

```
In [33]: import keras
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten
from keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Conv3D, BatchNormalization
from keras import backend as K
import os
from PIL import Image
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from matplotlib.pyplot import imshow
from random import randrange
```

```
In [2]: enc = OneHotEncoder()
enc.fit([[0], [1]])
def names(number):
    if(number == 0):
        return 'Dog'
    else:
        return 'Cat'
```

C:\Users\Vee\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\preprocessing_encoders.py:415: FutureWarning: The handling of integer data will change in version 0.22. Currently, the categories are determined based on the range [0, max(values)], while in the future they will be determined based on the unique values. If you want the future behaviour and silence this warning, you can specify "categories='auto'". In case you used a LabelEncoder before this OneHotEncoder to convert the categories to integers, then you can now use the OneHotEncoder directly.

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

```
In [3]: data = []
paths = []
ans = []
for r, d, f in os.walk(r"D:\Downloads\train\train\cat"):
    for file in f:
        if '.jpg' in file:
            paths.append(os.path.join(r, file))

for path in paths:
    img = Image.open(path)
    x = img.resize((128,128))
    data.append(np.array(x))
    ans.append(enc.transform([[1]]).toarray())
```

```
In [4]: paths = []
        for r, d, f in os.walk(r"D:\Downloads\train\train\dog"):
            for file in f:
                if '.jpg' in file:
                    paths.append(os.path.join(r, file))

        for path in paths:
            img = Image.open(path)
            x = img.resize((128,128))
            data.append(np.array(x))
            ans.append(enc.transform([[0]]).toarray())
```

```
In [5]: data = np.array(data)
        data.shape
```

```
Out[5]: (25000, 128, 128, 3)
```

```
In [6]: ans = np.array(ans)
        ans = ans.reshape(25000,2)
```

```
In [7]: #splitting data into train and test sets. 3/4 train, 1/4 test.
        x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(data, ans, test_size=0.2, shuff.
```

```
In [8]: model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel_size=(3, 3), input_shape=(128, 128, 3)))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(256, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dropout(0.5))
model.add(Dense(256, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dropout(0.5))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
model.add(Dropout(0.5))
model.add(Dense(2, activation='softmax'))
model.compile(loss='mean_squared_error', optimizer='adam')
print(model.summary())
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\Vee\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\keras\backend\tensorflow_backend.py:4070: The name tf.nn.max_pool is deprecated. Please use tf.nn.max_pool2d instead.

Model: "sequential_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 126, 126, 32)	896
batch_normalization_1 (Batch Normalization)	(None, 126, 126, 32)	128
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 63, 63, 32)	0
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 63, 63, 32)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 61, 61, 32)	9248
batch_normalization_2 (Batch Normalization)	(None, 61, 61, 32)	128
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 30, 30, 32)	0
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 30, 30, 32)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 28800)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 256)	7373056
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 256)	65792
dropout_4 (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0
batch_normalization_3 (Batch Normalization)	(None, 256)	1024
dropout_5 (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0

dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 2)	514
=====		
Total params: 7,450,786		
Trainable params: 7,450,146		
Non-trainable params: 640		
=====		
None		

In [9]: `history = model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=10, batch_size=500, verbose=1, valid`

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\Vee\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\keras\backend\tensorflow_backend.py:422: The name tf.global_variables is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.global_variables instead.

Train on 20000 samples, validate on 5000 samples

Epoch 1/10

20000/20000 [=====] - 13s 667us/step - loss: 0.3030 - val_loss: 0.3650

Epoch 2/10

20000/20000 [=====] - 10s 511us/step - loss: 0.2551 - val_loss: 0.2610

Epoch 3/10

20000/20000 [=====] - 10s 512us/step - loss: 0.2216 - val_loss: 0.2079

Epoch 4/10

20000/20000 [=====] - 10s 523us/step - loss: 0.1971 - val_loss: 0.1987

Epoch 5/10

20000/20000 [=====] - 11s 535us/step - loss: 0.1730 - val_loss: 0.1822

Epoch 6/10

20000/20000 [=====] - 11s 526us/step - loss: 0.1578 - val_loss: 0.1647

Epoch 7/10

20000/20000 [=====] - 10s 522us/step - loss: 0.1428 - val_loss: 0.1625

Epoch 8/10

20000/20000 [=====] - 10s 520us/step - loss: 0.1303 - val_loss: 0.1500

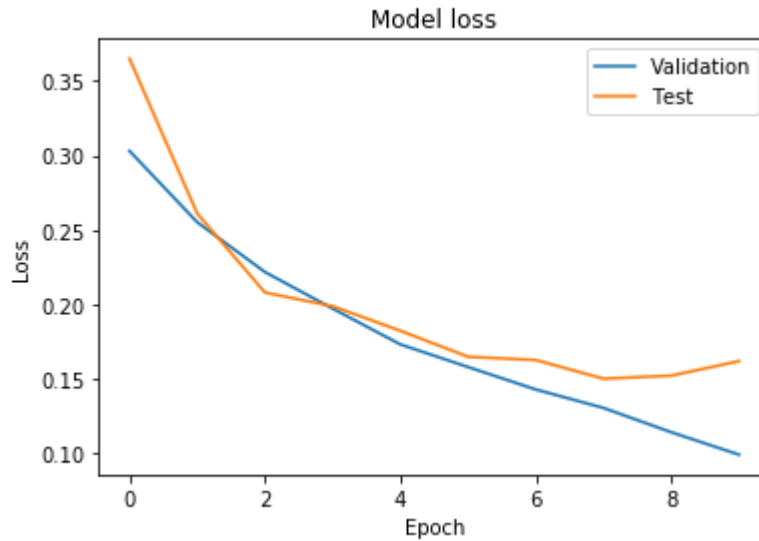
Epoch 9/10

20000/20000 [=====] - 10s 519us/step - loss: 0.1141 - val_loss: 0.1521

Epoch 10/10

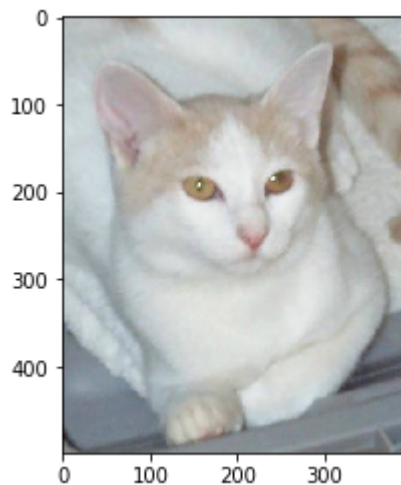
20000/20000 [=====] - 10s 522us/step - loss: 0.0990 - val_loss: 0.1618

```
In [10]: # Plot training & validation loss values
plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('Model loss')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.legend(['Validation', 'Test'], loc='upper right')
plt.show()
```



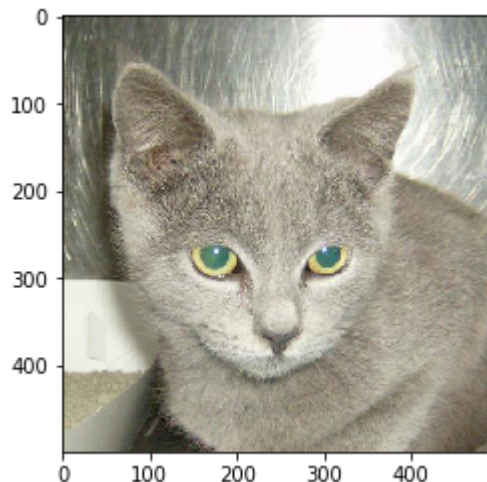
```
In [55]: randy = randrange(12500)
path = os.path.join(r'D:\Downloads\test1\test1', str(randy)+'.jpg')
img = Image.open(path)
x = np.array(img.resize((128,128)))
x = x.reshape(1,128,128,3)
answ = model.predict_on_batch(x)
classification = np.where(answ == np.amax(answ))[1][0]
imshow(img)
print(str(answ[0][classification]*100) + '% Confidence This Is A ' + names(class:
```

99.99980926513672% Confidence This Is A Cat



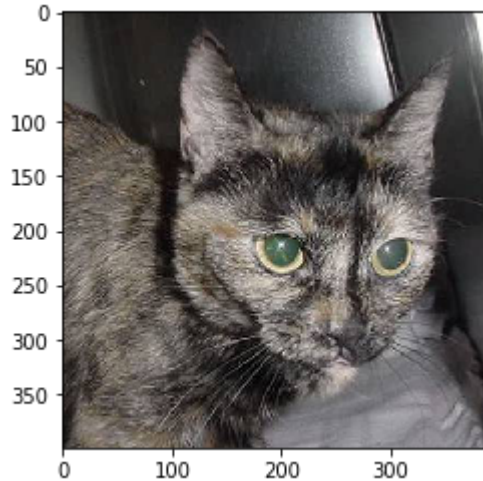
```
In [56]: randy = randrange(12500)
path = os.path.join(r'D:\Downloads\test1\test1', str(randy)+'.jpg')
img = Image.open(path)
x = np.array(img.resize((128,128)))
x = x.reshape(1,128,128,3)
answ = model.predict_on_batch(x)
classification = np.where(answ == np.amax(answ))[1][0]
imshow(img)
print(str(answ[0][classification]*100) + '% Confidence This Is A ' + names(class:
```

99.82241988182068% Confidence This Is A Cat



```
In [57]: randy = randrange(12500)
path = os.path.join(r'D:\Downloads\test1\test1', str(randy)+'.jpg')
img = Image.open(path)
x = np.array(img.resize((128,128)))
x = x.reshape(1,128,128,3)
answ = model.predict_on_batch(x)
classification = np.where(answ == np.amax(answ))[1][0]
imshow(img)
print(str(answ[0][classification]*100) + '% Confidence This Is A ' + names(class:
```

99.31902289390564% Confidence This Is A Cat



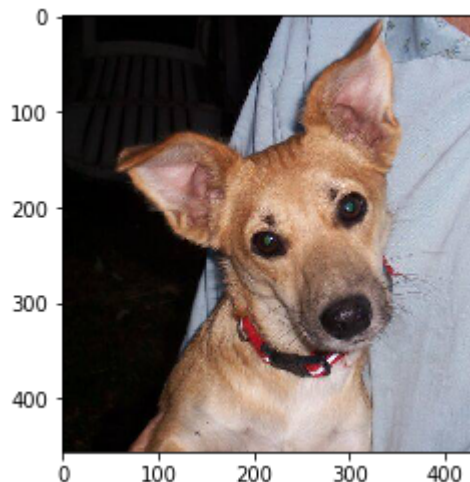
```
In [58]: randy = randrange(12500)
path = os.path.join(r'D:\Downloads\test1\test1', str(randy)+'.jpg')
img = Image.open(path)
x = np.array(img.resize((128,128)))
x = x.reshape(1,128,128,3)
answ = model.predict_on_batch(x)
classification = np.where(answ == np.amax(answ))[1][0]
imshow(img)
print(str(answ[0][classification]*100) + '% Confidence This Is A ' + names(class:
```

97.91345596313477% Confidence This Is A Cat



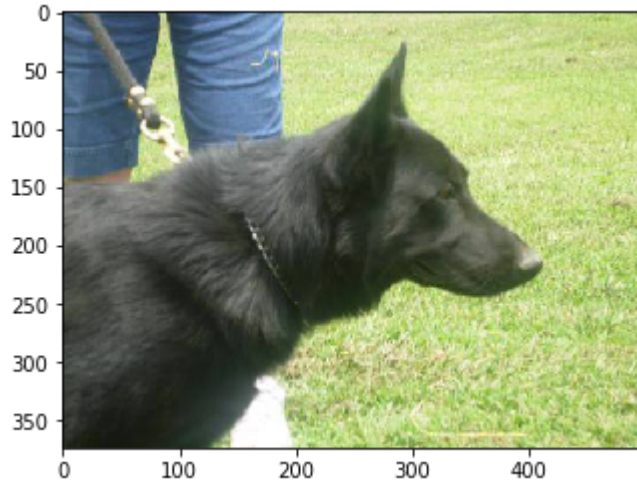
```
In [60]: randy = randrange(12500)
path = os.path.join(r'D:\Downloads\test1\test1', str(randy)+'.jpg')
img = Image.open(path)
x = np.array(img.resize((128,128)))
x = x.reshape(1,128,128,3)
answ = model.predict_on_batch(x)
classification = np.where(answ == np.amax(answ))[1][0]
imshow(img)
print(str(answ[0][classification]*100) + '% Confidence This Is A ' + names(class:
```

79.34935092926025% Confidence This Is A Dog




```
In [61]: randy = randrange(12500)
path = os.path.join(r'D:\Downloads\test1\test1', str(randy)+'.jpg')
img = Image.open(path)
x = np.array(img.resize((128,128)))
x = x.reshape(1,128,128,3)
answ = model.predict_on_batch(x)
classification = np.where(answ == np.amax(answ))[1][0]
imshow(img)
print(str(answ[0][classification]*100) + '% Confidence This Is A ' + names(class:)
```

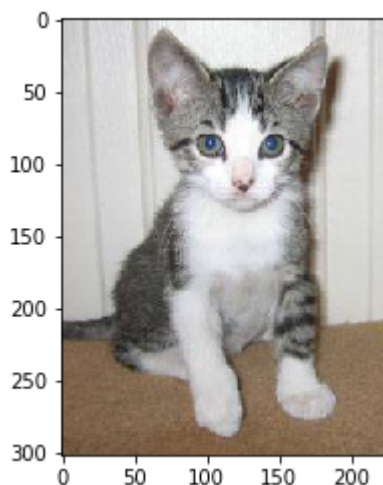
95.79391479492188% Confidence This Is A Dog



```
In [62]: randy = randrange(12500)
path = os.path.join(r'D:\Downloads\test1\test1', str(randy)+'.jpg')
img = Image.open(path)
x = np.array(img.resize((128,128)))
x = x.reshape(1,128,128,3)
answ = model.predict_on_batch(x)
classification = np.where(answ == np.amax(answ))[1][0]
imshow(img)
print(str(answ[0][classification]*100) + '% Confidence This Is A ' + names(class:

```

99.96683597564697% Confidence This Is A Cat



```
In [65]: randy = randrange(12500)
path = os.path.join(r'D:\Downloads\test1\test1', str(randy)+'.jpg')
img = Image.open(path)
x = np.array(img.resize((128,128)))
x = x.reshape(1,128,128,3)
answ = model.predict_on_batch(x)
classification = np.where(answ == np.amax(answ))[1][0]
imshow(img)
print(str(answ[0][classification]*100) + '% Confidence This Is A ' + names(class:

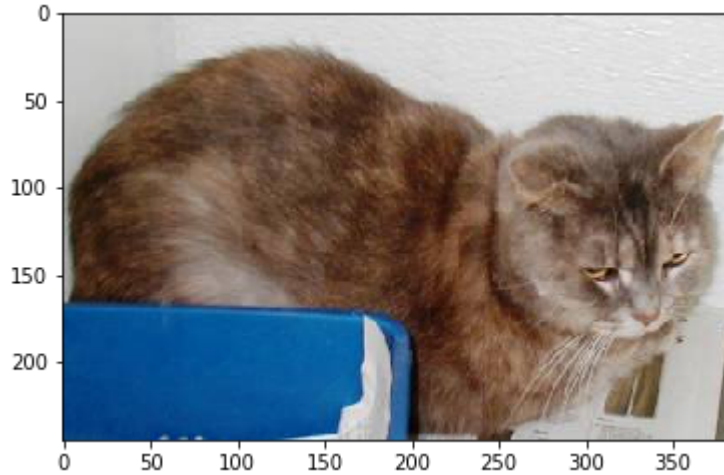
```

73.27191829681396% Confidence This Is A Dog



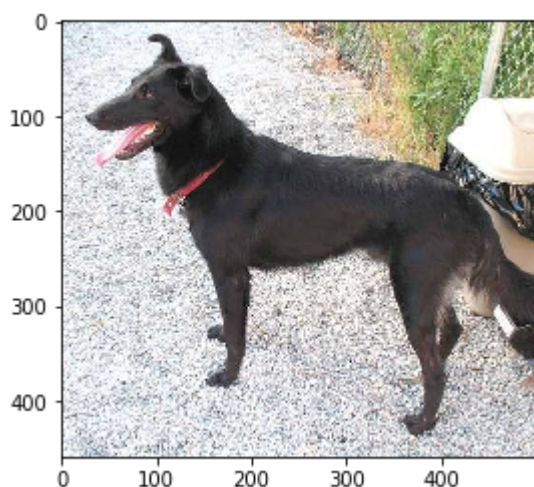
```
In [66]: randy = randrange(12500)
path = os.path.join(r'D:\Downloads\test1\test1', str(randy)+'.jpg')
img = Image.open(path)
x = np.array(img.resize((128,128)))
x = x.reshape(1,128,128,3)
answ = model.predict_on_batch(x)
classification = np.where(answ == np.amax(answ))[1][0]
imshow(img)
print(str(answ[0][classification]*100) + '% Confidence This Is A ' + names(class:)
```

66.52367115020752% Confidence This Is A Cat



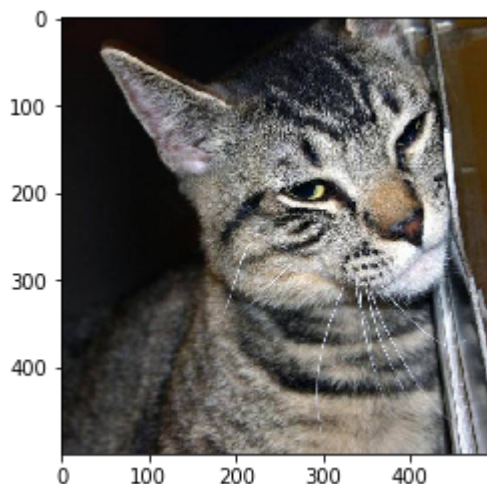
```
In [68]: randy = randrange(12500)
path = os.path.join(r'D:\Downloads\test1\test1', str(randy)+'.jpg')
img = Image.open(path)
x = np.array(img.resize((128,128)))
x = x.reshape(1,128,128,3)
answ = model.predict_on_batch(x)
classification = np.where(answ == np.amax(answ))[1][0]
imshow(img)
print(str(answ[0][classification]*100) + '% Confidence This Is A ' + names(class:
```

99.98359680175781% Confidence This Is A Dog

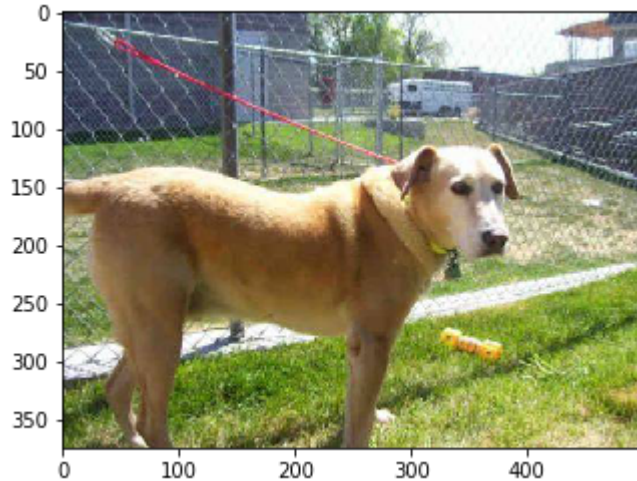


```
In [69]: randy = randrange(12500)
path = os.path.join(r'D:\Downloads\test1\test1', str(randy)+'.jpg')
img = Image.open(path)
x = np.array(img.resize((128,128)))
x = x.reshape(1,128,128,3)
answ = model.predict_on_batch(x)
classification = np.where(answ == np.amax(answ))[1][0]
imshow(img)
print(str(answ[0][classification]*100) + '% Confidence This Is A ' + names(class:
```

99.55670237541199% Confidence This Is A Cat



```
In [71]: randy = randrange(12500)
path = os.path.join(r'D:\Downloads\test1\test1', str(randy)+'.jpg')
img = Image.open(path)
x = np.array(img.resize((128,128)))
x = x.reshape(1,128,128,3)
answ = model.predict_on_batch(x)
classification = np.where(answ == np.amax(answ))[1][0]
imshow(img)
print(str(answ[0][classification]*100) + '% Confidence This Is A ' + names(class:
99.67215657234192% Confidence This Is A Dog
```



In []: