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<b>Subject</b>	Computer Network Laboratory (BTECCE21506)
<b>Assignment No</b>	Nine

## Assignment Number - 09

**Title :** Socket Programming for TCP Client and TCP Server.

**Problem Statement :** Write a C /C++ / Java / Python socket program for TCP where TCP Client communicate with TCP server.

### Theory :

A **network socket** is an endpoint of an inter-process communication flow across a computer network. Today, most communication between computers is based on the Internet Protocol; therefore most network sockets are **Internet sockets**.

A **socket API** is an application programming interface (API), usually provided by the operating system, that allows application programs to control and use network sockets. Internet socket APIs are usually based on the Berkeley sockets standard.

A **socket address** is the combination of an IP address and a port number, much like one end of a telephone connection is the combination of a phone number and a particular extension. Based on this address, internet sockets deliver incoming data packets to the appropriate application process or thread.

### Procedure in Client-Server Communication

There are some procedures that we have to follow to establish client-server communication. These are as follows.

**Socket:** With the help of a socket, we can create a new communication.

**Bind:** With the help of this we can, we can attach the local address with the socket.

**Listen:** With this help; we can accept the connection.

**Accept:** With this help; we can block the incoming connection until the request arrives.

**Connect:** With this help; we can attempt to establish the connection.

**Send:** With the help of this; we can send the data over the network.

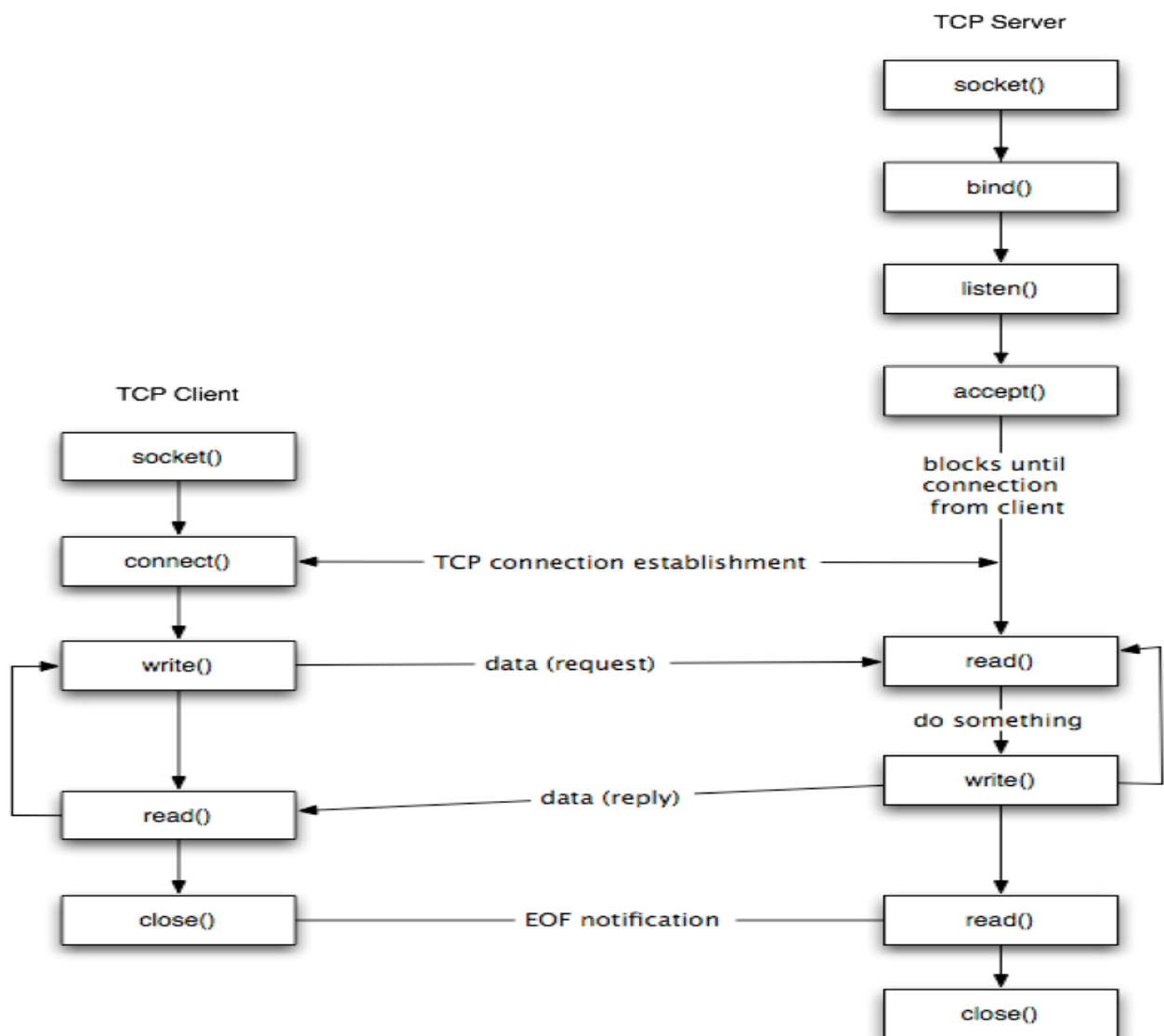
**Receive:** With this help; we can receive the data over the network.

**Close:** With the help of this, we can release the connection from the network.

A connection is a type of relationship between two machines where the two software are known about each other. These two software know how to establish a connection with each other; in other words, we

can say that this two software know how to send the bits over the network. A connection of the socket means the two machines should know all the information between each other, like the phone number, IP address, and the TCP port.

A socket is a type of object which is similar to the file that allows the program to accept the incoming connection and allow them to send or receive the incoming connection. Also, it is a type of resource assigned to the server's process.



**Figure : TCP Client Server Communication**

**Program :**

**//TCP SERVER PROGRAM**

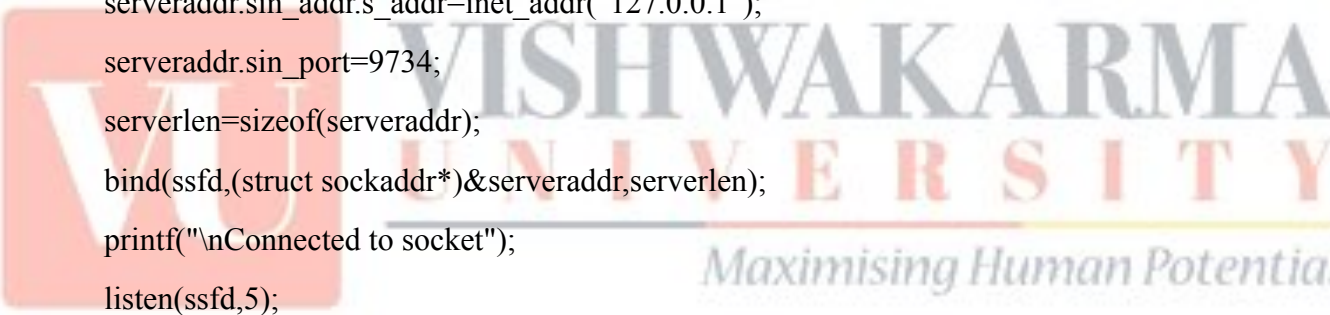
```
#include<unistd.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/socket.h>
#include<netinet/in.h>
#include<arpa/inet.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<pthread.h>
#define MAX 30

int ssfd;
int ccfd,res;
int serverlen,clientlen;
struct sockaddr_in serveraddr;
struct sockaddr_in clientaddr;
char result[MAX];
float addition (float a, float b);
typedef struct message
{
    float input[2];
    float output;
    int ch;
}message;
```



```
void main()
{
    int msgLen;
    char *ch;
    ssfd=socket(AF_INET,SOCK_STREAM,0);
    message *msg;
    message *reply;
    msg=(message*)malloc(sizeof(message));
    reply=(message*)malloc(sizeof(message));

    printf("\nWaiting for connection \n SSFD Value:%d",ssfd);
    msgLen=sizeof(message);
    serveraddr.sin_family=AF_INET;
    serveraddr.sin_addr.s_addr=inet_addr("127.0.0.1");
    serveraddr.sin_port=9734;
    serverlen=sizeof(serveraddr);
    bind(ssfd,(struct sockaddr*)&serveraddr,serverlen);
    printf("\nConnected to socket");
    listen(ssfd,5);
    ccfd=accept(ssfd,(struct sockaddr*)&clientaddr,&clientlen);
    printf("\nConnection accepted successfully \n");
    while(1)
    {
        read(ccfd,reply,msgLen);
        switch(reply->ch)
        {
            case 1:
                printf("First Value is %f \n",reply->input[0]);
                printf("Second Value is %f \n",reply->input[1]);
                printf("Addition is %f",addition((float)reply->input[0], (float)reply->input[1]));
                fflush(stdout);
                reply->output = addition((float)reply->input[0], (float)reply->input[1]) ;
```

A large, semi-transparent watermark is centered on the page. It features the text 'VISHWAKARMA UNIVERSITY' in a bold, serif font, with 'VISHWAKARMA' on the top line and 'UNIVERSITY' on the bottom line. Below the university name is a horizontal line, and underneath that is the tagline 'Maximising Human Potential' in a smaller, italicized serif font. To the left of the text is a red square containing a white stylized 'V'.

```
write(ccfd,reply,msgLen);  
break;  
}
```

```
    }  
}  
  
float addition (float a, float b)  
{  
    float result;  
    result = a + b ;  
    return result;  
}
```

#### //TCPCLIENT PROGRAM

```
#include<unistd.h>  
#include<stdio.h>  
#include<sys/types.h>  
#include<sys/socket.h>  
#include<netinet/in.h>  
  
#include<arpa/inet.h>  
#include<string.h>  
#include<stdlib.h>  
  
#define MAX 30
```

```
typedef struct message  
{  
    float input[2];  
    float output;  
    int ch;  
}message;
```

```
void main()
```

---

```
{  
    int ssfd;  
    int len;  
    int msgLen;  
    struct sockaddr_in address;  
    int result;  
    FILE *fp;  
    char ch='A';  
    message *msg;  
    message *reply;  
    msg=(message*)malloc(sizeof(message));  
    reply=(message*)malloc(sizeof(message));  
    msgLen=sizeof(message);  
    ssfd=socket(AF_INET,SOCK_STREAM,0);  
    address.sin_family=AF_INET;  
    address.sin_addr.s_addr=inet_addr("127.0.0.1");  
    address.sin_port=9734;  
    len=sizeof(address);  
    result=connect(ssfd,(struct sockaddr*)&address,len);  
    if(result==-1){  
        perror("Server not found");  
        printf("\nError Result:%d",result);  
    }  
    printf("\nConnection successful");  
    do{  
        printf("\n\nSELECT Appropriate Option:\n");  
        printf("\n1.\tAddition");  
        printf("\n2.\tDisconnect And Exit");  
        scanf("%d",&msg->ch);  
        printf("Your Choice:%d",msg->ch);  
        switch(msg->ch)  
        {  
            case 1:
```

```
printf("\nEnter any First value:");
scanf("%f",&msg->input[0]);
printf("\nEnter any Second value:");
scanf("%f",&msg->input[1]);
write(ssfd,msg,msgLen);
read(ssfd,reply,msgLen);
printf("Output from server:%f",reply->output);
break;
```

```
default:
printf("Invalid Choice....Select Another");
break;
```

```
}
```

```
}while(msg->ch!=2);
```

```
close(ssfd);
```

```
}
```



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### **TCP SERVER TERMINAL**

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samarth@Ubuntu:~\$ gcc server.c -o server -lpthread

samarth@Ubuntu:~\$ ./server

Waiting for connection

SSFD Value:3

Connected to socket

Connection accepted successfully

First Value is 12.300000

Second Value is 13.200000

Addition is 25.500000

First Value is 12.000000

Second Value is 13.000000

---



Addition is 25.000000

/\*\*\*\*\*

### TCP CLIENT TERMINAL

\*\*\*\*\*/

```
samarthkadam@Samarths-MacBook-Pro C:C++ % gcc tcp.c -o tcp
samarthkadam@Samarths-MacBook-Pro C:C++ % ./tcp
```

Waiting for connection  
SSFD Value: 3

Connected to socket

Connection accepted successfully  
First Value is 14.000000  
Second Value is 36.000000  
Addition is 50.000000

```
samarthkadam@Samarths-MacBook-Pro C:C++ % gcc tcp2.c -o tcp2
samarthkadam@Samarths-MacBook-Pro C:C++ % ./tcp2
```

Connection successful

SELECT Appropriate Option:

1. Addition  
2. Disconnect And Exit  
1  
Your Choice: 1

Enter any First value: 14  
Enter any Second value: 36  
Output from server: 50.000000

SELECT Appropriate Option:

1. Addition  
2. Disconnect And Exit

- samarthkadam@Samarths-MacBook-Pro C:C++ % gcc tcp.c -o tcp
- samarthkadam@Samarths-MacBook-Pro C:C++ % ./tcp

Waiting for connection  
SSFD Value: 3

Connected to socket

Connection accepted successfully  
First Value is 14.000000  
Second Value is 36.000000  
Addition is 50.000000

█

- samarthkadam@Samarths-MacBook-Pro C:C++ % gcc tcp2.c -o tcp2
- samarthkadam@Samarths-MacBook-Pro C:C++ % ./tcp2

Connection successful

SELECT Appropriate Option:

1. Addition
  2. Disconnect And Exit
- 1

Your Choice: 1

Enter any First value: 14  
Enter any Second value: 36  
Output from server: 50.000000

SELECT Appropriate Option:

1. Addition
2. Disconnect And Exit

█

**Conclusion :**

In this assignment, we explored the implementation of TCP socket programming through a client-server model using C. We learned how sockets enable communication between two processes over a network by creating, binding, and listening on a socket for incoming connections. This practical exercise highlighted key functions such as accept, connect, send, and receive for managing data transmission. The program successfully demonstrated a simple client-server interaction where the client sends data for a mathematical operation, and the server processes and returns the result.

This experience provided a foundational understanding of network socket interactions and the client-server communication process over TCP.



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