

EE210: Analog Electronics - Quiz 3

NAME (in capital)

Roll No

Time: 15 minutes

1) : Consider the circuit in Fig. 1. $V_{DC} = 5V$. A three terminal non-linear element has been used, whose terminals are defined in the inset. The element has the following characteristics.

$$I_D = I_S = \alpha V_{GS}^2 \text{ for } V_{GS} \geq 0 \text{ and } V_{DS} \geq 0. \quad I_D = I_S = 0 \text{ otherwise.}$$

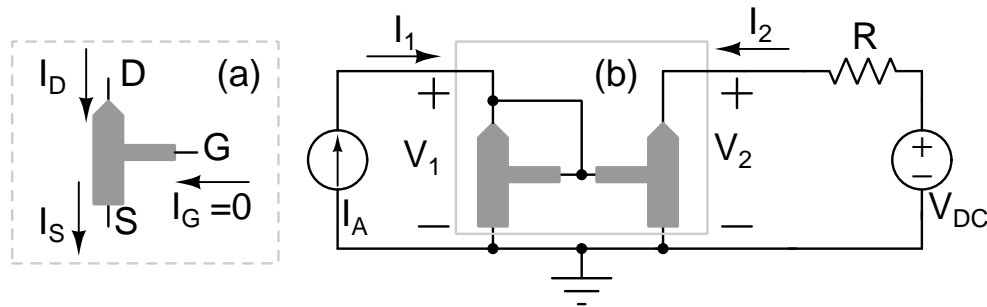


Fig. 1. Problem 1

a) : Assume $I_A = 1mA$, $\alpha = 1mA/V^2$ and $R = 1k\Omega$. Find the small-signal two-port y-parameters of the network within the box (in Fig. 1(b)) and sketch the small-signal two-port network. [6]

$$I_1 = \alpha V_1^2 \Rightarrow V_1 = 1V$$

$$I_2 = \alpha V_2^2 \Rightarrow I_2 = 1mA \quad V_2 = V_{DC} - I_2 R = 4V$$

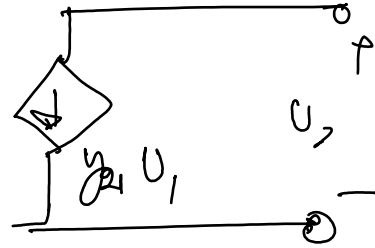
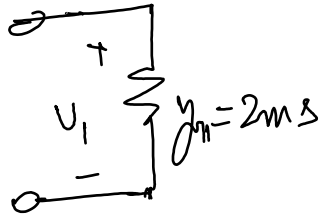
$$\therefore y_{11} = \left. \frac{\partial I_1}{\partial V_1} \right|_{V_1=1V, V_2=4V} = 2\alpha V_1 = 2mS$$

$$y_{12} = \frac{\partial I_1}{\partial V_2} = 0$$

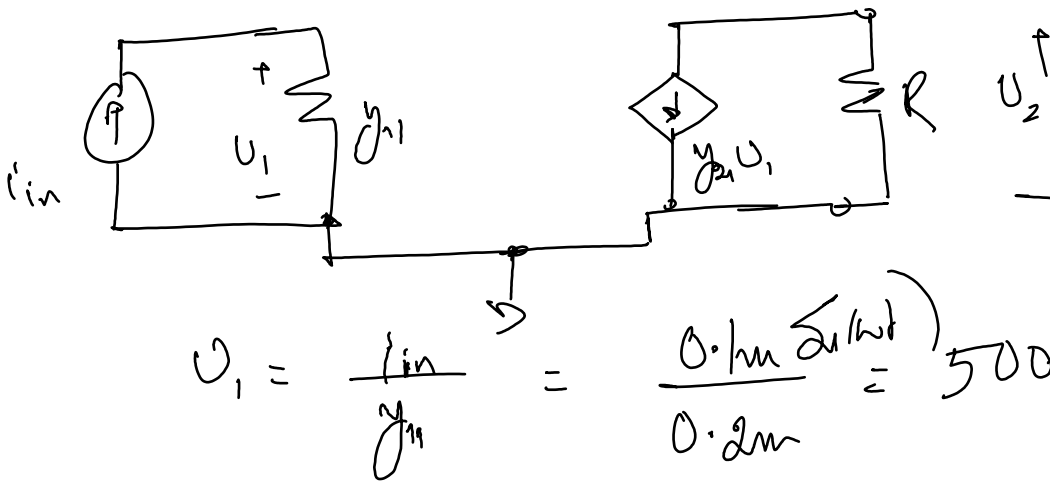
$$y_{21} = \frac{\partial I_2}{\partial V_1} = 2\alpha V_1 = 2mS$$

$$y_{22} = \frac{\partial I_2}{\partial V_2} = 0$$

..contd..



b) : If $I_A = 1 \text{ mA} + 0.1 \text{ mA} \sin(\omega t)$, find the small signal voltage across V_1 and V_2 . [4]



Be mindful of connecting the two ports through the shunt

$$V_1 = \frac{i_{in}}{y_{11}} = \frac{0.1 \text{ mA} \sin(\omega t)}{0.2 \text{ m}} = 500 \text{ mV} \sin(\omega t)$$

$$V_2 = -y_{21} V_1 R = -0.2 \text{ m} \times 0.5 \times 1 \text{ k} \sin(\omega t) = -0.1 \text{ V} \sin(\omega t)$$

Be mindful of the -ve sign in V_2