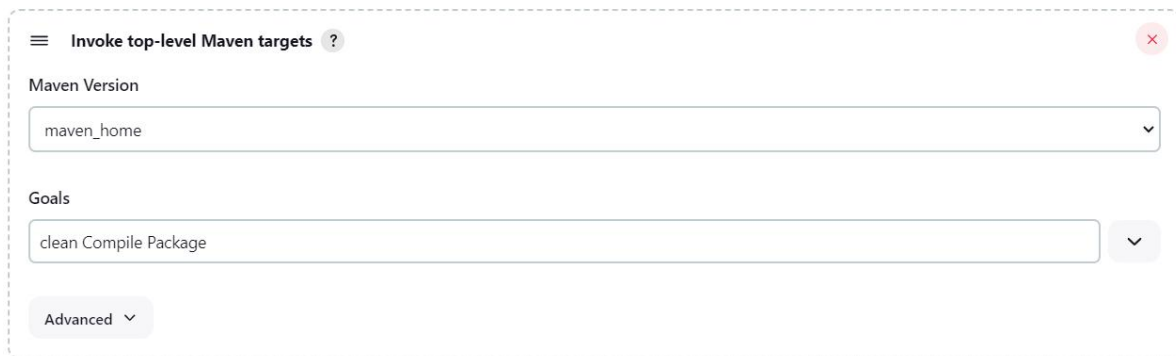
+ Add

Advanced

Click on Build Tab and select build step as *‘Invoke top-level Maven targets’*.



After Clicking Ivoke top-level Maven targets:



Now go back to Configure and visit the *‘Post Build Actions’* tab. Click the drop-down and select *‘Archive the Artifacts’* from the options. In the field, write down *‘**/*.war’* as shown in the image below. It will fetch all the directories and get the war file wherever it is present. Click again on Build Now button, and you will now see the Artifacts in the Jenkins dashboard.

Post-build Actions

Archive the artifacts ?

Files to archive ?

**/*.war

Advanced ▾

Click on the Available tab and search for the ‘Deploy to Container’ plugin. Select the plugin and click on the ‘Install without restart’ button.

Q deploy

2

Updates

Available

Installed

Advanced

Install ↑	Name	Version	Released
	Deploy to container		
	Artifact Uploaders		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	This plugin allows you to deploy a war to a container	1.16	11 mo ago

Install without restart

Download now and install after restart

Update information obtained:

1

3

4

Step 16) Now click on the ‘Add Container’ button and select the ‘Tomcat 9.x Remote’ as we are using version 9 of the Tomcat. Fill in the URL of the same virtual machine with the new port number 8090. On the credentials drop-down button, select Jenkins.

Containers

Tomcat 9.x Remote

Credentials

- none -

Add

Tomcat URL

2

http://52.139.207.89:8090/

Advanced...

Add Container

In this window, fill in the username and password that we have used in the ‘tomcat-users.xml’ file (in Step 10). Fill in the ID, description and click on the button ‘Add’.

Jenkins Credentials Provider: Jenkins

Global (Jenkins, nodes, items, all child items, etc)

Username

admin

☐ Treat username as secret

Password

.....

ID

tomcat

Description

tomcat

Cancel

Add

Final Web Page Output is:

BEST PLACE TO FIND AND EXPLORE THAT ALL YOU NEED

Find Best Place, Restaurant, Hotel, Real State and many more think in just One click

What? Ex: Palce, Resturent, Food, Automobile



Location Ex: London, Newyork, Rome



Search

