## Title: program for coding and decoding of linear block codes Experiment No.:10

```
% Given H Matrix
H = [1 1 1 0 1 0 0;
        0 1 1 1 0 1 0;
        1 1 0 1 0 0 1]
k = 4;
n = 7;
% Generating G Matrix
% Taking the H Matrix Transpose
P = H';
% Making a copy of H Transpose Matrix
L = P;
% Taking the last 4 rows of L and storing
L((5:7), :) = [];
% Creating a Identity matrix of size K x K
I = eye(k);
% Making a 4 x 7 Matrix
G = [I L]
% Generate U data vector, denoting all information sequences
no = 2 ^ k
% Iterate through an Unit-Spaced Vector
for i = 1 : 2^k
% Iterate through Vector with Specified Increment
% or in simple words here we are decrementing 4 till we get 1
for j = k : -1 : 1
      if rem(i - 1, 2 ^ (-j + k + 1)) >= 2 ^ (-j + k)
      u(i, j) = 1;
      else
      u(i, j) = 0;
      end
      % To avoid displaying each iteration/loop value
      echo off;
end
end
echo on;
```

```
u
```

```
% Generate CodeWords
c = rem(u * G, 2)
% Find the min distance
w_{min} = min(sum((c(2 : 2^k, :))'))
% Given Received codeword
r = [0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0];
p = [G(:, n - k + 2 : n)];
%Find Syndrome
ht = transpose(H)
s = rem(r * ht, 2)
for i = 1 : 1 : size(ht)
if(ht(i,1:3)==s)
      r(i) = 1-r(i);
      break;
end
end
disp('The Error is in bit:')
disp(i)
disp('The Corrected Codeword is :')
disp(r)
Output:
>> lbc_final
% Given H Matrix
H =
      [1110100;
       0111010;
       1101001]
```

```
H =
```

1 1 1 0 1 0 0

 $0 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 0$ 

1 1 0 1 0 0 1

k = 4;

n = 7;

% Generating G Matrix

% Taking the H Matrix Transpose

P = H';

% Making a copy of H Transpose Matrix

L = P;

% Taking the last 4 rows of L and storing

L((5:7), :) = [];

% Creating a Identity matrix of size K x K

I = eye(k);

% Making a 4 x 7 Matrix

G = [I L]

G=

1 0 0 0 1 0 1

```
0 1 0 0 1 1 1
0 0 1 0 1 1 0
0 0 0 1 1 1
```

% Generate U data vector, denoting all information sequences

no = 2 ^ k

no =

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% Iterate through an Unit-Spaced Vector

for i = 1 : 2^k

% Iterate through Vector with Specified Increment

% or in simple words here we are decrementing 4 till we get 1

for 
$$j = k : -1 : 1$$
  
if  $rem(i - 1, 2 ^ (-j + k + 1)) >= 2 ^ (-j + k)$   
else  
 $u(i, j) = 0;$   
end

% To avoid displaying each iteration/loop value echo off;

u

- 0 0 0 0
- 0 0 0 1
- 0 0 1 0
- 0 0 1 1
- 0 1 0 0
- 0 1 0 1
- 0 1 1 0
- 0 1 1 1
- 1 0 0 0
- 1 0 0 1
- 1 0 1 0
- 1 0 1 1
- 1 1 0 0
- 1 1 0 1
- 1 1 1 0
- 1 1 1 1

## % Generate CodeWords

$$c = rem(u * G, 2)$$

c =

- $0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0$
- $0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 1$
- $0 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 0$
- $0 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 1$
- $0 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 1$

```
0 1 0 1 1 0 0
 1 1 0 0 0 1
0
 1 1 1 0
          1 0
1 0 0 0 1 0 1
1 0 0 1
        1 1 0
 0 1 0 0
1
          1
            1
    1
      1
        0
 1 0 0 0
          1 0
1
 1 0 1 0 0 1
1
   1 0 1 0 0
1 1 1 1 1 1 1
```

% Find the min distance

$$w_{min} = min(sum((c(2 : 2^k, :))'))$$

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% Given Received codeword

$$r = [0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0];$$

r

r =

0 0 0 1 0 0 0

```
p = [G(:, n - k + 2 : n)];
%Find Syndrome
ht = transpose(H)
ht =
  1 0 1
  1 1 1
  1 1 0
  0 1 1
  1 0 0
  0 1 0
  0 0 1
s = rem(r * ht, 2)
s =
  0 1 1
for i = 1 : 1 : size(ht)
Warning: Colon operands must be real scalars. This warning will become an error in a future release.
> In lbc_final (line 66)
if(ht(i,1:3)==s)
```

```
end
end
if(ht(i,1:3)==s)
end
end
if(ht(i,1:3)==s)
end
end
if(ht(i,1:3)==s)
       r(i) = 1-r(i);
       break;
disp('The Error is in bit:')
The Error is in bit:
disp(i)
  4
disp('The Corrected Codeword is:')
The Corrected Codeword is:
disp(r)
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0
```