NAME-VEDIKA DALMIA; USN-1BM19CS181;SEC-3D;LAB BATCH-1 LAB PROGRAM-1:

Q.) Develop a Java program that prints all real solutions to the quadratic equation $ax^2+bx+c=0$. Read in a, b, c and use the quadratic formula. If the discriminate b^2 -4ac is negative, display a message stating that there are no real solutions.

```
Doto 9Hood 20
   Name-Vedika Dalmia; IBM19CS181
  import · java · util · * ,
  import. java. lang. *;
  class roots
    bublic static void main (string [] args)
       Scanner SC = new Scanner (System in);
      int a, b, c, f=0;
      that double r1, r2, D;
       System out frintln ("Enter the values of a, b, c
                            for a quadratic egr
       a = scnextInt()
       b= scnext Int ();
       c=scmext Int (); and of the world
       D= (b*b) -(4*a*c);
       if (D==0)
           System out println ("Route are real and equal")
       elseif (D>O)
          System out println (" Roots are real and
                               unequal")
      else if (D<O)
            System out print (" Roots are imaginary
       do 1-1 - ((-b+ Math egrt (D))/(*n)
         22 = ((-b- Math. sqrt(D))/(2+a)
2) System out printle ("Roots are:"+r1+", "+r2).
                                                   1
```

```
import java.util.*;
class Roots
 public static void main(String[] args)
 int a,b,c,f=0;
 double D;
 Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
 System.out.println("\nEnter the values of a,b,c:");
 a=sc.nextInt();
 b=sc.nextInt();
 c=sc.nextInt();
 D=(b*b)-(4*a*c);
 if(D==0)
 System.out.println("Roots are real and equal");
 f=1;
else if(D>0)
 System.out.println("Roots are real and unequal");
 f=1;
else if(D<0)
 System.out.println("Roots are imaginary");
```

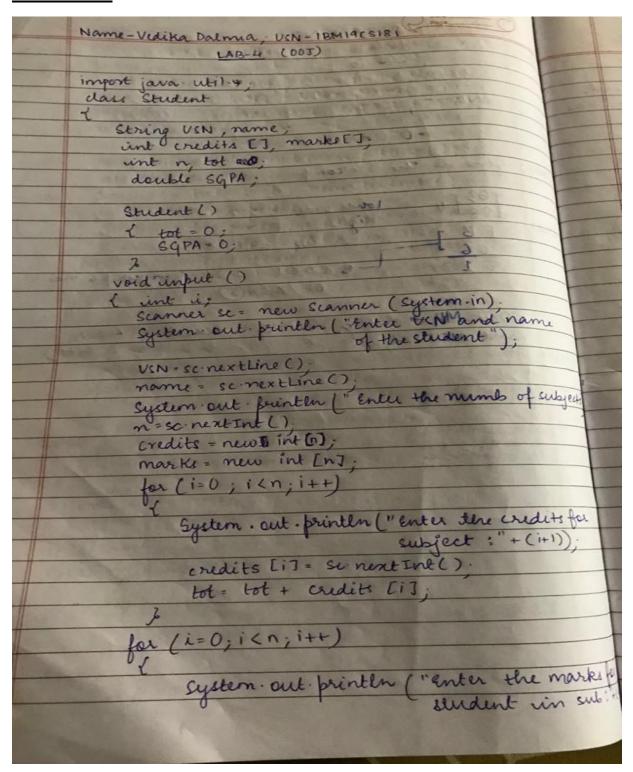
```
}
if(f==1)
{
    double r1=((-b+Math.sqrt(D))/(2*a));
    double r2=((-b-Math.sqrt(D))/(2*a));
    System.out.println("Roots are:"+r1+","+r2);
}
}
```

OUTPUT SCREEN:1

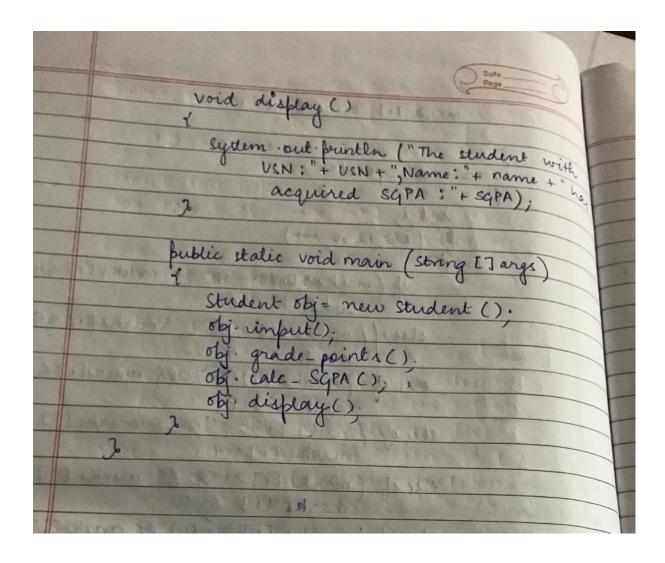
```
Command Prompt
09-10-2020
                           14:14 <DIR>
14:14 <DIR>
23:03
1,050 Grade.class
14:31
843 Grade.java
22:26
407 hello.class
21:24
93 hello.java
10:50
952 Player.java
23:15
869 Prime.class
23:14
535 Prime.java
14:33
1,219 roots.class
14:33
664 Roots.java
23:07
998 Series.class
23:07
403 Series.java
23:07
403 Series.java
23:01
1,661 Shape.class
23:01
1,661 Shape.class
22:59
1,322 Shape.java
12:53
219 Student.java
14 File(s)
2 Dir(s) 139,117,805,568 bytes free
                           14:14
23:03
14:31
09-10-2020
25-09-2020
19-09-2020
19-09-2020
09-10-2020
25-09-2020
25-09-2020
 09-10-2020
09-10-2020
 25-09-2020
25-09-2020
25-09-2020
  9-10-2020
    :\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>javac Roots.java
   :\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>java Roots
Enter the values of a,b,c:
-4
Roots are real and unequal
Roots are:1.0,-4.0
   :\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>
```

LAB PROGRAM 2:

Develop a Java program to create a class Student with members usn, name, an array credits and an array marks. Include methods to accept and display details and a method to calculate SGPA of a student.



```
marks [i] = cc next Int ():
  void grade_points()
       int i;
       for ( i=0; i < n; i++)
           if (marks $ [1] > = 90 88 marks [1] (100)
               marks [i] = 10.
         else if / marks [i] >= 80 gg marks [i] < 90)
                marke til=9
         else if (marks [i] >= 7088 marks[i] (80)
                marks [i]=8;
        cheif (marks [i]) = 60 fg marks [i] (70)
                marks [i] = 7.
        elie if (marks [i]>= 50 gg marks [i] < 60)
                marks [i]=6.
        Useif ( marks [i] >= 40 & marketi] (50)
                marks (i) = 4;
        elseif (marks [i] < 40)
                 marks [i] = O.
void calc-gradesGPA()
     unt i,
     for (i=0; i(n; i++)
         SGPA = SGPA + (credity ti] * markes ti])
         SGPA = SGPA/ tot;
```



```
import java.util.*;
class Student2
{
   String USN;
   String name;
   int credits[];
   int marks[];
   int n,tot;
```

```
double SGPA;
Student2()
{
tot=0;
SGPA=0;
}
void input()
{
Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter the USN and the name of the student");
USN=sc.nextLine();
name=sc.nextLine();
System.out.println("Enter the number of subjects");
n=sc.nextInt();
credits=new int[n];
marks =new int[n];
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
System.out.println("Enter the credits for subject:"+(i+1));
credits[i]=sc.nextInt();
tot=tot+credits[i];
```

```
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
System.out.println("Enter the marks of the student for subject:"+(i+1));
marks[i]=sc.nextInt();
void grade_points()
{
  int i;
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    if(marks[i]>=90 && marks[i]<100)
       marks[i]=10;
    else if(marks[i]>=80 && marks[i]<90)
    {
       marks[i]=9;
    else if(marks[i]>=70 && marks[i]<80)
    {
       marks[i]=8;
```

```
else if(marks[i]>=60 && marks[i]<70)
       marks[i]=7;
    else if(marks[i]>=50 && marks[i]<60)
     {
       marks[i]=6;
    else if(marks[i]>=40 && marks[i]<50)
       marks[i]=4;
    else if(marks[i]<40)
       marks[i]=0;
}
void calc_SGPA()
int i;
for(i=0;i< n;i++)
```

```
SGPA=SGPA+(credits[i]*marks[i]);
 SGPA=SGPA/tot;
}
void display()
{
 System.out.println("The student with USN:"+USN+", Name:"+name+" has
SGPA:"+SGPA);
}
public static void main(String[] args)
{
Student2 obj=new Student2();
obj.input();
obj.grade_points();
obj.calc_SGPA();
obj.display();
```

OUTPUT SCREEN:2

Command Prompt

```
C:\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>java Student2
Enter the USN and the name of the student
18M19CS181
VEDIKA DALMIA
Enter the number of subjects
5
Enter the credits for subject:1
5
Enter the credits for subject:2
4
Enter the credits for subject:3
4
Enter the credits for subject:4
4
Enter the credits for subject:5
3
Enter the marks of the student for subject:1
69
Enter the marks of the student for subject:2
76
Enter the marks of the student for subject:3
80
Enter the marks of the student for subject:5
80
The student with USN:1BM19CS181, Name:VEDIKA DALMIA has SGPA:8.3
C:\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>
```

LAB PROGRAM 3:

Create a class Book which contains four members: name, author, price, num_pages. Include a constructor to set the values for the members. Include methods to set and get the details of the objects. Include a toString() method that could display the complete details of the book. Develop a Java program to create n book objects.

```
Date 6th Nov20
             LAB PROG-3
import java · util *;
class BOOK
    String name, author
    unt num-proger, price;
    Book ()
      price = 0;
   void accept ()
       Scanner SC = new Scanner (System.in).
       System out println ("Enter the name of
                            the book and the author
       name = sc.next Line ()
       author = sc. nextline()
       System out printle 1
                             " Enter the price of the
                              books and the numb
                               er of pages in it"
        price = so next Int ();
        num_page = sc nextIn+().
   Jublic String to String ()
                  Name of the book: " + name +
        return (
                  In Author: " + author + "In Price: +
                   price + "In No of Pages :" + num-pages
   ublic static void main string [7 args
        Scarner sc: new Scarmer ( System:in);
        Book b = new Bok
        System . out brint (" Enter value of n \n");
     int n= sc next Int ()
```

```
Book b = 1 = new Book [n];

for (int i: 0, i < n; i++)

b [i] = new Book ();

b [i] · accept;

System · oul · Brintler ("For Book :"+(i+1))

Rystem · out · printler (b [i]);

}
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class Book
{
private String name,author;
private double price;
private int num_pages;

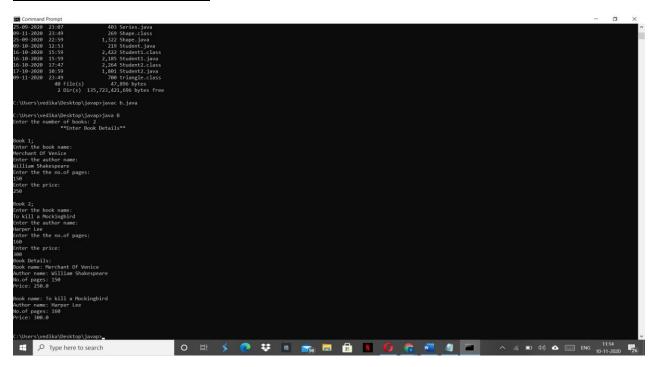
Book()
{
    name="A";
    author="BCD";
```

```
price=340.0;
      num_pages=500;
}
void Input()
{
      Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
      System.out.println("Enter the book name: ");
      name=sc.nextLine();
      System.out.println("Enter the author name: ");
      author=sc.nextLine();
      System.out.println("Enter the no.of pages: ");
      num_pages=sc.nextInt();
      System.out.println("Enter the price: ");
      price=sc.nextDouble();
}
public String toString()
{
      String temp="Book name: "+name+"\nAuthor name: "+author+"\nNo.of
pages: "+num_pages+"\nPrice: "+price+"\n";
      return(temp);
}
```

```
}
class B
{
 public static void main(String args[])
int i,n;
Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print("Enter the number of books: ");
n=sc.nextInt();
Book[] obj=new Book[n];
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
      obj[i]=new Book();
}
System.out.println("\t\t**Enter Book Details**");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
      System.out.println("\nBook"+(i+1)+";");
      obj[i].Input();
}
System.out.println("Book Details:");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
```

```
System.out.println(obj[i]);
}
}
```

OUTPUT SCREEEN:3



LAB PROGRAM 4:

Develop a Java program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains two integers and an empty method named printArea(). Provide three classes named Rectangle, Triangle and Circle such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contain only the method printArea() that prints the area of the given shape.

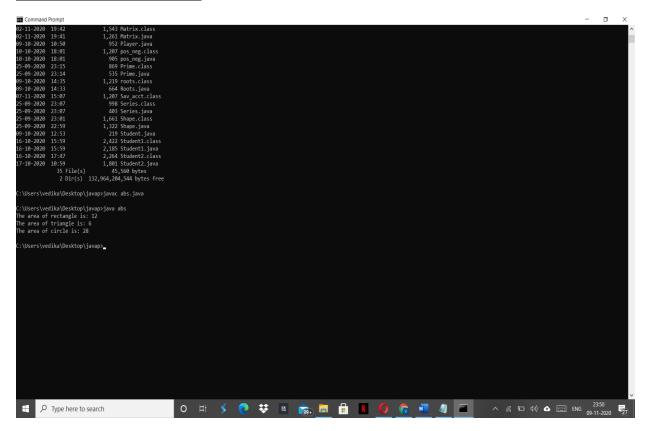
```
Name-Vedika Dalmia; USN-1BM19CS187
 abstract class Shape
   unt a=3;
   unt b: 4;
   abstract public void frint area (),
  class rectangle intends Shape
    public unt area - rut;
     sublic void print- area ()
       area = reel = a * b
       System out println (" Area of Rest: "+ area xd)
dass triangle extends shape
   unt area circle,
   bublic void frint_area ()
      area_circle = (int) (314 * a * a)
       Cystem out printlin ("Area of livele" + area irde)
dass Amershape
  bublic states void main ( String argst )
      rectangle rie = new rectangle ().
      rec. print_ area ().
       triangle tri = new triangle ()
       tri. print- area ();
      circle cir - new circle ().
      cir. print_area ()
```

```
abstract class Shape
{
int a=3;
int b=4;
abstract public void print_area();
}
class rectangle extends Shape
public int area_rect;
public void print_area()
area_rect=a*b;
System.out.println("The area of rectangle is: "+area_rect);
}
class triangle extends Shape
{
int area_tri;
public void print_area()
```

```
{
area_tri=(int) (0.5*a*b);
System.out.println("The area of triangle is: "+area_tri);
class circle extends Shape
int area_circle;
public void print_area()
area_circle=(int) (3.14*a*a);
System.out.println("The area of circle is: "+area_circle);
class abs{
public static void main(String[] args){
rectangle rec = new rectangle();
rec.print_area();
triangle tri = new triangle();
tri.print_area();
circle cir = new circle();
cir.print_area();
```

```
}
```

OUTPUT SCREEN:4



LAB PROGRAM 5:

Develop a Java program to create a class Bank that maintains two kinds of account for its customers, one called savings account and the other current account. The savings account provides compound interest and withdrawal facilities but no cheque book facility. The current account provides cheque book facility but no interest. Current account holders should also maintain a minimum balance and if the balance falls below this level, a service charge is imposed. Create a class Account that stores customer name, account number and type of account. From this derive the classes Curr-acct and Sav-acct to make them more specific to their requirements. Include the necessary methods in order to achieve the following tasks: a) Accept deposit from customer and update the balance. b) Display the balance. c) Compute and deposit interest d) Permit withdrawal and update the balance Check for the minimum balance, impose penalty if necessary and update the balance.

```
Name-Vedike Datam'a, VSN-IBMIG estate

(1) import java utilis;
chas Account

{

private String name;
private & int account num;

private int account type;

double batance;

void input ()

Scanner SC = new Scanner (System.in).

System aut. println ("Enter acct no.");

account num = Sc next ().

System out println ("Account type: Enter:

\text{N 1 . Savings Acct \text{N 2. Current acct \text{N 2. Current acct \text{N 2. Current acct \text{N 3. Savings Acct \te
```

```
class savings extends Account
  Scanner sc = new Clanner ( System.in);
  double amount;
  void get_sav-balance ()
     System out println ("enter amount you win
                        to deposit").
    amount = sc. next Double ()
     balance = balance + amount;
void dieplay _ sav _ balance ()
   System. out. println ("balance = "+ balance)
 void compute -sav_interest ()
   System out frinth [" calculating Comp Interes
   System out println ( "Enter rate").
   float rate = sc. nent Float ().
    System out friently (" Enter lime in years
   I lint time = swnentInt().
   System out brintle ("Enter principle"
    Gloat P = sc next Float ();
    febat C1 = (float) ((P* (Math. pow((1+rate)))
                     (12 * time))
    System out frintly | " CI = " + CI"
   balance = balance + C1;
   System. out printly (" After adding unter
                               balance = U+ balan
 void withdrawl_sav()
   double amounts
    System. out printhy (" Enter amount to be
                             withdrawn").
   amount = sc. next Double ();
   balance = balance - amount.
```

class current extends Account Scanner se: new Scanner (system. au in); double amount; final double min balance = 5000. (void get. cur - balance () System out frintly ("Enter the amount to be I blaced in your averent acct" amount = sc next Double (). balance = balance + amount; void display - cur balance () Cyctem out frintln ("Balance ="+ balance); void compute cur = service - charges () if it I balance (min-balance) Stagner Lover System but frinth ("service tax of Ro 150 shall be charged to your acet" balance = baland - 150. علوه والم المالية معاد elle System. out println /" Min balance is " maintainel"); connect was - new Ken and C were set were bodiesed () of void withramy worl) Cystem out printles ("Enter the amt to be withdrawn" amount = sc-nextDouble(1; balance = balance - Amount :

class Bank public static void main (string args) Scanner se new Canner (System. in int type; System Best print In ("Enter bank detail. Account ace = new Account (). acc input (); type - acc return_acct - type (). if (lyke = = 1) System out println ("Savings Acut" acce get data () savings sav = new savings (). sav. get_sav_balance() sav. display_sav_balance() System out beint (" Calculating (31.18.20.16) interest" sav. compute_sav_interest() San display san balance () sav withdrawl _ sav (); sav. display_sav balance () else if / lype -= 2 System out brintln ("Coverent Account" accl. get data () current our = new current (). cur. get. cur - balance (). cur display ur balancel) cur-compute_cur_service_charges () cur display cur balance () cur withdrawl -cur(); our display - cur balance ().

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class Account
private String name;
private long account_number;
private int account_type;
double balance;
void Input()
Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter Account Holder Name");
name = sc.nextLine();
System.out.println("Enter the account Number");
account_number=sc.nextLong();
System.out.println("Choose the account type:\n1.savings account\n2.current
account");
account_type=sc.nextInt();
}
void get_data(){
System.out.println("Account Holder: "+name);
System.out.println("Account Number: "+account_number);
```

```
int return_account_type()
return account_type;
}
class savings extends Account
{
Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
double amount;
void get_sav_balance()
System.out.println("Enter the Amount to be placed in your Savings Account");
amount=sc.nextDouble();
balance+=amount;
}
void display_sav_blnce()
{
System.out.println("balance= "+balance);
void compute_sav_interest()
{
System.out.println("\n^{***}Calculating\ Compound\ Interest^{***"});
System.out.println("Enter annual interest rate: ");
```

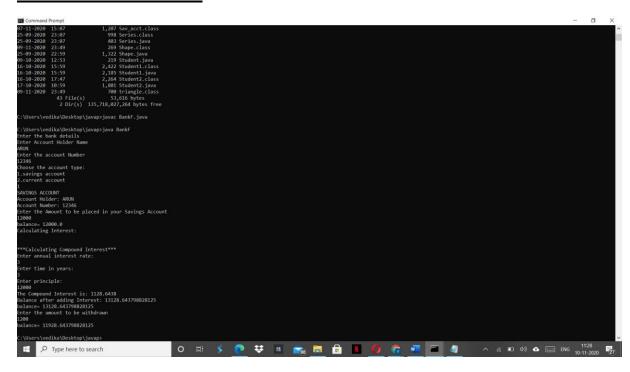
```
float rate = sc.nextFloat();
System.out.println("Enter time in years: ");
float time = sc.nextFloat();
System.out.println("Enter principle: ");
float principle = sc.nextFloat();
float CI = (float)((principle*(Math.pow((1 + rate / (12*100)),(12*time))))
principle);
System.out.println("The Compound Interest is: "+CI);
balance = balance+CI;
System.out.println("Balance after adding Interest: "+balance);
}
void withdrawl_sav()
{
System.out.println("Enter the amount to be withdrawn");
amount = sc.nextDouble();
balance=balance-amount;
}
class current extends Account
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
double amount;
final double min_balance=500;
void get_cur_balance()
```

```
{
System.out.println("Enter the amount to be placed in your current account");
amount=sc.nextDouble();
balance+=amount;
void display_cur_blnce()
System.out.println("Balance = "+balance);
}
void compute_cur_service_charges()
if(balance<min_balance)</pre>
System.out.println("service tax of rs.100 shall be levied");
balance=balance-100;
}
else
System.out.println("Minimum balance is Maintained");
}
void withdrawl_cur()
{
```

```
System.out.println("Enter the amount to be withdrawn");
amount=sc.nextDouble();
balance=balance-amount;
}
class BankF
public static void main(String args[])
{
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
int type;
System.out.println("Enter the bank details");
Account acc=new Account();
acc.Input();
type=acc.return_account_type();
if (type==1)
System.out.println("SAVINGS ACCOUNT");
acc.get_data();
savings sav = new savings();
sav.get_sav_balance();
sav.display_sav_blnce();
System.out.println("Calculating Interest:\n");
```

```
sav.compute_sav_interest();
sav.display_sav_blnce();
sav.withdrawl_sav();
sav.display_sav_blnce();
if(type==2)
System.out.println("CURRENT ACCOUNT");
acc.get_data();
current cur=new current();
cur.get_cur_balance();
cur.display_cur_blnce();
cur.compute_cur_service_charges();
cur.display_cur_blnce();
cur.withdrawl_cur();
cur.display_cur_blnce();
```

OUTPUT SCREEN:5



Lab Program: 6

Create a package CIE which has two classes- Student and Internals. The class Personal has members like usn, name, sem. The class Internals has an array that stores the internal marks scored in five courses of the current semester of the student. Create another package SEE which has the class External which is a derived class of Student. This class has an array that stores the SEE marks scored in five courses of the current semester of the student. Import the two packages in a file that declares the final marks of n students in all five courses. Below is two programs of class Student and class Internals. Both belong to a package named CIE. Class Internals extends from class Student.

```
LAB PROG- 6
 Name-Vedika Dalmia, USN-IBM19CS181
   package CIE.
import joura util Scanner,
public class student
       public string name,
public string VSN,
public unt sem
          ublic void display()
           System out println ("Name ")
            name : conextline ()
           System out println ("USN").
USN = Sc. nextline ().

System out println ("Semester:")
ean = sc. nextlnt()
backage CIE
import java util *; sublic clas (2000 Internals extends Student
       rublic double ciem[]
        public void display()
          ciem = new double [5]
          Scanner se: new Scanner (Systemin)
          lystem. out. println (" CIE marks ")
           or ( i= 0; ix5; i++)
                 ciem [i] = sc nextDouble().
```

```
backage SEE, () mastered 313 mm. [174
  import java util *,
  public class Extends CIE Student
       public double seen []
   public void display ()
           seem = newdouble [5]
           Scanner sc = new Scanner (System in)
          Systemout friedly ("SEE Marke for 5 kub:")
           for ( i=0 ; ix5; i++ )
               seem [i] = se nextDouble ().
DRIVER CLASS
import CIE.*
import SEE +;
import java util-*.
 Bublic ilas Marin
     public static void main (String args [])
          unt n;
          Scanner &c = new Scanner (Cysten in);
          System out println ("Enter number of student"
          n= sunentint();
          CIE. Student St [] = new CIE student [n]
          CIE. Internals in [] = new CIE. Internals [n]:
          SEE. Externals clJ- new SEE. External [n]
          for ( i= 0. i(n; i++)
```

File with name Student.java

```
package CIE;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Student
{
  public String name;
  public String usn;
  public int sem;
  public void display()
  {
    Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Name:");
    name=s.next();
    System.out.println("USN:");
    usn=s.next();
    System.out.println("Semester:");
    sem=s.nextInt();
  }
```

File with name Internals.java

```
package CIE;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Internals extends Student

{
  public double ciem[];
  public void display()
  {
    ciem=new double[5];
    Scanner t=new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("CIE Marks for 5 subjects(out of 50):");
    for(int i=0;i<5;i++)
    ciem[i]=t.nextDouble();
  }
}</pre>
```

File with name Externals.java

```
package SEE;
import CIE.*;
import java.util.*;

public class Externals extends CIE.Student
{
  public double seem[];
  public void display()
  {
    seem=new double[5];
    Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("SEE Marks for 5 subjects(out of 100):");

for(int i=0;i<5;i++)
    seem[i]=s.nextDouble();
  }
}</pre>
```

File with name Main.java

```
import CIE.*;
import SEE.*;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main
public static void main(String args[])
int n;
Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter the number of students:");
n=s.nextInt();
CIE.Student st[]=new CIE.Student[n];
CIE.Internals in[]=new CIE.Internals[n];
SEE.Externals e[]=new SEE.Externals[n];
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
st[i]=new CIE.Student();
in[i]=new CIE.Internals();
e[i]=new SEE.Externals();
st[i].display();
in[i].display();
e[i].display();
System.out.println("Total marks of student"+st[i].name+" in 5
subjects are:");
for(int j=0; j<5; j++)
System.out.println(in[i].ciem[j]+(e[i].seem[j]/2));
```

Command Prompt - java Main

```
C:\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap\PACKAGEPROG>java Main
Enter the number of students:
2
Name:
Vedika
USN:
IBM19CS181
Semester:
3
CIE Marks for 5 subjects(out of 50):
35
36
39
40
38
SEE Marks for 5 subjects(out of 100):
89
78
90
80
97
Total marks of studentVedika in 5 subjects are:
79.5
75.0
84.0
80.0
86.5
Name:
```

Write a program to demonstrate generics with multiple object parameters.

WRITEUP:

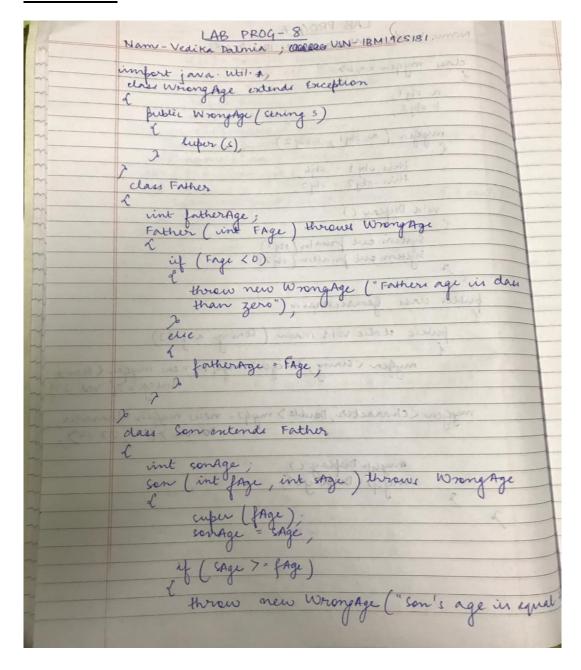
ING PROG-7
Name-Vedika Dalmia, USN-IBM19CS181 Page
class mygen (a, b)
a obj!;
bobj2; (2 pmoss) sphyror W soldy
mygen (a obj1, b obj2)
this obj 1 = obj 2.
this obj $1 = 0$ bj 2 ; this obj $2 = 0$ bj 2 ;
, and the land that I was a land
System out println (obil).
System out println (obj 1); System out println (obj 2);
2
threw new Winnights I rakes new full three
public class Generics Main
public static void main (String args[])
mygen (string, Integer > myg 1: new mygen (etring Integer > ("Ved", 27),
Integer 7/ "Ved", 27)
my Cun (character, Double) my 92 = new my Gen (character,
mygen (character, Double) my 92= new mygen (character, Double) ('V', 27-77);
myg1. Display ();
mygz. Display ();
2
Cupu (Age)
servage = sage

```
class myGen<a,b>{
a obj1;
b obj2;
myGen(a obj1, b obj2){
this.obj1 = obj1;
this.obj2 = obj2;
}
void Display(){
System.out.println(obj1);
System.out.println(obj2);
}
public class Genericsmain{
public static void main(String args[]){
myGen<String,Integer>myG1 = new
myGen<String,Integer>("Vedika",27);
myGen<Character,Double>myG2
                                                               new
myGen<Character,Double>('V',27.77);
myG1.Display();
myG2.Display();
}
```

Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.18363.1316] (c) 2019 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\vedika>cd desktop
C:\Users\vedika\Desktop>cd javap
C:\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>javac Genericsmain.java
C:\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>java Genericsmain Vedika 27 V 27.77
C:\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>_

Write a program that demonstrates handling of exceptions in inheritance tree. Create a base class called "Father" and derived class called "Son" which extends the base class. In Father class, implement a constructor which takes the age and throws the exception WrongAge() when the input age<0. In Son class, implement a constructor that cases both father and son's age and throws an exception if son's age is >=father's age.

WRITEUP



or greater than father's age"). void Display () System out printin ("Father's age :"+ Jather Age); the same thready I this summer public class exp public datic void main (String avige [] summer se new summer (System in). System out println ("Enter fage : se nextlet () System out frinth ("Enter son's Age" O sage = schentintl) try (2 montposition) John Son son = new son [fage, sage con display (). System out printin ("Exception "+ err) never bury : + Sturell Insent? (Street House worm)

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class WrongAge extends Exception
{
public WrongAge(String s)
super(s);
class Father
int fatherAge;
Father(int fAge) throws WrongAge{
if(fAge <=0)
throw new WrongAge("Father's age is less than 0");
}
else
this.fatherAge = fAge;
```

```
class Son extends Father
int sonAge;
Son(int fAge, int sAge) throws WrongAge{
super(fAge);
sonAge=sAge;
if(sAge >= fAge){
throw new WrongAge("Sons's age is equal to or greater than father's
age");
}
void Display(){
System.out.println("Father's age: "+fatherAge);
System.out.println("Son's age: "+sonAge);
class lab8 {
public static void main(String[] args)
int fAge,sAge;
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter father's age: ");
fAge = sc.nextInt();
```

```
System.out.println("Enter sons's age: ");
sAge = sc.nextInt();
try{
Son son = new Son(fAge, sAge);
son.Display();
}catch(WrongAge err)
{
System.out.println("Exception " + err);
}
}
```

```
C:\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>javac lab8.java

C:\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>javac lab8.java

C:\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>javac lab8.java

C:\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>javac lab8.java

C:\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>javac lab8

cinter father's age:

12

father's age: 40

Son's age: 12

C:\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>java lab8

cinter father's age:

8

Exception NrongAge: Father's age is less than 0

C:\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>java lab8

cinter father's age:

12

Exception NrongAge: Father's age is less than 0

C:\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>java lab8

cinter father's age:

12

Exception NrongAge: Sons's age is equal to or greater than father's age

C:\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>
```

Write a program which creates two threads, one thread displaying "BMS College of Engineering" once every ten seconds and another displaying "CSE" once every two seconds.

WRITEUP

Name-Vedika Dalmia, VSN-IBMIACS18 Class Thread1 implements Rimnable Ctring name Thread t; Thread t; Thread t (String threadname) I name - threadname t = new Thread (this, name) t start() p public void run() try t for (int i = 5; i 70; i) Cortch (InterruptedException c) system out println (name, + "Interrupted) try thread sleep (10000)
class Thread 1 implements Runnable C String name Thread t, Thread t (String threadname) { name = threadname (this, name) t = new Thread (this, name) t = start() public void run() try (for (int is 5; 170; 1-) Cystem out println (Thread): "thrown Thread sleep (10000) 2 catch (InterruptedException c)
String name Thread t; Thread 1 (String threadname) (name - threadname) t = new Thread (this, name) t start() p public void num() for (int i : 5; i 70; i) System out println (Thread1: +nam) Thread sleep (10000) 2 catch (InterruptedException c)
String name Thread t; Thread 1 (String threadname) (name - threadname) t = new Thread (this, name) t start() p public void num() for (int i : 5; i 70; i) System out println (Thread1: +nam) Thread sleep (10000) 2 catch (InterruptedException c)
Thread 1 (String threadname) (name - threadname) t = new Thread (this, name); t : start() public void run() try (tor (int is 5, 170; 1) (system out println ("Thread1:" +name) Thread sleep (10000) 2 catch (InterruptedException e)
Thread 1 (String threadname) (name - threadname) t = new Thread (this, name); t : start() public void run() try (tor (int is 5, 170; 1) (system out println ("Thread1:" +name) Thread sleep (10000) 2 catch (InterruptedException e)
name - threadname (t = new Thread (this, name) t start() public void rum() try (for (int ii.5: 170; i-) (system out println ("Thread1: "+name) Thread sleep (10000) 2 catch (interruptedexception e)
name - threadname (t = new Thread (this, name) t start() public void rum() try (for (int ii.5: 170; i-) (system out println ("Thread1: "+name) Thread sleep (10000) 2 catch (interruptedexception e)
try (for (int i.5, 170, 1-) System out printin ("Thread1:" +name) Thread sleep (10000). 2 cotch (InterruptedException e)
try (for (int i.5, 170, 1-) System out printin ("Thread1:" +name) Thread sleep (10000). 2 cotch (InterruptedException e)
try (for (int i.5, 170, 1-) System out printin ("Thread1: "+narry) Thread sleep (10000) 2 catch (InterruptedException e)
try i for (int ii.5; 170; i-) System out printin ("Thread1: "+narry) Thread sleep (10000) 2 catch (InterruptedException c)
try i for (int ii.5; 170; i-) System out printin ("Thread1: "+narry) Thread sleep (10000) 2 catch (InterruptedException c)
for (int is 5; 170; 1-) System out printin ("Thread1: "+name) Thread sleep (10000) 2 catch (Interrupted exception e)
System out printin (Thread : +name) Thread sleep (10000) 2 catch (Interrupted exception e)
System out printin (Thread : +name) Thread sleep (10000) 2 catch (Interrupted exception e)
catch (interrupted exception e)
catch (interrupted exception e)
catch (interrupted exception e)
catch (interrupted exception e)
system out println (name + "Interrupted)
Com desperal (
System out printin (name + " exiting")
26 Charles asharoand white
class Thread 2 implements Rumnable
1
string name;
Thought to
NI. 12 (Chrise II I
Thread 2 (String threadnam)
7
name = threadrame.
t1: new Thread (this, name).
t1. ctart().
2

public void run() try 1 fol (int i=5, 170.1--) System out println ("Thread 2: " + name) Thread Sleep (2000), 2 (atch (Interrupted exception e) system out println (name + "Interrupted") system out println (name + "exiting"). day lab 9 of 1 moss | I sala i age and I day bublic static void main (string args [7) new Thread ("BMS college of Engineering"); new Thread 2 (" LSE"); Thread Sleep (100000). System out print In ("Main Thread in awake") catch (Interrupted Exception a) 2 Cystem out println ("Main thread Interrupted") Eystern out println ("Main Thread Exiting"

```
class Thread1 implements Runnable
{
String name;
Thread t;
Thread1(String threadname)
name=threadname;
t=new Thread(this,name);
t.start();
public void run()
try{
for(int i=5;i>0;i--)
System.out.println("Thread1"+name);
Thread.sleep(10000);
catch(InterruptedException e)
System.out.println(name+"Interrupted");
}
```

```
System.out.println(name+"exiting");
class Thread2 implements Runnable
String name;
Thread t1;
Thread2(String threadname)
name=threadname;
t1=new Thread(this,name);
t1.start();
public void run()
try{
for(int i=5;i>0;i--)
System.out.println("Thread2"+name);\\
Thread.sleep(2000);
catch(InterruptedException e)
```

```
System.out.println(name+"Interrupted");
System.out.println(name+"exiting");
class lab9{
public static void main(String args[])
new Thread1("BMS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING");
new Thread2("CSE");
try{
Thread.sleep(100000);
System.out.println("Main thread is awake");
}
catch(InterruptedException e)
System.out.println("Main thread Interrupted");
}
System.out.println("Main thread exiting");
```

\Users\vedika\Desktop>cd javap	C:\Users\vedika\Desktop>cd javap
:\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>javac lab9.java	C:\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>javaq
:\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>java lab9	C:\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>java Thread1BMS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
nread2CSE	Thread2CSE
	Thread2CSE Thread2CSE
	Thread2CSE Thread2CSE
nread1BMS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING	Thread1BMS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
nread1BMS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING	CSEexiting Thread1BMS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
	Thread1BMS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING Thread1BMS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
	BMS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERINGexiting Main thread is awake
	Main thread exiting
\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>	C:\Users\vedika\Desktop\javap>

Write a program that creates a user interface to perform integer divisions. The user enters two numbers in the text fields, Num1 and Num2. The division of Num1 and Num2 is displayed in the Result field when the Divide button is clicked. If Num1 or Num2 were not an integer, the program would throw a NumberFormatException. If Num2 were Zero, the program would throw an Arithmetic Exception Display the exception in a message dialog box.

WRITEUP

LAB PROG-10 Date Page	
Name-Vidika Dalmin, USN-IBMIACCIEI	
Dent Day of the state of	
import java nut +,	
import java. awt. event. *.	
public class Lablo extends Frame imprements	
ActionListener	
String mag " ";	
Button. Dings had been a series of the serie	
Button. Berey	
Lablo () when a laborative	
,	
Label LI = new Labell ("First Number:	
Label PIGHT);	
t1 = new Textfield (10).	
sie and alie ("Seemed Number, the Argin).	
12 new Textti da (6).	
bln - new Bulton ("Sum bit");	1
1 1 5 1/ 0 A SANTON A 20 4 133 14 10 2 10 1 10 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1
Coo 11. setBackground [color. Blue].	1
L2. setBackground (coloar Blue).	1
0	1
this. Add (4), and passed the will	1
this add (t1); at war sun masses	
12: 141 112)	
this Add (t2);	
this add (btn, Border Layout · (ENTER);	
this setticible (true) to make	
this. set Size (600,30);	
this. settayout (new Flow Layout (Flowlayout.	
this seriagent (see see see see	
(ENTER, 30, 20))	-
btn. addActionlistenes (this);	-
add Window Listener (new MyWindow ()).	-
cetbackground (tolor. Blue).	

@ Ovovide public Insete getIneets () return new Insets (50, 10, 10, 20) public void action Performed (Autronament e) String St1 = t1. get Text () String S12 = t2 get Tent (); double n1, n2. m1= 0.0; n2 = 0 0 if (st. equals ("") 11 st2 equals ("")) mag = "cannot beave Tent elements blank" thus detaps (300, 400). else 100 try of no Double Pavise Double (St1) n2 = Double farse Double (st2); double ree = n1/n2; mig = "Result of Division !" + res catch (Arithmetic Exception el) meg = il to String () Cours distributed and a wind catch (Number format Exaption (2) meg: "Enter only numbers coals";

new Dialog (this, "Result Dialog", fale, mag, ni Public static void main (String [] args) new Lablo() class My Dialog extends Dialog implements Action Listener public MyDialog (Frame owner, String title boolean modal, String mig, double n1, double n2) luper (owner, title, modal). this set visible (true) this settagent (new Flow Layout ()); Label 11 = new label ("Result updates " this add [1]. this add (new Labet (" First number; "+n1) this . add (new Label (" beand number: "+n2) this add (new Label (mig)) Button b = new Betton ("close") this add (6): b. Add ationlistener (this) this addindowlist ener (new window Adufter ()) Sublic void window Closing (Window Event e) dispose (); who will be

```
public void action Performed (Adionlevent e)

d dispose ();

lass Mywindow extends Window-Adapters

fublic void windowlining (window Event e)

lytem exit (0);

b
```

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
public class Lab10 extends Frame implements ActionListener{
TextField t1,t2;
String msg="";
Button btn;
Lab10(){
Label 11 = new Label("First Number: ",Label.RIGHT);
t1 = new TextField(10);
Label 12 = new Label("Second Number: ",Label.RIGHT);
t2 = new TextField(10);
btn = new Button("Submit");
//Label 1 = new Label("Updates:");
11.setBackground(Color.BLUE);
12.setBackground(Color.BLUE);
//this.setResizable(false);
this.add(11);
this.add(t1);
this.add(12);
```

```
this.add(t2);
//the following command will make sure that the input char is not visible to the
user
//(it has been added just to demonstrate). Can be used for passwords.
//t1.setEchoChar('*');
//t2.setEchoChar('#');
this.add(btn,BorderLayout.CENTER);
this.setVisible(true);
this.setSize(600, 300);
this.setLayout(new FlowLayout(FlowLayout.CENTER,20,10));
//t1.addActionListener(this);
btn.addActionListener(this);
addWindowListener(new MyWindow());
setBackground(Color.BLUE);
//System.out.println(BorderLayout.CENTER);
}
@Override
public Insets getInsets() {
return new Insets(50,10,10,20);
}
@Override
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
String st1 = t1.getText();
String st2 = t2.getText();
double n1,n2;
```

```
n1 = 0.0;
n2 = 0.0;
if(st1.equals("")||st2.equals("")) {
msg="You cannot leave the text elements blank";
}else{
try {
n1 = Double.parseDouble(st1);
n2 = Double.parseDouble(st2);
try {
double res = n1/n2;
msg = "Result of division: "+res;
}catch(ArithmeticException e1) {
msg = e1.toString();
}catch(NumberFormatException e2) {
msg = "Enter only numbers and not other things";
new MyDialog(this, "Result Dialog", false, msg, n1, n2);
public static void main(String[] args) {
new Lab10();
}
class MyDialog extends Dialog implements ActionListener{
public MyDialog(Frame owner, String title, boolean modal, String msg, double
n1,
double n2) {
super(owner, title, modal);
this.setVisible(true);
this.setSize(300, 400);
this.setLayout(new FlowLayout());
```

```
//System.out.println(owner);
Label 11 = new Label(" Updates on the result: ");
//11.setSize(300, 20);
this.add(11);
this.add(new Label("First Number: "+n1));
this.add(new Label("Second Number: "+n2));
this.add(new Label(msg));
Button b = new Button("Close");
this.add(b);
b.addActionListener(this);
this.addWindowListener(new WindowAdapter() {
public void windowClosing(WindowEvent e) {
dispose();
}
});
@Override
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
dispose();
}
}
class MyWindow extends WindowAdapter{
public void windowClosing(WindowEvent e) {
System.exit(0);
```

